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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,310—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1888.

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THIS LARGE and COMMODIOUS HOTEL commands an unrivalled VIEW of the HARBOUR, and is open to the breeze on all sides. It has excellent accommodation for Families and Bachelors. The Culinary arrangements are in charge of a first-class French Chef.

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VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in *the second saloon*, special attention is called to *the advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	From BOMBAY.
B. L.	SHANNON	4189	800	C. R. Edwards	18th May.
	ASSAM	3033	500	G. W. F. Browne	22nd May
	L. THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	29th "
†	SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weigheli	5th June
P. L.	KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	A. W. Adamson	12th "
†	ASSAM	3033	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th "
B. L.	CLYDE	4124	800	E. M. Edmond	26th "
†	SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weigaell	3rd July.
B. L.	GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	10th "

Tuesday

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

* Passengers by these vessels change at Aden to steamer for Brindisi and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Steamers will be despatched as above on (or about) :—
May 18th, and June 1st, 15th & 29th.
And fortnightly thereafter.
For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 7th May, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 310, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third class respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st June	20th July.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th June	10th August.
D. BALDINO	5,000	800	10th July	1st Sept.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European servants and native ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	on the 2nd June 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 2nd May, 1888.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lemesich	4,600	650	1st June.
BERENICE	E. Perini	3,500	550	7th June.

EXTRA STEAMER TO TRIESTE.

on or about
ELEKTRA ..... P. Mersa ..... 4,200 600 25th May.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th inst., BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
TITANIA	M. Garofolich	4,200	600	14th June. 1888.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

O. von HOFFER.
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 2nd May, 1888.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

PERSIA, sailing 19th May.



THIS STEAMER of 3,317 tons, WILL SAIL punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every comfort for first class passengers.

For rate of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

PASSAGES BOOKED TO LONDON OVERLAND ON SPECIALLY FAVOURABLE TERMS.



THE S.S. "RUFFORD HALL," 4,000 tons, 500 H. P., Captain MOFFAT, WILL SAIL on 23rd May. She has only recently been built, and is fitted with all the modern improvements including the Electric Light throughout Saloon and Cabins, which are all on Deck. Carries Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 16th May, 1888.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.



HIS HIGHNESS THE SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s. s. "MALACCA," 1,120 tons, Captain JORGENSEN, will sail as above, on SATURDAY, the 19th inst.

For freight and passage apply to

VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.,
Agents.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES. Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done

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Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—



FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "COMMILLA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 18th May, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons (on arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "BHUNDARA," 2,889 tons, on FRIDAY, 18th May, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on MONDAY, 11th June, at noon.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about FRIDAY, the 8th June, at noon.

FOR MORMUGAO AND BACK TO BOMBAY, CALLING AT INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

THE S.S. "COCONADA," 862 tons, will leave Bombay for Mormugao every WEDNESDAY at noon, and MORMUGAO every SATURDAY, at 7 p.m., or, on arrival of the passenger train, and the s. s. Bunheer 792 tons, will leave the same port every SATURDAY and TUESDAY, respectively.

BOMBAY to MORMUGAO	First Class	Rs. 15 0
Do.	Second Class	" 7 8
Do.	Deck without diet	" 3 0

Further particulars can be had on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 17th May, 1888. Agents.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited.



PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, returning *via* Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbane, and Port Darwin booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
BANCOORA	1880	On or about 24th May 1888.

For Freights, Passage, or other particulars apply to

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Bombay, 19th March, 1888. Agents.

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Per bottle, Rs. 0-8

Prepared by

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AS domestic safeguards, especially in households beyond the reach of prompt medical aid, the experience of a long series of years has proved the superiority of the following remedies :—

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In all stages of the above diseases it has been found invaluable.

Per bottle Re. 0-12 and Re. 1-4 cash.

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A safe remedy in a highly concentrated and portable form.

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FLUID EXTRACT. Bottles, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 | PRESERVE. Jars, Re. 1-4 cash.

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As prepared by TREACHER and Co. (Limited) according to Dr. Leith's Original Prescriptions. Full Directions in English, Marathi and Guzerati on each bottle.

In bottles with opium. Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4.
" without opium. Re. 1-0 and Re. 1-8.

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SWIFT & FARROW,

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UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

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MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY.
FOR
1888.

Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1888 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the immense progress made by the city in recent years.

The new buildings, which have added in the course of the year just closed over sixteen lakhs to the value of the property on the books of the Municipal Corporation for assessment purposes, are in themselves striking evidence of the continuous growth of Bombay.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide now gives for the first time a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press.

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Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.
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OUR large and varied experience and connection with Manufacturers in this as in other Branches enables us to offer special advantages to our Constituents.

NEW FORM OF MAGIC LANTERN.—Telescopic sliding front, fitted with superior achromatic lenses of photographic combination, with rack work adjustment, 3 wick refulgent lamp, and 4in condenser, with Japanned lantern ..... each Rs. 40

Do. do. mahogany lanterns ..... " 48

PHANTASMAGORIA LANTERN, with pair 3¼in. condensing lenses, polished mahogany body, lined with tin, brass front, with special double combination achromatics, front lenses, rack and pinion adjustment, and fountain solar lamp ..... " 66

Do. do. with 4in. condensing lenses, oxy-calcium spirit lamp, retort, purifier, wedge gas bag, pressure board tubing, one dozen lime cylinders ..... " 120

DISSOLVING VIEW LANTERN.—A pair with 3¼in. compound condenser, cylinders in box, with rack dissolver ..... " 120

DISSOLVING VIEW LANTERN.—A pair with 4in. compound condenser, rack dissolver, oxy-calcium spirit lamps, retort, purifier, wedge gas bag, pressure board tubing, and one dozen lime cylinders. " 200

Magic Lantern, 3in. lens, in box ..... Rs. 18 | Phantasmagoria Lantern, 3in. lens ..... Rs. 34
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Complete spare oxy-calcium apparatus, consisting of lamp retort, purifier, wedge gas bag, pressure board tubing, and one dozen lime cylinders ..... Rs. 73

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Set Astronomical Slides, in box	Rs. 73 0	Comic Slides, 13" & 14"	per doz.	Rs. 17 & Rs.	24 0
Single, do. do.	from Rs. 6 to " 14 0	Nursery Tales	do.	" " 17 & "	29 8
Woodbury Photographic Slides	each " 7 8	Natural History	do.	" " 24 & "	29 0
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WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET CORNER,
BOMBAY.

THE "CROWN"
SILVER KEYLESS WATCH
FOR GENTLEMEN.

THIS WATCH has been specially designed by us to meet the wishes of Customers desiring a good reliable Time-keeper, not easily thrown out of order, moderate in price, and yet ENTIRELY OF ENGLISH MANUFACTURE. THE "CROWN" WATCH fulfils all these requirements, and are recommended as good, sound English work, well able to withstand the exigencies of Indian Wear.

PRICES.—Silver Open Face. ... . Rs. 112 cash.
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Silver Demi-Hunting Case .. .. Rs. 135 cash.

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A good Sterling Silver Keyless Watch, thoroughly Serviceable for every-day wear. Fully guaranteed.

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BOMBAY.

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HOAR AND CO.'S Extra Light. # & HELMETS.

	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Drab Alpine Terai (the latest Shape)	14	0	White Cork Helmets, very Light	10	8
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EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, imported at regular intervals from Cairo direct by P. and O. Mail Steamer.—Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 2-12 per 100.

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COMBINATION TEA	1-6 per lb.
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Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2. Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
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"CRITERION HOTEL"
situated in the prettiest part of Nuwara Eliya Gardens. General aspect unrivalled. Contains every requisite necessary in a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The Hotel is under competent European Management. Terms per week, Rs. 40. Per month, Rs. 150. Other charges very moderate. Please refer to Madras People's Almanac.
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GREAT SUCCESS! GREAT SUCCESS!!
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TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY,
GRAND FASHIONABLE NIGHT.
Under distinguished Patronage.
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SATURDAY, RIP VAN WINKLE.
New dresses and entirely New Scenery painted by Mr. E. J. Ramsay.

PRICES AS USUAL.
Navy, Military, and Volunteers in uniform Half Price to Stalls and Pit only.
Box Office open at Soundy & Co., where Plan can be seen and Seats secured.
Doors open at 8-30 p.m. Overture at 9 p.m.

DESIGNS for a COTTON SPINNING and WEAVING MILL to be ERECTED at Colombo, Ceylon, and tenders for supplying and erecting a complete installation of Machinery for same, are invited by the undersigned, who will supply particulars as to the extent of the Mill, description of yarns and goods to be made, area of land, water-supply, &c.
Communications should be addressed in time to reach us not later than 31st July.

DARLEY, BUTLER & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Ceylon Spinning and Weaving, Co., Ld.
Colombo.

SOLE AGENCY.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, beg to state that our Sole appointed Agent in Bombay is Mr. EDULJEE PESTONJEE, who is proprietor of the Chubb's Box and Lock Mart, 37, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort (a few paces from the *Times of India* Office).

CHUBB & SON,
128, Queen Victoria Street, London.

NOW READY.
BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
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"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOW READY
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 70 and 1878 respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of public cation, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance.... Rs. 10
Single Copy ....Annas 4

NOTICE.

I DO hereby give notice that the SHARE and INTEREST which my late HUSBAND, Mr. EDULJI BURJORJI NICOLSON, had in the firm of EDULJI BURJORJI and COMPANY, Marble Merchants, Marine Street, Bombay, which was carried on by him in partnership with SHA MOTILALL MOOLCHUND, have CEASED from the 18th April, 1888, the date of his death. All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to pay moneys due by them to the surviving partner, the said Sha Motilall Moolchund, who has undertaken to pay moneys to the creditors of the said firm.
I do hereby further notify that in virtue of a document passed by me, under date the 5th May, 1888, the said Sha Motilall Moolchund is entitled from 18th April, 1888, to continue to transact the business under the same name of Eduljee Burjorji and Company, at his own risk and responsibility. But neither I or any other heirs or executors of the said Edulji Burjorji Nicolson, have any claim, interest or concern whatsoever in to or with the assets, profits, or liabilities of the aforesaid old or new firm.
BAE JAIJEE, widow of the late EDULJEE BURJORJI NICOLSON.

WITH REFERENCE to the above NOTICE, I the undersigned SHA MOTILALL MOOLCHUND do hereby give notice that I am prepared TO PAY moneys due by the aforesaid firm of EDULJI BURJORJI and COMPANY, and that all persons who claim moneys from the said firm shall send their claims to me at the office of Edulji Burjorji and Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

મોતીલાલ મુલચંદની સહી.
i.e., MOTILALL MOOLCHAND.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

NOTICE is hereby given that GOPIKOBAI, widow of GUJANAND MOROBA, BINDOO BHUT VINAYEK and BALKRISHNA VITHOBA, have respectively contracted to SELL to LUXMON BHENDEY the properties hereunder respectively firstly, secondly, and thirdly described, and the said Luxmon Bhendey in his turn has contracted to SELL the said 3 lots to ASSUR VEERJEE. FIRSTLY.—All that piece of Freehold Salt Batty ground called Mingootmandlee, situate on the west side of Delisle Road, in the Registration District of Bombay, near the Parel Station of the B. B. & C. I. R. Company, registered under Collector's old No 650, 671, 684, 686, 689, New No 12630 (*a*) and 12663, old survey No none, New Survey No 1-2748, and by the Collector of Assessment under ward No. 1243 (a), containing by admeasurement 16,552½ square yards, and bounded on the east by the property of Rowjee Pandurang, on the south by the property of Ramchandra Dwarkaji, on the west by the property of Luxmon Hurji, and on the north by the public passage known as Dhoorbandh, which said land is now in the occupation of Luxmon Bhendey, as the tenant of the said Gopikobai. SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate lying and being at Delisle Road, in the Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 150 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the property of Raoji Pandurang, on the west partly by the property of Tapidas Veerjdass, and partly by the property of Sorabji Jamsetji, on the north by the public road, and on the south by the property of Gopikobai, and forming part of the property hereinbefore described. THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate, lying and being at Delisle Road in the Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2,099 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the property first described and demised to the said Luxmon Bhendey, on the west by the property of Jairam Lakmidas, on the north by the property of Tapidas Vurjdas, and on the south by the said property firstly described and demised to the said Luxmen Bhendey, and which said land and premises is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 296, New No. 12,310, old survey No. none, New Survey No. 2-2757. All persons having any claim to or upon the said property or any of them or any part thereof by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, lease, gift, lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 23, Rampart Row, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived, and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.—Dated this 17th day of May, 888.

THAKURDAS, DHARAMSI, & CAMA.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

FOR SALE.

THE BOMBAY SAW MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the property of the above Company situated at Tank Bunder, in the Island of Bombay, consisting of about 32,021 square yards of land (of which 17,423 square yards form a Timber Basin) held under lease from Government at an annual rental of Rs. 2,408, together with the Mill Buildings, Workshops, Engine and Boiler Houses and Offices, and dwelling-houses erected thereon; and the extensive plant and machinery, comprising one pair compound beam Engines 125 horse-power nominal, 3 Lancashire Boilers, overhead travelling crane, capable of lifting 5 tons, auxiliary pump, vertical, circular rack and circular and band saws, planing, tongueing, and grooving, mortising, moulding, wood drilling, and iron drilling machines, lathes, saw sharpeners, emery grinder, and many other useful machines.
Sealed tenders are to be addressed to the Liquidators, Bombay Saw Mills Co., Ld., 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, to be made and sent in on or after WEDNESDAY, the 23rd May, instant, down to 3 o'clock p.m. on SATURDAY, the 26th May. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 5,000 in Government Paper or Notes to be returned if offer not accepted. The Liquidators do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.
Further information as to terms of payment, &c., will be given on application by

EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
Secretaries & Treasurers,
3, Tamarind Lane, Bombay, 9th May, 1888.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T·E IN A TRIANGL.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

RECREATION CLUB DANCE, at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Mechanic's Institute, Parel, THIS DAY, at 9 p.m. Admission—One gentleman and ladies, Rs. 3.

PERAMBULATORS—If you want to secure really good and durable articles well worth the money you spend, see those sold by SHROFF BROTHERS.

A YOUNG thoroughbred BULL-DOG, FOR SALE.—Apply to Messrs. CURSETJEE MUNCHERJEE SONS, Apollo Street, No. 16.

OFFICERS' REGULATION WHISTLES.—Silver plated, well finished whistles, with cord, as required by new regulation, Rs. 4-0 each.—BADHAM, PILE & CO., Ld., Bombay.

CUTLER, PALMER'S imports of WHISKY are the largest in India, and yet this is not a tithe of the imports of immature and inferior spirits. See that labels, corks, and capsules bear Cutler, Palmer & Co. Of all dealers.

WANTED, from 1st June, comfortable furnished ROOMS, in or near the Fort, by two Gentlemen.—Address "B. W.," this office.

A RUSSIAN TEACHER, having good testimonials from Military officers, desires to give LESSONS in RUSSIAN, in Bombay or up-country, or to get employment as an Interpreter in Russian, German, and English.—Apply to "L. K.," care of this office.

TO BE LET, in MIDDLE COLABA, a FURNISHED BUNGALOW for six months from 1st June. Rent moderate—Apply to "A. B.," care of Publisher.

FURNISHED HOUSE (Sea View) TO LET, Middle Colaba, for five months, from 1st June. —Apply BEYTS, CRAIG & Co.

VICTORIA HOTEL, 58, James Street Secundrabad. The Hotel in Station. Rooms available—Terms Moderate.

FOR SALE, 5 Platt's CARDING ENGINES. Can be seen at work at the Coorla Mills.

FOR SALE,—A WALER MARE; good trapper, fast mover, free from vice; capital mouth, and good appearance. Price, Rs. 200—a bargain—Apply "H. L. J.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

BAY ARAB HORSE, FOR SALE, well-bred, good action, six years old. For Saddle or Harness. 14-3 hands. Certified to be sound.—Apply to "HIPPO," *Bombay Gazette* office.

AIR-GUNS, complete with Case, Ammunition, Darts, Pinctures and Ramrod, at Rs. 40 L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Perfect Fit GUARANTEED. Coat and Trousers, from Rs. 15. JOHN MAHOMED and Co, 15, Meadow Street.

MUSICAL CHAIRS, Musical DECANTERS, Musical INKSTANDS, Musical ALBUMS and Musical TOYS.—MORENAS & Co., Ice Confectioners.

SUTTONS SEEDS in hermetically sealed boxes, just received. Vegetable, at Rs. 4, 8, and 16 each. Flower, at Rs. 4, 6, and 8 each.—PALEKAR and Co., Esplanade Road, Bombay.

TO BE SOLD, a Light High DOG-CART, in very good condition, a high-caste, fast, and powerful BAY ARAB, charger height, set of English Harness, Saddle, Stable Kit, &c. Price, Rs. 950. Owner going home. —Apply to "X. Y. Z.," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS.—Native Designs—Medals:—Paris 1878, Amsterdam 1883, Calcutta 1884, Antwerp 1885, London 1886.—Address: The CLERK, Wonderland Art Pottery Works, Esplanade, Bombay.

NEW REGISTERED, ALL WHITE, BLUE LINED, WROUGHT IRON ENAMELLED WARE.—Cups and Saucers, Soup and Dinner Plated Meat, Baking, and Curry Dishes, Milk Jugs, Teapots, Tumblers, &c., &c. For illustrated price list, apply to J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO. PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to IMPORTER, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

THE COVENTRY CHAIR, consisting of a Comfortable padded Chair, Seat on easy springs, with tricycle mechanism at the back for driving same; very light and fast, suitable for an Invalid or Native gentleman. Very luxurious and strong. Greatly in vogue at home. Call and inspect.—At MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co., Rampart-Row.

£6,696,000 STG. Assets. The "STANDARD"—New and Reduced Rates for India founded on the latest and most reliable statistics

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S HAIR-CUTTING SALOON.—FRANCIA AND FUCILE Court and Historical Hair-Dressers, Perfumers and Theatrical Wig-makers, Rampart Row, below Bombay Club Fort.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGH MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 2-8; Postage, 4 annas.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the APPOINTMENT of SECOND ASSISTANT AUDITOR. The commencing salary will be Rs. 500 per mensem and the maximum Rs. 650, rising by annual increments of Rs. 25. Applications will be received up to 28th May, 1888, and should be addressed to the AUDITOR, Southern Mahratta Railway, Dharwar. The successful applicant will require to enter on his duties not later than 30th June.
Dharwar, 28th April, 1888.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 1 p.m., on FRIDAY, the 25th day of May, 1888, for works in erecting cast-iron and zinc ventilating shafts in the district of the First portion of the Sewerage Scheme.
2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., on payment of Rs. 5 can be obtained on application to the undersigned, who will give any further information that may be required.
3. Tenders must be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs.1,500 to be paid to the Controller of Municipal Accounts in cash, and to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the Contract.
4. A further Deposit to make the total equivalent to five percent on contract amount after deducting therefrom the value of goods to be suplied by the Commissioner will have to be paid by the Contractor whose Tender is accepted.
5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By order of the Municipal Commissioner,

JAMES. W. SMITH, C.E.,
Acting Executive Engineer.
Bombay Executive Engineer's Office, 14th May, 1888.

BELLARY-KISTNA STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for completion of works on the Bellary Kistna State Railway, viz., in the Nandicanama Division from mile 117¼ to mile 125 and in the Markapur Division from mile 125 to mile 161 under two separate contracts.
The works comprised will be Earthwork, including ordinary earthwork and Rock cutting, Masonry in Bridges and Culverts, Masonry in Stations and Buildings, Platelaying, &c.
Tenders should be sealed with wax and superscribed Tenders for works on Nandicanama or Markapur, Division, Bellary-Kistna State Railway. Tenders should be for all the above descriptions of works to be executed on a contract, and should reach the Engineer-in-Chief's Office before noon on the 25th of May 1888.
Tenders received after that date will be rejected.
On lodging a deposit of Rs. 500 as earnest money, which will be returned if Tender is not accepted, applicants can obtain from Engineer-in-Chief forms of schedules of rates to be filled in and signed by them, also the conditions of contract to be signed by them, and the form of contract which the successful Tenderers will be required to enter into. Plans, sections, and drawings, together with the specifications of works will be open to inspection of Tenderers at the Office of the Engineer-in-Chief at Bellary.
Those whose Tenders are accepted will be required within 10 days of acceptance of the Tender, to make a deposit in cash or Government Securities of 3 per cent. of the total value of the work to be executed by them. A deduction of 10 per cent. will also be made from time to time from payment for works actually executed until the amount of such deductions, plus the original deposit, reaches a total of 6½ per cent. of the value of work to be executed.
In case no Tender for completion of the above work under contract should be made and accepted, petty contractors are also invited to tender on a schedule of rates for each such work. The terms on which such work is to be done and a form of schedule of rates to be filled in and signed by petty Contractors can be obtained from the Engineer-in-Chief on a deposit of Rs. 50 being lodged by each Tenderer as earnest money, which will be returned if terms are not accepted.
The Engineer-in-Chief reserves to himself the right to reject all or any of the Tenders without assigning any reason.
Joint Tenders by two or more persons will not be accepted. Tenders must be made and contracts entered into either in the name of one person or in the name of a firm, but the names of the members of a firm contracting must be furnished to the Engineer-in-Chief.

H. C. D. LATOUCHE,
Engineer-in-Chief,
Bellary-Kistna State Railway.
Engineer-in-Chief's Office, Bellary, 7th May, 1888.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS.

SALE OF 110 DOCRAS DROPPING COTTON.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction in the compound of the Sir Dinshaw Petit Mills at Parel, by order of Sha Madon Bhimjee, and on account and at the risk of Khoja Essabhoy Thavur.
110 docras the T. dropping cotton, weighing about 15 candies.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 18th May, 1888.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE of valuable landed property consisting of a pucka-built upper-storied bungalow and 3 lots of building ground on Falkland Road, near the old Railway Station.
Under instructions from the Mortgagees, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 4 p.m., the undermentioned valuable landed properties, *viz*:—

LOT NO. 1.
All that piece of Foras land or ground, containing by admeasurement 2,346 square yards or thereabouts, together with the *pucka*-built upper-storied bungalow, cookroom and outhouses standing thereon, situate on the east side of Falkland Road, without the Fort of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's old No. 82, new No. 1381, and new survey No. 7010, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward No. 2826, and Street Nos. 1 and 1A, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Mortgagor.

LOT NO. 2.
All that piece of Foras land or ground, containing by admeasurment 1,180 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the said Falkland Road, on the north side of the property described as Lot No. 1.

LOT NO. 3.
All that piece of Foras land or ground, containing by admeasurement 832 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the said Falkland Road, on the north side of the property described as Lot No. 2.

LOT NO. 4.
All that piece of Foras land or ground, containing by admeasurement 379 square yards or thereabouts, together with the stable standing thereon, situate on the Falkland Road, on the north side of the property described as Lot No. 3.
The abovementioned 3 lots of ground are suitable for building bungalows, or chawls, and for further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Tent on the Esplanade, near the Young Men's Christian Association Building, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware crockery and glassware, lamps, carpets, &c., the property of D. MACROPOLO, Esq. The furniture consists of dining, drawingroom, pier, writing, dressing and washhand tables, a set of handsome-cushioned sofas, chairs and easy-chairs, marble-topped table and teapoys, carved chiffoniers, ornament and cabinet stands with mirrors, easy and drawingroom chairs, sideboard, whatnots, meat-safe, double and single cots, chest of drawers, clothes and gown press, almyra, dressing glass, dumbwaiter, cupboard, carpets, bath and dispense furniture, &c.
The property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
On MONDAY next, the 21st inst., at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—
10 bales grey shirtings.
5 do. dhoties.
5 cases prints.
5 do. muslins,
10 bales T red yarn, No, 30.
10 do. do. do. 40.
1 case 100 gross finger rings.
1 do. 50 hand-sewing machines
1 tent.
On account of the concerned.—
J. C. P. and Co. S. 1,432-8-7 packages "Sanitas" disinfecting powder, fluid, in bottles and drums and hard and soft soap.

AT 2 P. M.,
1 handsome new square-shaped landau.
1 light and handsome mail phaeton.
1 strong and light dog-cart.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE OF BENTWOOD FURNITURE.
Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms at 3 p.m., on MONDAY, the 21st inst., a choice selection of Austrian bentwood furniture with indestructible iron screw leg joints (Kohn's patent), at the risk of the consignees, comprising an assortment of chairs, armchairs, folding chairs, with arms, washing stands, sewing and inlaid card tables, sofa, bedsteads, rocking sofas, footstools, &c.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1st CLASS TEAK.
On TUESDAY next, the 22nd inst, at 4 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder at the Jutha of Messrs. Soomar Pallonjee & Co. to close partnership account.
40 tons superior 1st class teak scantlings 3 by 1½; 3 by 2; 5 by 1; 6 by 1; 6 by 1½; 7 by 1½; 8 by 1½.
In lots to suit purchasers.
The timber has been measured and arranged in lots and is on view.

On WEDNESDAY, the 23rd May, at 1 p.m., Messrs. Crawford and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Malabar Hill Road, next to the Government House Gate, the valuable and handsome open carved and plain blackwood and teakwood, inlaid household furniture, best plated ware, crockery and glassware, a sweet toned rosewood semigrand pianoforte by Kaps, a handsome mahogany coloured pony cart, a strong built office shigram, table hanging duplex lamp, handsome table ornaments, China flower vases, Brussels carpet, &c., the property of a gentleman.
Catalogues, will be published, and the property will be on view four days before sale.

On THURSDAY, the 24th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bellasis Road, Byculla, the valuable and handsome French-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany square Pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases, Hink's kerosine oil, table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, superior chromolithographs and oleographs, a collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c, the property of GEORGE GAHAGAN, Esq.
Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE MACHINERY.
On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 1st and 2nd June, at 2 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Machine Depot, at Byculla, Mazagon, and Carnac Bunder, by order of the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Mr. P. D. Framjee, the undermentioned valuable machinery—
Bullock gears for separating machines, corn thrashing machines, 12 and 20-ton screw jacks, centrifugal pumps, safety valves, patent couplings, patent Crengine, cast iron fan (blast), lift force pump, beam-splitting machine, set of bilge pump, special pulsometer, hydraulic and hand pumps, duplex punch, steam valves, planing machine, hydraulic cramp and dog, hydraulic sealing lift, stocks, taps and dice, patent alarm for boilers, ropes, blocks, crab winches, centrifugal portable pumps, leadmelting pan, wrought iron drum, and a 10-ton travelling crane.

IMPORTANT TO PLANTERS.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LAND AT BHILLAR, NEAR PUNCHGUNNY.
Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on SATURDAY, the 9th June, at 4 p.m.—
A large piece of land, situate at Bhillar, near Punchgunny, Zilla Sattara, with a kutcha-built house and several springs of water. The whole contains about 194 acres and 35 goonthas, and is registered under survey Nos. 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 36, 38 and 39. It is walled across to separate it from the villagers land, and the Government due is about Rs. 50 per annum. The land is rich and fertile, and is suitable for cinchona, coffee, tea, potatoes, wheat and sugarcane. It commands a splendid view and is situated near the road leading to Mahableshwur.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 18th May 1888.

MARCKS & Co., Limited.
MANUFACTORY OF JEWELLERY.

EVERY kind of Jewellery manufactured on the Premises at the SHORTEST POSSIBLE NOTICE. Rings set with DIAMONDS, Rubies, Sapphires, Emeralds, Pearls, Turquoises, Corals, &c., ON HAND. The GREATEST VARIETY of GEM RINGS in INDIA.

MARCKS & Co., Limited.
BOMBAY. Opposite Clock-Tower. POONA. Opposite Napier Hotel.

BERIGNY & Co., CALCUTTA.

NO. 1—MAHOGANY ACCIDENT CASE, containing six Tinctures for External Use, in stoppered bottles; Plaster, and a Book of Directions. This case will be found most useful in all cases of Accident, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Scalds, Sprains, Abrasions of the Skin, Blisters from Rowing, Riding, or any violent exercises. Price Rs. 20.
No. 2—TINCTURE CASE, adapted to Dr. Laurie's "Guide for Family Use," as complete as possible, and well suited for beginners in Homœopathic practice. Price Rs. 35.
No. 15—VERTICAL MAHOGANY TINCTURE CASE, adapted to, and containing, Berjean's "Treatment of Syphilis, &c." Price Rs. 50.
No. 16—RIFLE VOLUNTEER'S ACCIDENT CASE, contains three Tinctures for External Treatment, six bottles of Pilules for Internal Use, Plaster and Lint, with a little Chart of Instructions how all are to be used, in a compact and portable form, very little larger than a purse, which can be carried without inconvenience in the breastpocket. Price complete Rs. 10.
No. 17—VETERINARY CHEST, a case of medicines adapted to Harry Gooday's "Text Book of Veterinary Practice" for the treatment of the Horse, Dog, &c., containing a selection of the principal remedies, twenty-four in number, in half ounce bottles. Price Rs. 20.
No. 18—VETERINARY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moores' Veterinary Homœopathy for the treatment of Beasts, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of Tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Guttapercha, and all other requisites—suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115.
The above are only a few among many others always in stock. Medicine chests to suit in taste and requirements of customers made on the shortest notice.
CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

BERIGNY & Co.

HOT WEATHER HOSIERY

SEASON 1888.

WE have OUR NEW SPECIAL PRODUCTIONS now to hand, comprising the following:—

VESTS.

	Rs.	a.	
India Gauze	15	0	per ½ doz.
Gauze Merino.....................from	24	0	„
Summer Merino....................... „	27	0	„
Anglo-India Gauze, Silk and Wool (Luxurious Wear)..............from	39	0	„
Pure Llama Wool, strongly recommended, and very cool.........from	45	0	„
Lace Balbriggan...................... „	24	0	„

PANTS AND DRAWERS.

	Rs.	a.	
India Gauze Pants...................from	16	8	„
Gauze Merino, spliced seats......from	36	0	„
Summer Merino spliced seats....from	39	0	per ½ doz.
Gauze Merino Trunk Drawers, double seats...............................from	42	0	„
Anglo-India Gauze (Silk and Wool), from	42	0	„
Pure Llama Wool .... „	48	0	„
Brown Dressed Cotton Pants, spliced seats..................................from	27	0	„

Also a splendid selection of Balbriggan and Merino, ½ Hose in the most fashionable and approved designs, specially made and adapted for the Indian climate, from Rs. 18 per dozen.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD,

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

THORPE & CO.,

SHIRT-MAKERS, MILITARY TAILORS, AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

SHIRTS.
London Cloth; for wearing under Uniform.
Six for Rs. 20.

SHIRTS.
Pure Linen Fronts and Cuffs.
Six for Rs. 25.

SHIRTS.
Collars attached, Pure Linen Fronts, Cuffs and Collars.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
The best Oxford Cloth, with Collars attached.
Six for Rs. 30.

SHIRTS.
French Cambric, newest Paris designs.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
White Saxony Flannel, For Cricketing or Lawn Tennis; also in Colours.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Silk and Wool, Delightfully cool, in White and Fancy Patterns.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Spun Silk, Cream, Colored Stripes and Checks, newest Patterns.
Each, Rs. 12-8.

CEYLON FLANNEL SHIRTS.
Shrinkless, Rs. 7-8 each.
Made to Measure, or ready for immediate use.

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

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JOONAS TYEB & CO.,

CIVIL AND MILITARY TAILORS; SHIRT, HABIT, AND PROFESSIONAL TROWSER MAKERS; ARMY, VOLUNTEERS, AND POLICE CONTRACTORS.

WE are now showing the largest new Stock in Bombay of Tweeds Angolas, Coatings, Flannels, Bedford Cords, Corduroys, Oxford Shirtings, Over-coatings, and Cotton Suitings, suitable for all climes. An early inspection is invited.
Suits made in six hours' notice. A good fit combined with first-class Material and excellent Workmanship can always be obtained.
We also have received a large new Stock of Hats, Neckties, Scarves, Braces of different Makers, Air-tight Uniform Cases, Hat Boxes, Trunks, Portmanteaus, Gladstone Bags, Rizzais, Blankets, Pillows, Rugs, Chairs, and all Travelling Requisites.
A large Stock of Army Cloth in Blue and Grey.
Laces, Badges, and Trimmings for all branches of the Military Service in stock. Military Uniforms, made to order to the latest Regulations.
For the cold weather, Cardigan Jackets, Woollen Banians, Lambs Wool Socks, and Knickerbocker Hose, Undershirts, and Drawers.

JOONAS TYEB & CO.,

11, HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

THROUGH THE FAILURE OF A LARGE

WEST-END HOUSE.

MARCKS AND COMPANY LIMITED

HAVE RECEIVED FROM THEIR HOME AGENT
A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

GEM JEWELLERY.

CONSISTING OF

DIAMOND BROOCHES	LOCKETS SET DIAMONDS
DIAMOND AND PEARL BROOCHES	DO. DO. RUBIES
PEARL AND RUBY DEMI-SUITS	DO. DO. PEARLS
DO. AND SAPPHIRE PENDANTS	EARRINGS SET EMERALDS, PEARLS,

A few Handsome 18-carat Guard Chains, Albert and Victoria. Also Neck Chains in great variety Scarf Pins, convertible to Solitaire, Studs of Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Sapphires, Corals, Turquoises Lapislazuli, &c., &c., &c., in a hundred fanciful designs.
Diamond Cluster Earrings and other articles of jewellery too numerous to particularize in detail.

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UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED

BOMBAY. 43, Esplanade Road, Opposit Clock Tower.
POONA. 1 East Street, Opposite Napier Hotel.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES AND CURIOSITIES.

A SELECT LOT of IVORY NISHKIS just to hand, beautifully and quaintly carved.
Also a large and splendid selection of Japanese and Chinese Artistic ware always on hand for inspection at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES to make room for fresh goods.
Just unpacked Fresh Dry Ginger in Crystallized Sugar in two lb. tins, very nice and palatable.

EBRAHIM ADAMALLY,

CHINA BAZAAR, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL...£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND............................ £800,000
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.
Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, (Ld)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank allows interest on Fixed Deposits for 12 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods can be ascertained on application.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon and Mandalay. It also grants Drafts on London and its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Limited.

PAID-UP CAPITAL...... £ 548,900.
REST...... .... „ 132,412.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—
FIXED, for 12 months ....5 per cent. per annum.
„ „ 6 „ ....4 per cent. „
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation are purchased for cash on terms to be learned on application.

A. F. SIMPSON, Manager,
Bombay Branch.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.
For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
„ 6 „ 4 „ „
„ 12 „ 5 „ „
GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received

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OLD GARMENTS MADE LIKE NEW.
ECONOMY IN DRESSING.
BY USING THE DIAMOND DYES.

It is really for most colours no more trouble to dye any article a perfect colour than to rinse and starch such an article.
SO SIMPLE A CHILD COULD USE THEM.
Black, Brown, Blue, Scarlet, Crimson, Cardinal Red, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Olive Green, Maroon, Magenta and twenty other fashionable colours can be obtained equal to the work of the most skilful dyer. All colours warranted fast and durable.
A WOMAN'S DRESS can be DYED for 6d., And a CHILD'S for 3d.
A Sample Card shewing thirty-six leading colours in cotton and wool goods dyed with the DIAMOND DYES, and a book giving full instructions, can be obtained of your chemist, free of charge. Each packet will colour from one to 6 lbs.
Save Money and Time By Dyeing your Garments at Home.
Full directions given for colouring cotton, wool, and silk goods. For sale by chemists. Large size packet 6d. WELLS & RICHARDSON COMPANY, Ld., Whole sale Depot, 1 & 2, AUSTRALIAN AVENUE, LONODON E.C. Wholesale Agents: TREACHER & Co. Ld., BOMBAY, POONA, and BYCULLA.

IN USE 100 YEARS.
SKIN DISEASES.

Are of two kinds: firstly, those which are only skin deep (which are not now to be considered); secondly, those which are caused by a bad state of the blood, and which attack various parts of the body in different ways. Skin diseases shows itself in the HEAD, sometimes in the form of Dandruff which no amount of brushing and combing will get rid of, and sometimes in the form of Scaly Eruptions. In the NECK, by an enlargement of the glands (commonly called Glandular Swellings), which if unchecked become very unsightly wounds. In the ARMPITS, and the inside of the ELBOWS, by an inflamed Roughness of the Skin, which is very painful when washed. In the HANDS, by deep Cracks or Fissures which, if healed for a few days, speedily open again, or by horny-looking patches. In the LEGS, by Hard, Shiny and Inflamed Swellings, or by wounds more or less deep. And on the BODY, in Red Scaly Patches, which as often as rubbed off, form again or in the discharge of a thin, watery fluid of a very disagreeable nature. In all these cases the treatment must be twofold. An Ointment is required to relieve Itching, and Medicine must be taken to change the state of the Blood, and render it pure.
Both these requirements are supplied by
Dr. Roberts' Celebrated Medicines,
The OINTMENT called
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"
And the
ALTERATIVE PILLS,
Called "PILULÆ ANTISCROFULÆ,"
these Two Medicines have now stood the test of 100 years trial, having been introduced to the public in the latter part of the last century.
They may be obtained of all Chemists, or of the Proprietors
BEACH & BARNICOTT, BRIDPORT, DORSET.
Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each. *Postage extra*

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNES CHLORODYNE.
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.
From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from afirm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists
CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitation.
Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT.
Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London.

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, Yacht Club, Gloster Regt., 5-45 p.m.
Recreation Club Dance, B. B. and C. I. Railway Mechanics' Institute, 9 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, Stanley's Company, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Westbourne (s), from Batoum ; and Bushire (s), Marmagao.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Ross-shire (s), for Batavia ; and Thibet (s), Singapore.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Akbar entered, and the s.s. Shannon and Thibet left, the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Accomac, Salerno and Westbourne entered the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Singapur, and Hongkong per s.s. Venetia, will be closed at the General Post Office, Bombay, to-morrow at 2 p.m.

A VAGRANT.—Thomas Clarke, a European, was yesterday declared a vagrant by Mr. P. Ryan, and ordered to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

REPORTED THEFT.—Kudruthoola Inayatoola, living in Bhendy Bazaar Road, reported to the police the theft of a watch and chain and cash, of the total value of Rs. 68, on Tuesday last.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.—Byramjee Jamsetjee, living in Nagdavie Street, reported to the police having dropped from his pocket a currency note for Rs. 100 (Madras Circle), somewhere about Abdool Rahimon Street, on Wednesday last.

MR. N. B. JOGLEKER.—The *Poona Observer* says : This gentleman, who has occupied the post of Honorary Magistrate at Poona for some time, has taken ten days' leave, and proceeded to Indore. The rumour is that he has been offered, and accepted, the post of Dewan in succession to Mr. Ragoonath Rao.

THE EFFECTS OF DRINK.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday, at Upper Mahim, touching the death of Antone Constancio Pereira, a toddy-drawer, aged 40 years. Deceased was an habitual drunkard, and on Wednesday had drunk to such an extent that he died from its effects. The verdict was that death was the result of excessive drinking.

MEDICAL.—Dr. P. Lisboa, L.M. & S., has just returned to Bombay after three years' absence in Europe and America. When in England Dr. Lisboa obtained the Membership of the Royal College of Surgeons (England) and the diploma of Licentiate of Midwifery at the Rotunda Hospital (Dublin), besides holding the gynecological certificate of the same. He also attended courses in diseases of the ear, throat, pathology and obstetrics at Paris, Vienna, and Berlin.

FATAL FALL DOWN A STAIRCASE.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, touching the death of a Mahomedan child, aged 11 months, named Ebrahim Dawoodbhoy, the son of a dealer in hardware, living in Doctor Street. At about noon, on Tuesday, the child was left playing in the passage on the first floor of the house where he lived, when he crawled unobserved up to the staircase and fell down on to the stone pavement, fracturing his skull. Deceased was picked up in an unconscious state and removed to the hospital, where he soon after died. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 15th May, 1888, was 463, being 15 less than the preceding week and 49 more than the week ending the 10th May, 1887, and 19 more than the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 296 births were reported in the different districts. There were 7 deaths from cholera, being 2 more than last week. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population was 26·23. There were 92 deaths from remittent fever, being 5 less than the last week and 1 less than the corresponding week of last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa and dysentery were 77, 25 and 14 last week, against 67, 19 and 5, respectively, in the corresponding week of last year.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The band of the 2nd Gloucester Regiment, under the conductorship of Herr C. Barthmann, will perform the following programme at the Yacht Club, at 5-45 this evening :—

Lancers	Trial by Jury	D'Albert.
Overture	Tancredi	Rossini.
Valse	Tendresse	Waldteufel.
Selection	Les Cloches de Corneville	Planquette.
Selection	Patience	Sullivan.
Polka	Two Postillions	Wieland.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A ROW IN A LIQUOR SHOP.

AT the Fort Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Herbert Batty, Charles Walker and William Johns, firemen, were charged by Superintendent Guider with voluntarily causing grievous hurt to Pestonjee Byramjee, and abetting each other in the commission of the offence. The complainant, who has been seriously injured, is, and will likely be, detained in hospital about a fortnight. His servant, Dagdoo, described to the Magistrate the circumstances connected with the row, which resulted in the injuries to the complainant, who kept a shop in Lohar Chawl. About 10 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, the two accused went to the shop with two other persons and sat down without taking anything. Shortly after two more Europeans, with a bottle of rum which they had purchased shortly before, entered the shop. They were then about to leave the shop, but were stopped by the two accused, who snatched the bottle from them and commenced to strike them. One of the latter left and returned with five or six companions. When they came they asked the complainant where the bottle they had paid for was. Complainant told them he did not know, upon which the two accused got angry with him, and they and two of their companions caught hold of complainant. The first accused struck him with his fist on the mouth and knocked one of his teeth out. Several persons came in and rescued the complainant. The accused and their companions were turned out of the shop, and the shop door was closed. They then threw stones on the door shutters and opened the door, and dragged complainant out of the shop. The second accused knocked him down, and the first hit him with a piece of stone and also with a shoe. The first accused also struck a Purdesee who was passing by with a boot. The complainant was hurt on the head and bled profusely, and his clothes were saturated with blood. Constable Lane, on receiving a report of the disturbance, went to the spot and saw the Purdesee bleeding and lying on the ground. He then proceeded in a carriage with the complainant to the Prince's Dock, and took the accused into custody as they were about to enter the Dock. The second accused had a bottle of rum, and the first accused a bottle of lemonade with him. The case was adjourned for further enquiry.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

PROPOSED ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN IN BOMBAY.

THE *Kaiser-i-Hind* says :—It has been proposed to establish under the auspices of the Natural History Society a zoological garden in Bombay, and we wish every success to their enterprise. We have not the least doubt that both the Government and the Municipality will lend a helping hand to the Society. Government cannot utilize the site near Chowpatti for a better purpose than the establishment of a zoological garden in Bombay.

PROPOSED WIDENING OF CHURCH GATE STREET.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* is not in favour of widening Church Gate Street in preference to other streets in Bombay, where the passengers and vehicular traffic is greater. Church Gate Street is wide enough for its present requirements. If the street is to be widened at all, it might be taken in hand after the several other crowded streets in Bombay were properly dealt with by the Municipality.

ALLEGED LEAKAGE IN THE MALABAR HILL RESERVOIR.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* sincerely regrets that the Town Council instead of appointing an independent committee of expert's appointed one of their own body. The explanation given by the Acting Municipal Commissioner has, instead of allaying the anxiety of the public mind, led them to believe that there is something wrong with the reservoir.

The *Gujrati* is inclined to believe that the water seen flowing by the side of the Chowpatti hill is due to some leakage in the reservoir rather than to any perennial springs in the hill.

INVESTITURE OF SIR SYED AHMED KHAN.

A DURBAR was held on Monday, in the great hall of the Aligarh Institute, by Mr. Kennedy, Collector of the District, for the purpose of investing Sir Syed Ahmed with the insignia of Knighthood in the Order of the Star of India. While all present stood up and the guard-of-honour, furnished by the district police, presented arms, the Collector placed the ribbon and badge of Knighthood round Sir Syed's neck, and affixed the Star to his left breast " in the name of her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria." He then addressed the assemblage as follows :—

Although it is not the custom to make speeches at ceremonial durbars, I cannot refrain on the present occasion from giving expression to the general feeling of satisfaction and pride with which we have beheld the honourable title of K. C. S. I. bestowed on our fellow-townsman Sir Syed Ahmed. Although he was not born at Aligarh, Sir Syed has been connected with the district for nearly thirty years. He chose it for his home when he retired from the public service, and he has erected here the college which has made Aligarh famous throughout India, and will hand down Sir Syed's name to posterity. To him the younger generation look up as their father ; the elder as their chief ; and all—Europeans and natives—have learnt much from his large wisdom and enlightened patriotism. Sir Syed Ahmed has served Government in many departments, from the Judicial Bench to the Legislative Council ; he has thought much, written much, and his eloquence and fire have gained him a name in literature. From his youth he has displayed two qualities—a love of science and a patriotic love of his people—qualities rare in themselves and seldom combined ; and throughout his career he has set himself the task how to assimilate Western ideas without destroying what was good and essential in the civilisation of his own people. He has attempted to do this in many ways—by books and by speeches, in the study and in the Legislative Council, but most of all by founding the two institutions which we possess in Aligarh, the M. A. O. College and the Aligarh Institute. To the Liberals he has appeared a Conservative, because he was not a thorough-going imitator of Western ways, and the Conservatives have shaken their heads because they could not see how he could find anything good outside his country. But he has continued undeterred by the one party or the other, knowing that if his people refused to take the good that was offered them others would take it from them ; knowing also that a blind imitation of foreign ways must lead to fatal anarchy, and be fatal to whatever was most loved and reverenced by his people and himself. Sir Syed Ahmed has tried to inspire others with his sympathies; he has contributed more than most men to produce a right understanding between Englishmen and natives, and he has won triumph both in politics and in education. We, in Aligarh, boast that we are more advanced than the other cities of the North-West Provinces, because we have him living among us and have more thoroughly entered into his spirit and his ways. A certain writer once said of another that to know him was in itself a liberal education. We may also say that to have known Sir Syed Ahmed has been a liberal education to Aligarh. In him you have an example of large sympathies, wise counsel, great experience, zeal, energy,perseverance and patriotism; you have also an example of a man who has never sought anything for himself but everything for his country, whom therefore, his Queen and his countrymen delight to honour, and to whom we look up with affectionate respect.

CHINESE LABOUR IN AUSTRALIA.

THE Australian Mail papers just in contain a great deal on the subject of Chinese immigration. An important statement regarding the question was made by the Premier of New South Wales, Sir Henry Parkes, in the Legislative Assembly on April 5. After briefly reviewing the circumstances preceding the agitation which arose out of the influx of Chinese to the Nothern Territory, Sir Henry Parkes stated that he came to the conclusion that it might be the design of the Chinese Government to form a settlement for Chinese in some part of Australia, remote from European population, and he was not surprised when the despatch from the Secretary of State enclosing the protest of the Chinese Ambassador in London was received. It then occurred to him that if the colonies were really part of the Empire, we ought no longer virtually, as well as technically, to be excluded from treaties, and it seemed to him a higher plane from which to view the question as members of the Empire. His Excellency the Governor concurred in this opinion, and Mr. Gillies, Premier of Victoria, took a similar view, although differing widely as regards details, for though he (Sir Henry Parkes) took the same view as to the duty of the Empire to consult our interests and protect us in any treaty with the Emperor of China, yet he did not think we should in any sense appeal to Great Britain, but that we should assert our rights as part of the Empire to be consulted in any exercise of the powers of treaty, and exercise of the influence of diplomacy which closely affected our dearest interests. He wrote to Mr. Gillies expressing this view, and also the opinion that the rest of the colonies should separately reply to the despatch of the Secretary of State, and enclosed a protest. Last Saturday a reply to the despatch was sent to the Secretary of State by wire. The reply briefly explained the existing state of legislation on the Chinese question, and the fact that severer measures were contemplated to deal with a difficulty which threatened to become a calamity. It then went on to say :—" As these colonies form an important part of the Empire, it is submitted that our cause of contention is of sufficient national concern to be taken up by the Empire. If we have no voice in making treaties, it seems only just that our interests should be considered and protected by those who exercise that wower. We learn that the Government of the Unted States have entered into a treaty with the Government of China by which Chinese immigration to America is no longer permitted, and we failed to see why Australia may not be similarly protected. We desire to impress upon her Majesty's advisers the more prominent phases of the Chinese question, as it specially and almost exclusively affects the Australian section of the British people. 1. Australian ports are within easy sail of the ports of China. 2. The climate, as well as certain branches, of trade and industry in Australia, such as the cultivation of the soil for domestic purpose and tin and gold mining, are peculiarly attractive to Chinese. 3. The working classes of the British people in all affinities of race are directly opposed to their Chinese competitors. 4. There can be no sympathy, and in future it is to be apprehended there will be no peace between the two races. 5. The enormous number of the Chinese population intensifies every consideration of this class of immigration in comparison with the emigration of any other nation. 6. The most prevailing determination in all Australian communities is to preserve the British type in the population. 7. There can be no interchange of ideas of religion or citizenship, nor can there be intermarriage or social communion between British and Chinese. It is respectfully submitted that an examination of these principal phases of the question can only lead to one conclusion—namely, that Chinese must be restricted from emigrating to any part of Australasia. It will be seen that while the question scarcely touches the people of the United Kingdom, it vitally concerns these great colonies ; whose importance in their political and commercial relations entitles them to be protected by diplomatic influence and the powers of treaty which belong to the Empire. We urge that immediate steps be taken to open such negotiations with the Emperor of China as will result in permanent security to the Australian colonies from the disturbance of Chinese immigration in any form. The matter is too grave and urgent to permit of long delay, and however desirable it may be to avoid the irritation and conflict of interests which may arise from local legislation of a drastic character, if protection cannot be afforded as now sought the Australian Parliaments must act from the force of public opinion in devising measures to defend the colonies from the consequences which they cannot relax in their efforts to avert."

The reading of this despatch was concluded amidst cheers, which were renewed when the Premier said that if unfortunately the reply of the Imperial authorities should be unfavourable, it would be the duty of the Government, without the loss of a single day, to take steps to protect the colony once and for ever from the influx of Chinese.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes " as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

EXPLOSION AT ADEN.

THE following extract from a private letter, published by the *Deccan Herald*, gives some interesting particulars concerning the recent explosion of blasting gelatine at Aden :—

There is another incident of which I am anxious to let you know, and it is fortunate I am able to do so ; for we, poor Steamer Point residents, had as narrow escape as it was possible for us to have, of being sent express into the other world last Thursday night. Some 3000 lbs of blasting gelatine kept in one of the magazines at Morbut exploded during the night (at about 11 o'clock) and the tremendous noise awoke everybody, even here at Camp, but at the Point the people were almost shaken out of their beds. Three coolies (who sleep at Morbut) were injured by stones, and four of Mr. Lawson's coolies; also seven lascars of the guard, but fortunately, so far as is yet known, no lives were lost. But what is most wonderful of all, a magazine near to where the explosion occurred, containing 70,000 lbs of gunpowder, had its heavy copper-lined doors blown out, but the powder was not exploded. Had that only gone off, most of the houses at Steamer Point would have been knocked down, and happening at that time of the night the loss of life might have been something frightful. But thank God it was not to be, and as it happened not even one life was lost ; yet even such as the explosion was there might have been very serious loss of life, for two of the large guns mounted on the Fort were turned right over and considerably damaged, and the shots (weighing about 280 lbs each) which were piled alongside of the guns were sent flying in all directions, but fortunately hit nobody. One shot struck one of the pillars of one of the barracks at a distance of about 500 yards, while a soldier was asleep just on the other side of it, and was saved by it. The shot knocked a big stone of the pillar out, and shattered and split the pillar for a height of 6 feet. Another shot flew about six hundred yards clear, and struck the cemetery wall, passing clean through it, and making a hole in it large enough for a man to go through. A stone was sent about 800 yards into one of the married quarters in the patcherries. It fell on the chunam terrace roof, passing right through, smashing a rafter, a post, and chair ; the wife of the Sergt who occupies the quarter was standing near the chair at the time. She was up, it seems, before the explosion took place, looking out at the front windows, and saw the flash before hearing the noise of the explosion. Whole showers of the stone and dust were sent all over Morbut, and it was chiefly through the stones that the coolies and others got injured. Mr. Brazier, it seems, was also up and saw a great flare-up, like a blue light ; he was running over to tell Mr. Lawson that something was up, when the explosion occurred, and a stone fell quite near him. He at once turned back to his own house for shelter, and ran in so much haste that he grazed his arm, against one of the pillars. Altogether it was a most exciting occurrence, and is the talk of all Aden. It is not known yet how the explosion was caused, but all the men of the guard (natives) have been made prisoners, and an enquiry is going on.

THE REVIVAL OF DACOITY IN BURMA.

MR. CARTER, the Assistant Commissioner at Pagyee, telegraphs to the Chief Secretary under date the 12th May :—" Toonbaw, a leading dacoit boh, and a minor boh were killed to-day by a party of police."

A Mingin telegram reports that the Indin Tsawbaw, who was captured by Chins during the recent raid, has been killed.

A Tavoy telegram reports the arrest on Saturday of two insurgents, who have made a full confession. Two Shans were also arrested on Sunday with a police musket in their possession, some money and a silk putsoe.

Major Adamson has conveyed to the officer commanding the Tavoy Volunteers his thanks for the great services rendered by them to the troops as interpreters, in assisting to procure information and supplies and in patrolling the town nightly. The Chief Commissioner also telegraphed to Major Adamson to convey his best thanks to the Volunteers for the cheerful, loyal, and efficient services rendered.

A PRIVILEGED PEOPLE.

THE Oswals, of Marwar, are a people to be envied if a native correspondent at Azimganj, who signs himself " Vegetarian," is to be relied upon :—

In these days of cholera, when people in hundreds are falling victims to the dire disease in Kashmir, Madras, and several other pl[illegible] your numerous readers to know the noteworthy fact that no Oswal has ever had an attack or succumbed to it. This singular reality may be traced to their entire abstinence from animal food and spirituous liquor, and their habit of taking dinner before sunset and not taking any other supper than milk and fruit. These habits are inculcated by their religion, and they never violate them on any occasion. An Oswal has never been known, whether he be in his hot native land of Marwar, or in the icy cold of the Himalayan regions, to deviate from his primitive rule of life. In this fact alone must lie the secret of the immunity from cholera enjoyed by the Oswal fraternity, a privilege in which they stand alone among the people of their own and all other lands.

FEARFUL CONFLAGRATION IN PEKING.

A FIRE, the like of which has not been witnessed during the last twenty or thirty years for its magnitude and destructive results, occurred in Peking on the night of the 6th April outside of the Front Gate, and in the very midst of the business portion of the city.

According to the *Chinese Times*, the fire began at a quarter to 10 o'clock, in a tea store called the Chion Te Tien. For some unknown reason the upper storey of this store where the goods were kept caught fire, and volumes of smoke were seen gushing out of the windows. Upon this being seen by the passers-by in the streets they gave the alarm, and this was the knowledge the inmates of the shop had of their danger. By this time the fire had made great headway, and as there was a brisk wind blowing at the time, and the building contained combustible materials, the flames were rapidly getting beyond control, and began to spread in all directions. The fire brigade from the Nan Cheng department soon arrived, but their utmost effort were " like drops of water in a bucket. " Toward the east side the flames spread with fearful rapidity, enveloping the Tai Lai tea-store, the Tien Tai tobacco shop, Watson & Co.'s dispensary, the T'ung Lin T'ang drug store, and a large number of other shops, among which were a clothing store, a clock and watch store, a wine store, and several restaurants. On the north side the fire destroyed quite a number of buildings, including two butchers shops. Toward the west the fire spread from the Kwan Yin nunnery all the way up to the Tai Ho dispensary, with terrible power of destruction, and not one of the shops that came within its reach escaped. On the opposite side the flames raged with unwonted fury, and carried everything before their way, their destructive progress not being checked until they had consumed between ten and twenty buildings. The fire burned till after 2 o'clock, when, partly through the efforts of the fire brigades, and partly because there were no more buildings in the way for the flames to consume, it began to subside, and was finally extinguished. Nearly forty buildings were totally destroyed, and over two hundred were partially burned or singed. Robbery and plunder were attempted while the goods were being removed, and in many cases with success. One of the foreign good stores, which had adopted a wise precautionary measure, escaped loss. They had prepared a large pit in the yard behind their shop, and as soon as the alarm of fire was given, they removed all their goods to this pit, and in this manner escaped either being plundered or burned.—*Times.*

MUCH amusement was caused at the meeting of the London Court of Common Council on the 25th ult., by the discussion of a report of the General Purposes Committee, who had been requested to consider and advise as to a head-covering to be worn by members on ceremonial occasions more in harmony with the mazarine gown than the ordinary silk or opera hat. Specimens of the pattern of Court hat recommended were laid upon the table of the Court, and Mr. Judd moved the adoption of the report. Mr. A. C. Morton said the whole affair was a piece of " wretched tomfoolery." He should not wear any such hat, whatever resolutions the Court might pass. He suggested that a copy of Thackeray's " Book of Snobs" should be sent to each member. Mr. Cloudsley said the members of the Court would only bring themselves into ridicule by wearing such a head-dress. They had got on very well until now without it, and why not go on as they had done. Eventually the motion was carried. Mr. Deputy Bedford asked if the wearing of that ridiculous head-dress was to be compulsory. The Town Clerk said that would rest with the members.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, May 17.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

DEPY SURGN-GENL T G HEWLETT, CIE, Bo Medical Estabt, is permitted, subject to H My's approval, to retire from the Service from the 13th May 1888, on a pension of 950*l*. per annum, payable in England.

Maj J Grant, SC, is permitted to retire from the Service from the 10th May 1888 on a pension of 250*l*. per annum, payable in England, subject to H My's approval.

The undermentioned officer and Warrant officer have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified :—Surgn A F Sargent, six months, medical certificate ; and Sub-Condr W Hume, Ord Dept, four months, medical certificate.

The following appointment is made, with effect from the 26th April 1888 :—Capt F Stevenson, S C, Wing Comdr, 19th Bo Infy, to be a Bgde-Major on the Estabt in succession to Capt D C W Harrison, appointed Depy Assist Adjt Genl.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Major R A Sargeaunt, R E, Offg Consulting Engr for Railways, Bombay, a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay during the absence of Major F Firebrace, R E.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Capt G E Hyde Cates is appointed to act as ex-officio Assist Political Agent, Kolhapur, and Second-in-Comd, Kolapur Infy, with effect from the date of relinquishment of charge by Capt King, or till further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr H T Ommanney is appointed to act as Inspr Genl of Police during the absence of Col Wise, or till further orders.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments consequent on the reversion of Major W G W Macbay to military duty :—

Capt E F. Marriott to be third grade Dist Supt of Police ; Mr H G Gell to be fourth grade Dist Supt of Police ; Mr F L Goldsmid to be fourth grade Dist Supt of Police, pending Mr Gell's reversion from the appointment of Depy Commissioner of Police, Bombay ; Capt T R M Macpherson, on his return from leave, to be Dist Supt of Police in the Khandesh Dist ; Mr F C Jones to be fifth grade Dist Supt of Police and Dist Supt of Police in the Kanara Dist, continuing to act as Dist Supt of Police in the Hyderabad Dist till further orders ; Mr D Davies to be first grade Assist Dist Supt of Police ; and Mr E C Cox to be second grade Assist Dist Supt of Police, continuing to the Personal Assist to the Inspr-Genl of Police.

Mr E H Moscardi is appointed to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, with effect from the date of Mr Macpherson's relinquishing charge till the completion of Mr Aston's special duty, or till further orders.

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the second class, fourth grade, Subordinate Judges below Rao Saheb Damodhar Vaman Bhat should take rank as follows :—Khan Saheb Navroji Byramji Kaka, Rao Saheb Narayan Gopal Phatak, Rao Saheb Ramchundra Daji Nagarkar, Rao Saheb Nandkrishnalal R Majmundar, Rao Saheb Vinayak Krishna Sowani, Rao Saheb Pandurung Shridhar Pathak, Rao Saheb Gopal Anant Bhat, Rao Saheb Mahadev Ramchundra Soman, Khan Saheb Temuras Navroji Sanjana, and Rao Saheb Malhar Nadgir.

Mr R Wilson is appointed to act as Registrar of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay, with effect from the date of retirement of Mr Anandrao Bhaskarji till the return to duty of Mr Van der Straaten, or till further orders.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint the Medical Officer attached to the Bombay Sappers to the medical charge of the Central Jail at Yerraoda during the absence of Dr Salaman, or till further orders.

Rao Saheb Dwarkanath Narayen Randive assumed charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Panvel in the Thana Dist on the 27th ultimo.

Mr L G Fernandez delivered over charge of the first class Subordinate Judge's Court at Ratnagiri on the 28th ultimo.

A'zam Warialdas Premchand, acting Head Munshi of taluka Labdarya in the district of Shikarpur, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district under Sec 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

Mr Dayaram Gidumal delivered over charge of the office of Assist Judge and Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad on the 21st ultimo.

[illegible] or the Subordinate [illegible] Ahmedabad Dist.

Mr Shekh Husen valad Shekh Chand is appointed to be a Village Munsif under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, for the town of Junnar in the Poona Dist, with effect from the 20th inst.

Mr Tamaji Ballaji Tanksalli is appointed to be Subordinate Govt Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Bagalkot in the Sholapur-Bijapur Dist vice Mr Swamirao Shriniwas, deceased.

Rao Saheb Karpuram Manmathram assumed charge of the second class subordinate Judge's Court at Jambusar in the Surat Dist on the 26th ultimo.

The Govr in Council is pleased to place Mr W Doderet, Magistrate of the first class in the district of Nasik, in charge of the sub-division of that district comprising the talukas of Nasik, Sinnar, Igatpuri and Niphad.

A'zam Martand Sadashiv Joshi, sub pro tem. Head Karkun of taluka Akola in the district of Ahmednagar, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district.

Mr Bhimrao Ramchandra Siddapurkar, acting Head Karkun of taluka Bagevadi in the district of Bijapur, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district.

Khan Bahadur Naoroji Dorabji and Khan Bahadur Cursetji Maneckji Cursetji respectively delivered over and received charge of the Court of Small Causes at Ahmedabad and Nadiad on the 8th inst.

Rao Saheb Sadashiv Hari Khare assumed charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Bhusaval in the Khandesh Dist on the 27th ultimo.

Mr Sadashiv Sitaram Sule has been appointed to be Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Vengurla in the Ratnagiri Dist, with effect from the 29th ultimo.

Khan Bahadur Manekji Nasarwanji Nanawati and Mr L G Fernandez respectively delivered over and received charge of the first class Subordinate Judge's Court at Poona on the 3rd inst.

Mr E H Moscardi received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad on the 7th inst.

Rao Saheb Sadashiv Hari Khare relinquished charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Malegaon in the Nasik Dist on the 26th ultimo.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Messrs K Kapadia and E D Talati respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Vice-Principal, Elphinstone High School, on the 21st ultimo.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Rao Bahadur Gurshidapa Virbasapa, Dist Depy Collr, Belgaum, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from 14th April 1888.

The undermentioned officers passed with credit the Lower Standard Departmental Examination on the 9th April 1888 :—Messrs W D Sheppard, CS, and Mr E M Pratt, CS.

Mr. Sheppard also passed an examination in the Kanarese language and Mr. Pratt in the Marathi language on the 9th April 1888.

The undermentioned officers passed the Ordinary Higher Standard Departmental Examination on the 9th April 1888:—

Passed with Credit.—Mr Moreshwar Keshav Kanekar, B. A., Second Karkun, Karjat Mamlatdar's Kacheri, Thana; and Mr Annaji Ramchandra Pethe, B. A., acting Head Karkun, Kalyan Mamlatdar's Kacheri, Thana.

Passed.—Mr Jhaverbhai Mathurbhai, Police Accountant, Kaira Collector's Office ; Mr Yeshwant Vithal Paranjekar, second clerk, Ratnagiri Collector's Office ; Mr Nagnath Keshav Godbole, BA, Head Karkun, Taloda Mamlatdar's Office, Khandesh ; Mr Jacob Bapuji, B A, sub *pro tem* Head Karkun, Collector's Office, Ahmednagar ; and Mr. Vinayak Ramchandra Raikar, Police Accountant, Satara Collector's Office. The names are arranged in the order of merit.

The undermentioned officers passed on the 5th April 1888 an examination in Law according to the Lower Standard Test prescribed in Rules I to III of the rules for the examination of officers of the Salt Dept, published under Govt Notification, dated 7th Aug 1874 :—Mr. Hormasji Dorabji Setna, Depty Accountant in the office of the Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bombay ; and Mr. Mukundram Nityaram Mehta, B.A., Second Clerk in the office of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

The undermentioned officers passed the Higher Standard Departmental Examination on the 9th April 1888:—Mr. R. B. Stewart, C.S., Mr. A. R. Bonus, C.S., and Sayad Nur-ud-din Khan, C.S.

The undermentioned officers passed on the 7th April 1888 the special Lower Standard Departmental Examination :—

Passed with Credit.—Mr Balkrishna Vaman Dhume, LCE, Karkun, Sindgi Mamlatdar's Kacheri, Bijapur.

Passed.—Mr Sakarlal Chandulal, BA, Second Karkun, Kapadvanj Mamlatdar's Kacheri, Kaira ; and Mr Bapu Janardan Shrotri, Head Clerk to the Collector of Satara. The names are arranged in the order of merit.

The undermentioned officers also passed the special Lower Standard Departmental Examination in April 1888 :—Mr Krishnaji Ballal Chapekar, Clerk, Collector's Account Office, Sholapur ; Mr Lallubhai Kalianji, Karkun, Ahmedabad Collector's Office ; and Mr Harilal Mulshankar, Treasurer, Chorasi Mamlatdar's Kacheri, Surat.

Mr W H Cumming, Assist Supt, Konkan Revenue Survey, is promoted from the fourth to the third grade of Assist Supt, with effect from 7th Feb 1888.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr R B Stewart, CS, to duty as Assist Collr, Dharwar.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Surgn-Major H W B Boyd, LRCS, LK & QCP, LMK, & QCP, FRCS, MK. & QCP, to act as Presidency Surgn, third Dist, with attached duties, until further orders ; and Surgn-Major Kharsedji Ardeshir Dalal, MB, to act as Civil Surgn, Dhulia, until further orders.

H E the Gov in Council is pleased to appoint Surgn-Major C W MacRury to be Sanitary Commissioner for the Govt of Bombay vice Depy Surgn Genl T G Hewlett, CIE, MRCS, retired.

Surgn H Adey performed the duties of Civil Surgn and Supt, Medical School, Hyderabad, in addition to his own as Medical Officer 2nd Belooch Battn, with effect from 14th March 1888, to 31st idem.

Surgn-Major J P Greany, Civil Surgn, Belgaum, has been appointed to act as Depy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration Dist, in addition to his own duties, from 12th April 1888.

Assist Surgn D N Selke is appointed to the medical charge of the Khan Bahadur Pestanji Sorabji Charitable Dispensary, Poona, with effect from 16th April 1888, vice Assist Surgn V R Ghollay, retired.

Assist Surgn V B Karandikar, BA, LM&S, is appointed to the medical charge of the Dispensary, Sirsi, with effect from 22nd April 1888.

Assist Surgn S F Ghandhy is appointed to the medical charge of Ranchodlal Dispensary, Ahmedabad, with effect from 26th April 1888.

Assist Surgn A G Hakim is appointed to the medical charge of the Gadag Dispensary, with effect from 13th April 1888.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Col W P LaTouche to act as a Member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee during the absence of Sir Frank H Souter, Kt, CSI, CIE, or until further orders.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

RAILWAY.

With reference to the Notification by the Govt of India No. 137, dated 4th May, 1888, republished in *Bombay Govt Gazette* Notification No. 13, dated 10th May 1888, H. E. the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Major R A Sargeaunt, RE, to officiate as Joint Secy to Govt in the P W Dept (Railway), during the absence of Major F. Firebrace, R, E., or until further orders.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS, &c.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

Northern Division.

A'zam Waman Hari, Head Karkun, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Shahapur in the Thana Dist during the absence of Rao Saheb Narayen Gopal on privilege leave for one month from the 1st inst or until further orders.

Mr Sayad Nuruddin Khan, Assist Collr, Thana, relinquished charge of his office on the 2nd inst.

Central Division.

Mr W L Souter and Rao Bahadur Balkison Amarsing respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Assist Supt of Police, Khandesh, Eastern Divn, on the 16th April 1888.

A'zam Govind Jagannath Padhye, Head Karkun of taluka Shrigonda in the Ahmednagar Dist, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of that taluka during the absence of the permanent incumbent Rao Saheb Kashinath Vinayak Bhave on privilege leave for two months from the 28th ultimo.

Mr H E Winter, CS, Actg Collr of Satara, is granted privilege leave of absence for one month from the date on which he may be relieved by Mr Alfred Keyser, CS, now acting Collr of Poona.

A'zam Shridhar Abaji Sathbhai, late Head Karkun of taluka Shrigonda in the Ahmednagar Dist, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka from 3rd to 11th Jan 1888 both days inclesive, during the absence of Rao Saheb Ramchandra Bapuji Mudholkar for that period.

A'zam Naro Mahadev Khandekar, late Head Karkun of taluka Satara in the same dist, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka from 1st Oct to 8th Nov 1887, both days inclusive, being the period intervening between Mr. Bhardi's handing over charge of the Mamlat and Mr. Khandekar's retirement from service.

[illegible] Satara Dist during the absence of Rao Saheb Vinayak Narayan Khopkar on two months' privilege leave from such date in this month as the latter may avail himself of it.

Southern Division.

A'zam Ashwath Dhondrao, Head Karkun of Bankapur in the Dharwar Dist, acted as Mamlatdar, in addition to performing his own duties, from 1st to 10th Jan 1888, pending the arrival of the permanent incumbent.

A'zam Raghunath Ramchandra Joglekar, Head Karkun of Ratnagiri, acted as Mamlatdar, in addition to his own duties, from 4th to 20th Dec 1887, both days inclusive, pending the arrival of the newly appointed acting Mamlutdar.

A'zam Daso Balvant, Head Karkun of Ranebennur in the Dharwar Dist, acted as Mamlatdar, in addition to his own duties, from 3rd to 16th Feb 1888, both days inclusive, pending the arrival of the permanent incumbent.

Mr Maheshwar Mahadeo Raikar is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Vengurla in the Ratnagiri Dist during the absence on privilege leave of Rao Saheb Shriniwas Krishna Bodikotkar for one month, commencing from the 15th inst.

Messrs. E. J. Ebden and M. Kennedy respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Dist Supt of Police, Bijapur, on the 7th inst.

A'zam Janardhan Gopal Dandekar, Head Karkun of Indi in the Bijapur Dist, acted as Mamlatdar, in addition to his own duties, from 6th to 20th April 1888, pending the arrival of the present incumbent.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Kashinath Vinayak, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Ratnagiri Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 15th April to 14th May 1888 inclusive, and Rajaram Bhiwaji, Municipal Vaccinator, Vengurla Town, was appointed to do his duties in addition to his own.

Ramchandra Mahadeo, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Dharwar Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 1st to 30th April 1888, and Balaji Bapuji, Candidate Vaccinator, was appointed to act for him.

The following transfer is made, with effect from 1st May 1888 :—Narayen Balaji, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, from Ratnagiri Zilla to Satara Zilla ; and Anant Wasudeo, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, from Satara Zilla to Ratnagiri Zilla.

Sangatrai Gurdinomal, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Shikarpur Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 27th April to 26th May 1888 inclusive, and Ali Mahomed Kheirdin is appointed to act for him.

Lalchand Wassanmal, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 8th March to 8th April 1888 inclusive, and Darianomal Naraindas, Candidate Vaccinator, was appointed to act for him, with effect from 17th March 1888.

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKARI.

Mr Bomanji Kavaschi Vacha, Dist Abkari Inspr, Kolaba, and doing duty in the Thana Dist, is granted privilege leave of absence for one month and fifteen days from such date as he may be relieved of his duties.

Mr A Ardagh, A'bkari Inspr, Salsette, was granted privilege leave of absence for one month from the 8th April 1888.

Messrs J M Cotgrave and C Pogson, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assist Collr of Salt Revenue, Surat Range, on the 10th inst.

BY THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.

Khan Saheb Kassamkhan Mahomedkhan Dehelvi, Police Inspr, Nasik Dist, is allowed three months' privilege leave from 4th May 1888.

BY THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

Northern Circle.

Messrs H Mainwaring, Depy Consvr of Forests, and S Hornidge, AMICE, Assist Consvr of Forests, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Divisional Forest Office, Ahmednagar, on the 2nd inst.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use " The Mexican Hair Renewer, " for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers. " It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for " THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER, " sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT

	Maximum Rates Rs.	a.	p.
DAILY PRICES—BEEF—			
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb.	0	3	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	2	6
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0	2	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	1	9
Beefsteak (under part), per lb.	0	5	0
Do. (round), per lb.	0	1	3
Meat for soup, per lb.	0	1	3
Shins, large, each	0	4	0
Do. small, each	0	3	6
Tongues, fresh, each	0	3	6
Do. salt, each	0	7	6
Suet, 1st sort, each	0	5	0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0	4	0
Liver, each	0	3	6
Heart, each	0	1	3
Kidneys, each	0	1	0
Marrow Bones, each	0	1	0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb.	0	2	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0	1	9
Oxtail, each	0	2	6
per Sirloin lb.	0	3	6
Fore Ribs, each	0	3	0
Beef Salt, English	0	7	0

MUTTON—	1ST SORT.	2ND SORT.
Saddle, per lb.	0 4 0	0 3 0
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb.	0 3 6	0 2 6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 3 0	0 2 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2 6	0 2 0
Breast large	0 3 0	0 2 3
Do. small	0 2 9	0 2 0
Head, each	0 3 6	...
Kidneys, each	0 1 0	0 1 0
Suet, per lb.	0 3 0	0 3 0
Mutton goat, per lb		0 2 6

	Rs.	a.	p.
SUGAR—			
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer	0	10	0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	8	0
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer	0	3	0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	2	0
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer	0	1	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	1	3
Do. do. brown, per seer	0	1	3
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0	1	6
Tea, Hill, per lb.	0	14	0
Do. 1st sort, per lb.	0	12	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	8	0
Sago, per seer	0	1	9
BREAD—			
Loaves, 1st sort, 13 oz., each	0	1	9
Do. 2nd sort, 13 oz., each	0	1	6
Do. brown, each	0	2	0
Flour, Wheat, per seer	0	1	3
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	1	0
Rolong, 1st, sort per seer	0	1	6
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	1	3
Biscuits, Poona, per lb.	0	5	0
Do. Bombay, per lb.	0	2	6
Do. Poona, Mixed, per lb.	0	4	0
Flour, Rice, 1st sort, per seer	0	0	8
Bajri, Rice, per lb.	0	0	6
PORK (FRESH AND SALT)—			
Pigs. (Roasted), each	3	8	0
Do. Head, per lb	0	2	0
Sausages, per lb	0	4	0
Bacon, per lb.	0	4	0
Pigfeet, Salt or Fresh, per set	0	6	0
Do. Lard, per lb	0	6	0
Pork, Salt, English	0	12	0
Boiled Lard, per lb.	0	8	0
FRUITS—			
Pineapple, large, each	0	5	0
Do. Small per each	0	2	0
Guavas, large, per dozen	1	8	0
Do. small, per dozen	0	12	0
Orange, large, per dozen	1	0	0
Do. small, per dozen	0	10	0
Melons, water, large, each	1	0	0
Do. do. small, per each	0	10	0
Do. do. Musk, large, per each.	0	2	6
Plantains, large, red, per dozen	0	2	0
Do. small, red, per dozen	0	7	0
Do. large, yellow, per dozen	0	4	0
Do. small, yellow, per dozen	0	3	0
Limes, sweet, per dozen	1	8	0
Do. sour, per dozen	0	3	0
[illegible]			
Peaches, per dozen	1	8	0
GRAIN—			
Wheat, 1st sort, per phurra	4	12	0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	4	4	0
Do. 3rd sort, per phurra	3	4	0
Gram, Jambooser, per phurra	3	10	0
Do. Ghogharry per phurra	2	6	0
Do. Ghautee, per phurra	3	0	0
Do. Dall, per phurra	4	8	0
Coolty (Horse Gram), per phurra	2	8	0
Ooreed Ghoghary	3	6	0
Do. Dall, per phurra	5	4	0
Mutt, Ghautee, per phurra	3	8	0
Do. Bhownuggur, per phurra	4	8	0
Rice, Jerasal, 1st sort	7	0	0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	5	8	0
Do. Common, per phurra	4	0	0
Do. Bengal, 1st sort, pr. phurra	5	4	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, pr. phurra	4	4	0
Paddy, or Rice in husk, 1st sort, per phurra	1	10	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per phurra	1	4	0
Barley (new), per phurra	2	8	0
Do. (old) do.	2	8	0
Oats, per phurra	5	0	0
Jowaree or Cholum or Jonaloo, per phurra	2	8	0
VEGETABLES—			
Potatoes, Mahableshwar large, per maund	3	4	0
Do. Poona or Surat, large, per maund	2	8	0
Do. do. do. per seer	0	1	0
Do. small, per maund	1	4	0
Yams, white, per seer	0	0	6
Do. red, per seer	0	0	6
Onions, per seer	0	0	3
Cabbages, large, each	0	8	0
Do. small, each	0	3	0
Cellery, large, each	0	2	0
Do. small, each	0	1	6
Radishes, white, per dozen	0	1	0
Green Peas, per seer	0	2	0
French beans, per seer	0	1	3
Knol Khol, per dozen	0	12	0
Pumpkins, large, each	0	8	0
Do. small, each	0	5	0
Cucumbers per doz.	0	9	0
Beans to ble, per seer	0	1	9
Cocoanuts whole, per 100	4	8	0
Do. shelled, per maund	3	6	0
Betelnut, per maund	4	0	0
Do. leaf, per 100	0	3	6
Sweet Potatoes, per seer	0	0	6
DRY FISH—			
Pompret, white, large, per each	0	1	3
Do. small do.	0	1	0
Surmaye, large, per each	1	0	0
Do. small do.	0	4	0
Palah, large	0	1	6
Do. small	0	0	9
Dhomee, large, each	0	0	9
Do. small, per dozen	0	0	6
Wagtee, large, per dozen	0	0	9
Do. small per dozen	0	0	6
Bumlows, per dozen	0	0	6
Donugryh, fish	0	1	6

SEVEN cases of cholera occurred in Bombay during the week ending the 15th inst. Two of the victims were Brahmins, three Hindoos of other castes; one a Mussalman and one a Parsee. In the corresponding week of last year there was only one death, but this indicates exceptionally low mortality for this time of the year, the mean of the corresponding weeks in the preceding five years being twelve.

THE official returns of mortality, issued by the Health Officer, show that small-pox prevails very largely in Bombay although not to a sufficient extent to constitute an epidemic. During the week ending the 15th inst. twenty-two deaths from this disease alone were registered, against six in the corresponding week of last year, and a mean of seven in the corresponding week of the previous five years. Thirteen of the cases occurred among Hindoos, three among Hindoo outcasts, five among Mussalmans, and one was a native Christian. According to locality the mortality was as follows : —Mandvi, 4 ; Umarkhadi, 3 ; Dongri, 2 ; Dhobi Talao, 1 ; Khara Talao, 1 ; Girgaum, 2 ; Chowpatty, 1 ; Mazagon, 2 ; Tadwadi, 1 ; Camateepoora, 1 ; Tardeo, 1 ; Byculla, 2 ; and the Water Division 1. Last week, however, the mortality was lower than in the preceding week, when 30 deaths were recorded.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 17.

STIMULATED by better accounts from the markets on the other side, and a low Exchange here, and with abundance of ready stuff to work upon, business in Wheat has been upon a large scale during the greater part of the past week; and in Oil Seeds also considerable transactions have taken place. Cotton has been rather in the back ground, and, excepting on one or two days, when a good enquiry, chiefly from local spinners, was felt, the market for this staple has been quiet, though prices generally have been steadily maintained. Exchange has declined almost daily, and quotations, this evening, show a fall of about ⅛d. on those ruling a week ago, thus going to realize our expectation that the lowest rates of the season would be touched during its busiest portion. Government Paper has been quiet, and Four per cents are ⅛ per cent. lower; shares also have been quiet. Freights have not improved as to rates; but latterly several charters of ready and near tonnage have been effected. The Import trade continues to be crippled by Exchange, the course of which has added to the difficulties of arrival business since the date of our last report, while the efforts of dealers to maintain a compensating range of prices here, curtails current transactions.

MONEY.—An increase of over 8 lakhs in the Cash Balance of the Presidency Bank, as shown in the Statement issued at the beginning of the week, does not convey a live idea of the continued ease which prevails in this market, for, the figures given in the return show that during the week to which they relate there had been a very considerable increase in Private Deposits, and that altogether the decrease in trade requirements was represented by nearly 27 lakhs, the Cash Balance having been reduced by figures which have no reference to trade. The small amount of Council Bills secured for Bombay at yesterday's biddings would seem to point to a sufficiency of funds for present needs in the hands of our financial institutions, and we are now approaching a time when the difficulty of finding employment for money rather than apprehensions of its scarcity will be before us. Meantime, however, no change has been made in the Bank of Bombay's rates, which, therefore, remain at a minimum of 6 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE was quiet as to the amount of business doing, but steady in tone last Friday, with rates generally the same as given in our report of that evening, forward quotations being perhaps 1-32d. higher than those for ready business. Next day a weaker feeling prevailed, and Bank Bills and Mercantile Paper declined 1-32d. from the previous evening's quotations. Some 3 months' sight Credits were placed at 1s. 4 9-32d., at which, however, very few bills were offered; and a small amount of ready Wire Transfer was taken by a Bank, at 1s. 4⅛d. Bank demand was quoted to the end of June at 1s. 4⅛d., and thereafter at 1-32d. higher. The market re-opened on Monday still weak in tone, and a further decline of 1-32d. in Bank and Mercantile Paper, and of 1-16d. in Bank Wire Transfers took place. The Banks were keen buyers of 3 months' sight Credits at current quotations both for Sterling and Francs, but very little business was done. Forward Bank Wire Transfer was quoted at 1s. 4 3-32d., and demand at 1s. 4⅛d. from July onwards. The downward movement in rates continued on the following day, and a further fall of 1-32d., which eventually became 1-16d. in the case of three months' sight Credits, was established, the Banks having again been keen buyers at the reduction. The forward rate for Bank demand was 1s. 4 3-32d. for July, and thereafter. Yesterday the market was quiet and unchanged with little disposition on the part of the Bank to do any fresh business pending the result of Council allotments. There was but a very small amount of Mercantile Paper offering, and only one buyer. Some ready Bank Wire Transfer was sold at 1s. 4 1-16d.; and a small amount of demand was placed for forward delivery, the rate at closing having been 1s. 4 3-32d. both for Bank Wire Transfer and demand from 1st July. Council Bills, of which 31 lakhs were allotted to Calcutta, 3½ lakhs to Bombay, and half a lakh to Madras, went at 1s. 4 1-16d., or 3-32d. below the rate obtained, and our market opened at yesterday's closing rates with a very weak feeling, and with little or nothing the only transactions reported being some Wire Transfer and Bank demand for September-October, between Banks, at 1s. 4 1-16d. and 1s. 4 3-32d., respectively, and a lakh of Bank Wire Transfer sold to a house for near wiring at 1s. 4 1-32d. The following are our closing quotations for ready business:—

Bank Bills on demand			1s. 4 1-32d.	per cent.
Do.	Telegraphic Transfer		1s. 4d	"
Do.	3 months' sight		1s. 4 3-32d.	"
Do.	4	"	1s. 4⅛d.	"
Do.	6	"	1s. 4 3-16d.	"
Credits	3	"	1s. 4 3-16d.	"
Do.	6	"	1s. 4 5-16d.	"
Documents	3	"	1s. 4 3-16d.	"
Do.	6	"	1s. 4 5-16d.	"
Francs	3	"	1·71	"
Do.	6	"	1·72½	"

The usual weekly figures relating to Silver at the Mint are as follows:—

	Rs.
Value of Silver in the Mint on 9th May, 1888	1,06,26,612
Silver received during the week	8,44,740
	1,14,71,352
New coin paid during the week	21,00,008
	93,71,344
Silver belonging to private individuals	7,84,644
	1,01,55,988
Last week	1,08,26,548

GOVERNMENT PAPER continued fairly steady almost to the close of last week, at 100 7-16 for four per cents. for cash, 100 5-16 for the next account, and 100 1-16 to ⅛ for the settling day at the end of June; and something was booked for the near account; but on the other lines there was little doing, and on Saturday afternoon a weaker feeling prevailed, leading to a decline of 1-16 per cent. all round. On Monday the market was quiet and weak, and Fours receded ⅛ per cent., having been quoted at 100¼ for money, 100⅛ for the next account, and 99⅞ for the 30th June, with little business passing. The market opened weak on the following day, and rather lower rates were at first quoted; but the feeling improved as the day advanced, and 100¼, 100 3-16, and 99⅞ to 15-16, for the three positions, respectively, were named, and before the market closed an advance of 1-16 upon these rates was quoted. Yesterday the market was quiet but steady at the same rates as ruled during the greater part of Tuesday; but hardly any business was reported except for the next account, for which some bargains were booked. A rather weaker feeling has been apparent to-day, and we quote rates 1-16 per cent. lower all round, the cash price of Fours being 100 3-16. The other denomination has, as usual, been neglected, and is quoted at 106.

Municipal 5 per cent. Bonds have advanced ½ per cent., say to 107. Port Trust Bonds are ¼ per cent. higher, at 95½.

SHARES.—There has not been much actual business reported in this market during the week under review; at the same time our list discloses a good number of changes, quotations for Press and Mill Scrip showing in most cases an advance. There has been a rise of Rs. 55 in Central India Mill shares; of Rs. 20 in Mahalakshmi; of Rs. 15 each in Alliance, Empress, Imperial, and Ripon; of Rs. 10 each in City of Bombay, Gordon, and Lukmidas Khimji; of Rs. 5 each in Colaba Land and Mill, Framji Petit, Jamshed, James Greaves, Khatao Mucconji, Queen, and Southern Mahratta; and of Rs. 2½ in Jivraj Baloo. On the other hand, we note a decline of Rs. 25 in Western India, and Hyderabad Dekkan; of Rs. 20 in Indian Manufacturing; of Rs. 10 each in Swadeshi, and New Great Eastern; and of Rs. 5 in Coorla. In Press shares our prices this evening show the following changes from those of a week ago, an advance of Rs. 275 in Fort Press; of Rs. 50 in Akbar; of Rs. 25 in Khangaum; of Rs. 20 each in New Berar, and Prince of Wales; and of Rs. 10 in Mofussil; and a decline of Rs. 65 in Albert of Kurrachee; of Rs. 35 in Bellary; of Rs. 25 in Scinde; and of Rs. 12½ in Bombay. In miscellaneous shares, Kurrachee Lighterage have declined Rs. 40; Treacher and Co., Rs. 10; and Bapty Flour, Rs. 6. Port Canning have moved up of Rs. 7½; and Badham, Pile, Rs. 9. In Banks, Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 7½, and Bank of Bengal Rs. 5, higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—The fall in Exchange has given greater firmness to holders of *Grey Goods*, who ask a further advance of half an anna to one anna per piece. Up-country buyers strenuously oppose any upward movement, but to little purpose, as dealers are very firm in their pretensions, and the consequence is much contraction in business. The amount of Indent business passing is also very small. In *Bleached*, *Dyed*, *Turkey Red*, and *Printed Goods* we have no change of any kind to report. Makers of *Local Goods* are very firm, but they do not succeed in inaugurating an upward movement in prices. China buyers have bought about 300 bales at about last week's prices, and the total week's offtake is put down at 2,000 bales, in a steady market.

YARNS.—*Imported* Yarns are steady at our last quotations, and a moderate business in them has been reported during the past week. *Local* Spinnings have continued brisk and advancing. Telegrams from Hongkong give the sales for the week ending last Friday as 5,000 bales, at a small advance, which led here to a rise of 1-16 to ⅛ anna per lb. On Tuesday another message came in reporting the market firmer at a rise of a dollar, which caused a further advance of 1-16 anna per lb. Spinners are firmer, and ask still higher rates, which has considerably checked business, the bulk of which, therefore, has been in re-sales. The bazaar dealers are believed to hold about 10,000 bales, which are likely to be brought forward for re-sale. The following are the official quotations:—

Twist......No.	6s	Mule, Ans.	4⅞		per lb.
" ...... "	8s	" "	5	to 5⅛	"
" ...... "	10s	" "	5 5-16	to 5 11-16	"
" ...... "	12s	" "	5⅜	to 5⅞	"
" ...... "	16s	" "	6 3-16	to 6 7-16	"
" ...... "	20s	" "	6⅞	to 7 5-16	"
" ...... "	24s	" "	8		"
" ...... "	30s	" "	8½	to 9	"

METALS.—Small business only is reported in *Copper*, but the market is firm at an advance of 8 annas per cwt. *Yellow Metal* is 8 annas to a rupee higher in a firm market, but few transactions have taken place in this metal. *Iron* is not much enquired for, and what little has been done has been at previous rates, at which the market is quiet.

COAL.—The tone of the market is now quiet. Sales have been reported during the week of Powells Duffryn June-July, and July-August shipment at Rs. 22½, and Davisons, May sailing, at Rs. 21 per ton.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—We have had, upon the whole, a quiet week's business in this staple. On last mail day and for the first two days of the present week there was a fair demand for ready Cotton, though mainly from local consumers, and a good deal was done, in the aggregate, upon those days; but the dull news to hand from Liverpool yesterday morning produced a very quiet feeling here, leading to the withdrawal of buyers generally from the market. Bhownuggur has fluctuated slightly in price; and Bengals have had an upward tendency, as high as Rs. 192 having been paid for ready lots of "Fine;" but generally rates have been steady a our quotation of last Thursday. The largest purchases during the past week have been in Bengals, of which nearly 3,000 bales of ready stuff are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 174½ to Rs. 192 per candy. Oomra descriptions have been next in favour, the takings having been mainly of Julgaum at Rs. 201-210; Barsee, at Rs. 214-222½; Khangaum, at Rs. 210; Dhulia, at Rs. 193¼; Nuggur, at Rs. 205; and Indore at Rs. 193. Of Dhollera kinds the call has been chiefly for Bhownuggur at Rs. 201-12½, and Wadhwan at Rs. 200-5½; only a little Dhollera proper and Mowa at Rs. 210, and Rs. 214, respectively, having been taken. Dharwar has been in some request, and has changed hands to a fair extent at Rs. 209-10; Westerns also have been enquired for, and several lots have been taken at Rs. 798-9 per candy. Compared with last week's quotations, prices are this evening some Rs. 2 per candy higher for Bengals and Westerns; but otherwise generally unchanged.

The Receipts of Cotton of this season's growth during the past week have been 56,000 bales, against 82,300 bales for the corresponding week last year; and the deficiency in arrivals of the crop have now, it will be seen from the statement given below, reached over 200,000 bales. At the same time the falling off in total supplies of all Cotton from the 1st January, compared with 1887, has increased to nearly 89,000 bales.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, *viâ* Canal, without

Cotton.			Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine,	Ready		Rs. 193	= 3 31-32d.
Do. Fully Good	do.		" 188	= 3⅞d.
Do. Good.	do.		" 180	= 3 23-32d.
Oomra Fully Good	do.	(Good Staple)	" 214	= 4⅜d.
Do. Good	do.	do.	" 208	= 4¼d.
Do. F.G.F.	do.	do.	" 200	= 4 3-32d.
Khandeish, Good,	do.		" 195	= 4 1-16d.
Do. F.G.F.	do.		" 192	= 3 15-16d.
Belatee, Fully Good,	do.		" 195	= 4d.
Do. Good	do.		" 190	= 3 29-32d.
Do. F.G.F.	do.		" 182	= 3¾d.
Broach, Fine,	do.	(Nominal)	" 235	= 4 25-32d.
Do. Good	do.		" 214	= 4⅜d.
Dhollera, Fine,	do.		" 222	= 4 17-32d.
Do. Fully Good	do.		" 213	= 4 11-32d.
Do. Good	do.		" 203	= 4 5-32d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good,	do.		" 210	= 4 9-32d.
Westerns, Good,	June		" 197	= 4 1-32d.

The arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this Season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season. 1887-88. Bales.	Season. 1886-87. Bales.
Bengals	196,000	241,000
Oomras—		
Berar	178,000	306,000
Khandeish	190,000	229,000
Barsi and Nugger	67,000	71,000
Hingunghaut	800	19,750
Dhollera	99,500	102,500
Broach	269,500	246,000
C mpta & Dharwar	51,000	33,500
Persian & Sind	37,000	41,000
Westerns & Madras	2,000	1,800
	1,090,800	1,291,550

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the two previous years:—

Receipts.	Bales. 1888	Bales. 1887	Bales. 1886
For the week	53,962	78,491	68,806
From 1st Jan. to 16th May	1,040,549	1,129,539	1,011,372
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	46,807	51,745	48,101
From 1st Jan. to 16th May	589,992	718,143	632,008
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	1,537	2,114	1,828
From 1st Jan. to 16th May	14,565	17,026	32,276

WHEAT.—Supplies of Wheat have been coming in very freely during the past week, and large purchases have been made by exporters; especially of Pessy, at rates which have advanced to our quotations in a firm market, say:—

White Pessy (91 per cent.)	Rs.	4-8-0	per cwt.
Do. (85 ")	"	4-7-0	"
Ahmedabad	"	4-4-6	"
Delhi No. 1	"	4-6-0	"
Red Delhi	"	4-3-0	"
Hard Red	"	4-2-6	"
Hard Yellow	"	4-7-0	"

SEEDS.—Both *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* have been active and advancing, and the market for the latter is firm, while the former is quieter. *Poppy Seeds* is also quiet at our quotation:—

		May
Linseed	Rs. 6-1-0	to Rs. 6-4-0 per cwts.
Rapeseed, Yel. Guzerat	" 6-12-0	" 6-13-0 "
Do. Cawnpore	" 6-5-6	" 6-6-0 "
Do. do. Red.	" 5-10-0	" 5-10-6 "
Do. Poppy Seeds.	" 6-12-0	......

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat—For the week	598,175	582,831	522,413
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May.	4,431,158	4,861,523	4,731,387
Linseed—For the week	125,808	89,812	204,935
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May	1,472,369	1,409,430	2,267,486
Rapeseed—For the week	107,693	28,321	27,405
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May.	619,990	312,179	641,741
Gingelly Seed—For the week.	3,491	15,317	9,713
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May.	591,032	724,232	726,441

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat—For the week	399,918	296,224	634,094
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May	2,892,544	3,601,861	3,763,143
Linseed—For the week	90,416	157,656	148,700
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May	1,101,330	995,321	1,757,580
Rapeseed—For the week	137,356	47,712	68,739
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May	388,512	236,903	489,900
Gingelly Seed—For the week.	16,632	24,642	2,611
" From 1st Jan. to 16th May	659,524	847,687	736,242

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs.	14-13
Carolas	"	250
Mexican Dollars	"	222
Five-Franc Pieces	"	285
Bar Silver, 17½ [illegible]	"	106-8
Gold Leaf	"	23-8
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	"	23-15
Australian Gold, 100 touch	"	23-12
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	"	23-12
Pekin	"	23-2

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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PAGE CONTENTS.

1-2 HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE—LATEST TELEGRAMS—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE—GENERAL SUMMARY.
2-3 GENERAL SUMMARY.
4 A Popular Surgeon at Hubli.
5-6 TELEGRAMS.
6 Cricket at Khandalla—The Simla Season.
7 Scientific Notes on the Cruise of the Investigator.—I.
8 The Fort Museum.
9 MILITARY—Arrival of H. M. S. Ranger.
10 BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY—Failure of Local Self Government in Mehmadabad—The Poona Kidnapping Case.
11 Arrival of Ayoub Khan at Karachi—Theft of Diamonds and Watches—The Hyderabad Mining Scandal—Drowned in the Harbour—Bombay Town Council—The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.
12 Passengers per s.s. Damascus—The Native Press—The Minnesingers' Concert—A British Soldier Running Amuck—CORRESPONDENCE: Appointments in the Educational Department—Meaning of the Word "Nimsah"—The New Municipal Offices.
13 The Acting Principal of Rajkumar College—The Capture of a Swindler at Shanghai—The Nawab, Mohsin-ul-Mulk's Mission to London.
14 Taking Advantage of the Value Payable Post.
15 LEADING ARTICLES: English Opinion on Hyderabad Affairs—The "Origins" of the Hyderabad Mining Concession.
16 LEADING ARTICLES: The National Congress and Representative Government—The New Municipal Offices.
17 LEADING ARTICLE: Moral Culture in Indian Colleges.
18 LEADING ARTICLES: The Ruby Mines Concession—Light Railways.
18 An Inland Dock for Madras—The Passing of the Calcutta Municipal Bill.
19 Mr. Raghunath Row on the Madras College Disturbances—BENGAL.
20 MADRAS—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB—MISCELLANEOUS—OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Bombay Government Orders.
25-26-27 COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.
28 SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS—ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES; THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

DEATH.

BEACHCROFT—May 9, at 70, Thicket Road, Anerley, Thomas Goodenough, beloved and second son of Francis Porten and Laura Emily Beachcroft.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—May 14, at 15, Kyd Street, Calcutta, the wife of J M Anderson, Esq., of a son.

CAMPBELL—May 9, at Kalandanda, the wife of Major Lorne-Campbell, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Goorkhas, of a daughter.

HANDLEY—May 7, at Chicalda, the wife of J H Handley, C E, of a daughter.

VIBART—May 14, at Bangalore, the wife of Colonel Henry M Vibart, R E, of a daughter.

DEATH.

BEER—May 13, at Narsapur, Godavery Delta Mission, Margaret Anne Beer, (widow of the late J W Beer,) aged 38.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1888.

OUR Hyderabad correspondent to-day gives details of the offer of the Sirdar Diler Jung to make financial reparation for the outlay incurred by the Nizam's Government in the purchase of shares in the Deccan Mining Company. On Saturday last an official notification was served upon the suspended Home Secretary by the Government, requiring him to repay the sum of £151,631 disbursed at his instance in that transaction. The Sirdar having taken advice, has decided to repay the whole amount, if his Highness's Government will, in consideration of his making that restitution, refrain from any further proceedings, and will abstain from cancelling the concession of mining rights which was disposed of to the Deccan Mining Company. The Hyderabad Government decline to accede to these conditions; and there the matter rests for the moment. On Monday next, the Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk will arrive in London, armed with plenary powers. He has authority either to cancel the concession, or to confirm it with such modifications as may secure the rights of the Hyderabad Government, while safeguarding the interests of innocent shareholders. That Mr. Watson and his partners in the concession may find it expedient to take a course similar to that which has recommended itself to the Sirdar, is not at all improbable. The fact that Mr. Watson has employed the time left him before the commencement of the investigation by the Committee of the House of Commons to repurchase the founder's shares in the market, is an indication of a desire to be prepared for the worst. He obviously foresees that the shares may be cancelled, and he providently buys them back at £7-10 or even at £8 each, so that he may not have to refund the £10 or the £12-10 at which they were originally sold to the public. He will still make a handsome profit—the difference between the £12 or £13 at which he sold the shares and the £7-10 or £8 at which he has providently bought them back. The consideration shown by the Sirdar in endeavouring to stipulate that the concession shall not be cancelled is the more touching, seeing that the concessionaires did not consider the Sirdar's interests for a moment when their own were in jeopardy.

COLONEL LUCKHARDT'S translation, in the *United Service Institution of India Journal*, of the Russian Dr. Heyfeldier's account of the Transcaspian Military Railway goes over much the same ground as the description of the railway which Colonel LeMessurier supplied for our columns last December. But it is more detailed, and a special interest is given to it by the fact that the Merv and Samarcand section of the railway is to be opened on the 27th of the present month, in the presence, if he can stifle his noble wrath against all things Russian, of the Russian-hating Arminius Vambery. Dr. Heyfeldier's account of the railway is preceded by some general remarks on military railways which refer these lines of communication to a much later date than even Russian history warrants. The whole of the great railway lines in Russia are strictly speaking military railways. They were laid down in sublime disregard for any other than strategic considerations, and are as much military railways as the remarkable line by means of which the Czar maintains his hold upon Central Asia. But a very important stage in the history of military railways was entered upon when special battalions were organized out of military material for constructing railways and working them in war time. General Annenkoff, the constructor of the Transcaspian line, claims the credit of being the inventor of the organization by which it was carried out. His method is to form a railway regiment out of soldiers who have already served a year and-a-half in the ranks, and who have a special technical qualification for the work. It was out of material of this sort that the two battalions for constructing the Transcaspian railway were formed. The soldier was the "sufficing cause," as he was the creator, of this great railway. Skobeleff asked for a railway in order that he mi[illegible] [illegible]ght put down the Tekke Turcomans, [illegible] and Russia, with all her poverty, [illegible] gave it to him as she would have given him fodder for his horses or uniforms for his soldiers. General Annenkoff's railway battalion of a thousand men was got together from the various regiments, they were sent across the Caspian to Krasnovodsk and Michaelovsk, and before Skobeleff had gone back from the storming of Geok Teppe and the subjugation of the Turcomans sixty miles of railway and thirty of tramway were handed over to the military authorities. It was too late to be of service in the advance, but it was useful for the homeward march, and thus, says Dr. Heyfeldier, "We were enabled to return comfortably seated in a railway wagon through the waterless desert, which it would have taken us several days to march through under great privations, suffering from heat, thirst and hunger." But no objective had thus far been reached, and one was sought for in the oasis of Kizil Arvat, about a hundred and thirty miles from the Caspian, the distance being covered by the end of 1882. Then there was a pause, which the Russian authorities utilized in consolidating the not inconsiderable advance they had already made. The railway, made mainly for military purposes, remained in military hands, the administration being formed of General Annenkoff's battalion, who worked under military officers, Indian murmurings against a preponderance of military officers on the railway finding no echo in Russia. The civil and commercial benefits which the line quickly conferred on the country in reach of it were nevertheless far from inconsiderable, and if Dr. Heyfeldier is to be believed the wilderness blossomed almost as the rose at the coming of the railway.

The railway grew with the growth of Russian ambition. Kizil Arvat is described as an oasis, but it was a halting place rather than an objective point, and when the Merv sirdars begged to be made subjects of the White Czar the extension of the Transcaspian Railway to Merv became a question of time. The immediate cause, however, of the extension was the events on the Russo-Afghan frontier in the spring of 1885. The Penjdeh affair occurred in March. In April the order was given to carry the railway four hundred and seventy miles forward to Charjui, and in May General Annenkoff, who had been laying down some strategic railways in Poland at the remarkably low rate of £1,800 a mile, arrived at Kizil Arvat, and the first rails were laid eastward of that place. The work went on with a rapidity which would have done credit to Sir Richard Temple and the early constructors of the Candahar railway. Two and sometimes three miles of rails were laid in a day and we have had Colonel LeMessurier's word for it that the work was well done. The extension was completed to Merv almost on the anniversary of the commencement of operations at Kizil Arvat, and at the end of November, in 1886, Charjui was reached. There a huge bridge nearly three miles long has been built across the widespreading waters of the Oxus, and since then the line has been continued to Samarcand, where in a few days the completion of so important a stage in the enterprise will in due time be celebrated. A long halt at Samarcand would lend colour to the belief lately prevalent that the Russian capital in Central Asia is to be transferred from Tashkend to that place. Had there been any intention on the Czar's part to carry out the resolution attributed to him to be crowned Emperor of Central Asia in Samarcand a more auspicious occasion could not have been found. But the Czar is averse to journeys much nearer home than Samarcand, and we shall have to wait some time before that magnificent idea is carried out. Doubtless, the festivities at Samarcand at the end of the month will be accompanied with patriotic boastings over this remarkable enterprise, and there is no reason why the Russian administration should be refused high credit for a work carried on amidst great difficulties and with as much thoroughness as expedition. Everything was against a railway engineer operating in such a region. Dr. Heyfeldier says that all that the country itself contributed was earth for the earthwork. And even the earth itself was often as much of a hindrance as of a help. Visions of some of the difficulties that we may ourselves have to contend with if we make up our minds to lay down railways in the Sind and Rajputana deserts are presented in the record of General Annenkoff's difficulties and of the way in which he overcame them. Sand drifts destroyed in a night the work of many days, as we have been told they will do if we are not careful of the course we take in laying down railways through our own deserts. But there are two ways of dealing with sand. If salt water and clay are within reach the difficulty can be got over by mixing them with sand, which can thus be made firm and substantial. Elsewhere protection has been had by growing base vegetation and shrubs—anything indeed that will grow.

Nor did the difficulties of railway enterprise end here. There was no fuel, and the capacities of a civilization without fuel, like that of a civilization without iron such as that of the Incas in Peru, are narrowly limited. But nature, in refusing coal and forests to this region, has put petroleum within its reach, and the Transcaspian railway engines attain a fair speed with petroleum fires. The catalogue of difficulties overcome by General Annenkoff is a long one, and it seems the more remarkable when the extreme cheapness of the line is taken into account. Labour, no doubt, costs little, but it can scarcely have been cheaper than that within reach of an Indian railway construction, and the labour of the Persian and Tartar nomads who were recruited for the purpose can scarcely have been as steady and efficient as that of more settled races. The fact that such labour was got at all is remarkable; to put these wild children of the steppes under the discipline of daily labour was as solidifying an achievement as binding the loose sands of the Turcoman desert by a growth of shrubs and jungle grass. The *raison d'etre* of the railway is not human advancement, but this will follow in its track, even if at the same time it increase the power of Russia and give her a prestige in Central Asia competing with our own. Dr. Heyfeldier speaks with pardonable enthusiasm of the moral influence which the railway has already exercised. Its influence would be the greater if the Russian administration, who have covered themselves with credit by making the railway, were able to add to their credit by making it a channel through which the products of East and West might be freely exchanged. But the Russian fiscal system is too iron-bound and antiquated to allow the railway to be of half the advantage that it might be. Indian trade will in no way be helped by the railway, and indeed Indian traders have long since avoided the Russian customs line. It might be worth while to ask if Russia herself would not be better for a more liberal policy—if it were worth while even to whisper about free trade either at Taskheud or at St. Petersburg.

THE swift success with which Lord Wolseley has wrung three millions sterling from the reluctant Ministry recalls the march on Coomassie and the surprise at Tel-el-Kabir. Probably the General's exultation at this feat is greater than he experienced when chronicling his victories over African foes. Lord Salisbury's mortification cannot well be disguised, for he made the mistake of "rebuking" Lord Wolseley for urging the course which the Government now takes with such bad grace. If the expenditure of £850,000 on war vessels for the defence of the Colonies, and of £2,600,000 on ports and coaling stations be required on Tuesday evening, surely Lord Salisbury must have been ill-advised in maintaining on the previous Saturday that the defences of the Empire were in no need of Lord Wolseley's solicitude, inasmuch as they had been the object of the continuous care of Government during many years. The contrast between the confident and defiant language of rebuke addressed to the General, and the capitulation three days later, must shake the authority of the Prime Minister. The Services have scored heavily, and the Ministry is "in the air," contemned by the one side for giving with reluctance, and scorned by the other for weakness in yielding to military bluster. Lord Randolph Churchill will doubtless declare with emphasis that had he been in office he would have dealt differently "with customers of that sort." The Government has shown once again that it has not the courage of its convictions; it will not get credit for consenting this week to an expenditure which last week was scouted as the demand of panic.

THE Bishop of Bombay goes home by the mail to-day on four months' leave. The chief purpose of the Bishop's journey is to attend the Pan-Anglican Synod which will be in session at Lambeth Palace from the 4th of July to the 27th, and at which nearly the whole of the Anglican Episcopate throughout the world, numbering over a hundred members, will be present. The other Bishops of the Indian Province who will attend the Synod will be the Metropolitan, and the Bishops of Rangoon and Colombo. The Metropolitan will bring forward the questions of church organization in India which were discussed at the Episcopal Conference in Calcutta in the cold weather, and the Bishop of Bombay will address the Synod on the subject of divorce, dealing with it specially in its scriptural aspects.

THE death of Mr. N. Spencer deprives the Small Cause Court of the services of an able and upright Judge, in whose experience and acumen the public and the members of the legal profession had the fullest confidence. General regret is felt at the abrupt and quite unexpected close of his laborious and useful life.

THE Birthday of her Majesty the Queen-Empress of India will be kept on Thursday, the 24th instant.

DEPUTY SURGEON-GENERAL T. G. HEWLETT, C.I.E., Sanitary Commissioner, for the Bombay Government, has retired on a pension of £950. Surgeon-Major C. W. MacRury has been appointed to succeed him.

SURGEON-MAJOR J. P. GREANY, Civil Surgeon of Belgaum, has been appointed to act as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration district, from April 12.

SURGEON-MAJOR H. W. B. BOYD has been appointed to act as Presidency Surgeon, Third District, and Surgeon-Major Kharsedji Ardeshir Dalal to act as Civil Surgeon, Dhulia.

COLONEL W. P. LATOUCHE has been appointed to act as a member of the Civil and military Examination Committee during the absence of Sir Frank H. Souter.

MR. E. H. MOSCARDI has been appointed to act as Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, with effect from the date of Mr. Macpherson's departure till the completion of Mr. Aston's special duty.

MR. R. WILSON has been appointed to act as Registrar of the Small Cause Court from the date of Mr. Anandrao Baskerjee's retirement till the return to duty of Mr. Van der Straaten.

MR. W. DODERET, First-class Magistrate in the Nasik District, has been placed in charge of the talukas of Nasik, Sinnar, Igatpuri, and Niphad.

MESSRS. R. B. STEWART, A. R. Bonus, and Sayad Nuruddin Khan have passed the Higher Standard Departmental Examination.

THE appointment of Mr. H. T. Ommaney to act as Inspector-General of Police during the absence of Colonel Wise is gazetted.

MAJOR R. A. SERGEAUNT, R. E., officiating Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, has been appointed a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay during the absence of Major F. Firebrace, R. E.

CAPTAIN G. E. HYDE-CATES succeeds Captain King as *ex-officio* Assistant Political Agent, Kolhapore, and second-in-command of the Kolhapore Infantry.

COLONEL WALTER remains on as Governor-General's Agent in Rajputana until December, so that the appointment of a permanent incumbent may rest with the new Viceroy.

TWO or three local governments have sent in their reports on the Public Service Commission, including Bengal and the Central Provinces. A reminder, it is said, will be issued to the rest, bringing to their notice the advantages of promptitude. The Government of India can come to no conclusions itself till those of the Local Administrations are before it.

WE learn from a telegram from Hongkong, dated yesterday, that during the preceding fortnight 9,000 bales of Indian yarn were sold, exchange being quoted at Rs. 222¼ per 100 dollars; prices were unchanged, and the tone of the market moderate.

MAJOR JAMES GRANT'S retirement from the Bombay Staff Corps is gazetted. The date of Major Grant's first commission is 30th June, 1865, when he joined the 46th Foot. He was admitted into the Staff Corps on the 4th August, 1868, was promoted Captain, 30th June, 1877, and Major, 30th June, 1885. At the time of his retirement (10th May) Major Grant was Second-in-Command of the 17th Bombay Light Infantry. He served in the Afghan War of 1879-80 in the affair on the Helmund; was wounded at the battle of Maiwand; and again served in the defence of Kandahar. He was mentioned in the despatches (G. O. C. 399 of 79) and received the medal. Major Grant retires on a pension of £250.

SEVERAL appointments have been made in the Police Department in consequence of the reversion of Major W. C. W. Macbay to military duty. Captain E. F. Marriott and Mr. H. G. Gell are appointed to be third and fourth grade District Superintendents, respectively. Mr. F. L. Goldsmid acts as fourth grade Superintendent pending Mr. Gell's reversion from the appointment of Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay; Captain T. R. M. Macpherson is appointed to be District Superintendent in the Khandesh District. Mr. F. C. Jones, to be fifth grade Superintendent in the Kanara District, but continuing to act as Superintendent in the Hyderabad District. Mr. D. Davies, to be first grade Assistant Superintendent, and Mr. E. C. Cox, to be second grade Assistant Superintendent, continuing to be personal assistant to the Inspector-General.

WE hear that the two joint Editors of the "*Chitra Gupt*," a Marathi Weekly at Karad, in the Satara district, are under trial there for defaming the Sub-Registrar of that place by imputing that he takes bribes, &c. One of the Editors has absconded and a proclamation is out against him, and bail has been taken from the other to stand his trial. For some time past the Vernacular press of the Satara district have had lively hits against various subordinate officials, and we should not be surprised if we heard of some more prosecutions for libel, &c., shortly. Very lately we heard of the "*Pratod*" of Islampur in Satara being charged with defaming the Chief Constable of that place.

TELEGRAMS.

[T]HE NIZAM'S GOVERNMENT AND SIRDAR DILER JUNG.

THE SIRDAR'S OFFER DECLINED.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, MAY 17.

Abdul Huk proposes to return the money [inv]ested by the Nizam's Government last year [in] the purchase of 12,500 shares in the Deccan [Mi]ning Company, provided Government will [ta]ke no steps against him and will not cancel [th]e concession to the Company.

The Nizam's Government declines to accept [th]e money on these terms.

The offer is regarded as an indication that [H]uk considers his position to be unsafe, and [th]at he is desirous of making the best terms [he] can.

The Parliamentary Committee has been [po]stponed at the request of the Nizam's Gov[er]nment.

The Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk, the Nizam's [re]presentative, arrives in England on [M]onday with full powers to cancel the concess[io]n if that course be considered advisable.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 17.

It is thought the Nizam has acted quite right [in] declining Abdul Huq's offer to restore £158,631, [the] value of the shares he procured, provided [the] proceedings against him were abandoned.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE EMPEROR FREDERICK.

SECOND MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION.

CHARLOTTENBURG, MAY 16.

The Emperor Frederick took an hour's drive in [t]he Park to-day.

A second microscopic examination of the discharge from the throat of his Imperial Majesty, made by Professor Virchow and others, has revealed nothing of a cancerous nature in the malady from which the Emperor of Germany is suffering.

THE ORDNANCE STORE DEPARTMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 17.

Intimation has been received from the Horse Guards that it has been decided not to select any officers for appointment to the Ordnance Stores Department who are serving in India, or who belong to the Indian Establishment.

HEAVY SNOWFALL AT CABUL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 17.

An unusually late and heavy fall of snow occurred at Kabul on 2nd May.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

ADEN, MAY 17.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Siam, with homeward mails of 11th instant, arrived here at 1 a.m. today.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, MAY 16.

The Hall Line steamer Branksome Hall left here for Kurrachee this morning.

PORT SAID, MAY 16.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Jumna, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

ADEN, MAY 16.

The Italian Mail Steamer Manilla, which left Bombay on the 10th instant, arrived here at noon this day.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Dacca, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this evening.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MAY 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollers	4 3-16
The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 3⅞d.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	67⅛
4½ per cent. do.	70⅞
4½ per cent. French Rentes	105⅞
Bar Silver	42
2¾ per cent. Consols	99⅜
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106¼

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(MAY 17.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
Mauritius mail closes at Mozambique this evening.

ONE of the curious features of the Indian wheat trade during recent years is the manner in which province after province has been laid under contribution and drained of its surplus produce to supply foreign markets. Thus the Panjab imports rose from 388,000 tons in 1884-85 to 586,000 in 1885-86, but in 1886-87 they dropped to 148,000 tons. Those of the North-West Provinces and Oudh similarly reached their maximum in 1885-86 with 292,000 tons, and then fell away to 233,000 tons. The Central Provinces, which came a year earlier under contribution, have endeavoured in vain to surpass the 350,000 tons reached in 1884-85. Bombay came to the rescue in 1886-87 and attained a maximum of 162,000 tons; while Behar made a gallant stand during the earlier part of the past season, but was unable to avert or, indeed, make any impression on the enormous decrease which the exhaustion of stocks in the great wheat-growing tracts, combined with bad seasons, produced in the total exports of the year that has just expired. It is evident from our figures that the normal exporting power of each province has yet to be gauged.

THE Mingin rebels have killed six of the Bombay Burma Corporation's mahouts, and have taken their elephants.

THE Tswabwa of Kalay is reported to have been killed. The leaders of the rebels are the Shway Gyobzu Prince, the old Kalay Tsawbwa, and Aurakay Gyawthu. It is rumoured that the Gangaw Mintha and the thoogyees have joined the movement. Inland the panic is general. One column is coming *viâ* Kalaywa and another from Yaw.

CAPTAIN HAYES states that the Delhi ponies are "so esteemed by their own people that rich natives not unfrequently give 2,000 dollars (£300) and over, for an exceptionally good one. I can sum them (the ponies) up only by saying that they are power and quality all over."

THE grant of Rs. 50,000 applied for from the Government of India, for regimental institutes in the Madras Presidency, has not been provided. The Government of India will, however, again be requested to consider the proposal favourably, and sue early orders on the subject.

THE Viceroy has telegraphed his congratulations to the manager of the Burma State Railways on the progress made with the Tounghu-Mandalay Railway and the linking through of the line.

FINANCIALLY the irrigation accounts of the North-West Provinces for the year 1886-87 are less satisfactory than they have been for many years past, while capital expenditure has risen from 420 lakhs to 770 lakhs. During the past ten years, net profits have fallen from Rs. 6 and 8 to Rs. 3, 5, and 6 per cent. The net income of the year was 25¾ lakhs, which is exactly the amount earned at the beginning of the decade. To some extent this unfavourable return is due to the expenditure on the Betwa canal, which cost 40 lakhs, and is, and probably will always be, except in seasons of drought, worked at a heavy loss. But the real cause was a decrease in the area irrigated by some 340,000 acres, chiefly under indigo, wheat, and barley. The contraction in the area under indigo is said to be due to heavy losses incurred in the previous season, while for the rest we have the usaal stereotyped explanation that a favourable rainy season reduced the demand for Canal water.

THE head of Moung Tha Doung, late Assistant Commissioner of Tounghu, a noted Burmese rebel, has been sent in for identification.

IT seems that the Russian Government is about to commence extensive irrigation works in the valley of the Murghab. A dam is to be built across the river at a point which does not seem to have been yet decided upon, and irrigation channels are to be cut for the conveyance of the water to the fields. The whole system is to be completed in two years. The Russians have probably come to the conclusion that the Murghab has a more plentiful supply of water than was believed by the members of the English Afghan Commission. The latter appear to have thought that the so-called river was more worthy to be designated a stream; and that it conveyed a plentiful supply of water only in spring time and during floods; while in summer and autumn it almost ran dry. But as the Russians are going to considerable outlay on large irrigation operations which are dependent on the river, it would seem that they have more trustworthy data than were available when our Commission was in the locality.

THE Madras Government have decided to locate the Women and Children's Hospital, at present at Egmore, in the same block of buildings as the General Hospital; and to remove the Military Station Hospital from the portion of the building now occupied by it. The Government are prepared to allot the necessary funds for the construction of a new building for the Station Hospital, if a site can be found in or near the Fort. Orders have been issued in the Military Department for the appointment of a Committee to consider the question, and to report as to the possibility of finding a suitable site, and as to the extent and character of the new accommodation which will have to be provided for the Station Hospital.

INFORMATION from the capital of Afghanistan points to more troops being pushed eastwards towards Jelallabad, and the advance against the Siahposh Kafirs may take place at the close of Ramzan or at any period or time that Abdur Amir Rahman Khan issues his orders to that effect. In the meanwhile Mullas and special levies are being crowded towards Kattar and Gamber, the former to work on the minds of the orthodox, that a Sunni Amir of Afghanistan is doing his best to carry out the precepts of the Prophet, the latter to help where the preachings of the priestly class fail. "The signs of the times," remarks an up-country paper, "can be easily read by these children of the mountains. It may be that a few Kafir converts to Islam may be acceptable to the Amir-ul-Momunin; but the lands of Bajawar and Swat, should they ever come under the Amir's sway, by means foul or fair, would be even still more acceptable to the ruler of Afghanistan. In face of this movement, which means the ultimate extinction of the independent States of Asmar, Khar, Nawagai, Jhandul, and eventually Swat, let us see what the Khans of these States have been doing to face the common danger. Asmar has been won over by bribes. Mahomed Sheriff Khan of Dir is now a pensioner of the Amir's. Dilaram Khan of Khar is resting at ease in Peshawar, and the sight of the little man with blue spectacles may bring comfort of heart to anyone but himself. Luckily, at this crisis Safdar Khan of Nawagai and Omra Khan of Jhandul have made friends. The blood feud has been stifled by the latter giving his daughter in marriage to Safdar Khan's son. Considering what is at stake, it seems strange that the Government of India will not take the management of this frontier into its own hands. It will have to be done one day, and the sooner it is done the better it will be."

QUEEN'S BENCH COURT No. 4 was nearly the scene of a tragedy the other day. Baron Huddleston was sitting there and quarrelling viciously with everybody concerned in the case he was trying, when the door behind him was opened by a minion who whispered a few hurried words to his lordship and in a moment there was peace. "One hears that on great occasions of fire or flood," says a correspondent, "the fiercest carnivora will cower harmlessly in a common refuge with animals which, under ordinary circumstances, they would prefer to dine upon. And so in like manner the presence of a common danger suddenly made the learned Baron wondrous kind. "I am told," he said with some pardonable agitation, "that one of the beams in the roof is likely to come down: and I think the sooner we all get out of this the better." Never did a judicial opinion meet with a more universal or flattering assent. The judge forgot his infirmities and vanished through the back-door like a harlequin, while counsel, solicitors, parties, witnesses and the loafing public struggled to escape by the narrow exits in an indiscriminate mob. Indeed, the furniture of the Royal Courts of Justice seems to be in a bad way generally. On Saturday the Chancellor was sitting with Fry and Lord Esher in Appeal Court No. 1, and was highly delighted at posing Cooper Willis with some legal conundrum which I didn't understand. This, however, oddly enough din't seem to damp his lordship's joviality to any appreciable extent, and he threw himself back to chuckle more effectively over his own joke. But the chair was entirely overcome by such generous condescension, and promptly broke: and this did damp his lordship's joviality rather suddenly."

PEOPLE who dream of making their fortunes by inventions should think of something simple. The too ingenious inventor, with large ambitions and complicated plans, frequently comes to ruin. The plaintiffs in a Chancery case before Mr. Justice Kay, which was concluded the other day, were content to invent little metal plates which careful people could themselves attach to their boots and shoes to arrest the wearing down process at heel or toe. It came out that they had netted a quarter of a million by this happy thought. In 1887 they made a hundred and forty-three millions of these much appreciated plates. Unfortunately for them, Mr. Justice Kay does not uphold the validity of their patent, and has dismissed their action to restrain others from making such plates. The publicity given to their success is therefore likely to expose them to more competition. It would have been better for them to have been contented with their sale of 143,000,000 plates per annum.

SHORTLY before eight o'clock, on the evening of the 26th ult., a lady emerged from the Grand Hotel at Charing-cross, and entering a four-wheeled cab, requested to be driven to Piccadilly. On arriving in Piccadilly-circus the report of a firearm was heard, and smoke was seen to be issuing from the window of the cab. A constable rushed forward and found that the lady had shot herself through the head with a revolver. He jumped into the cab, and told the cabman to drive to St. George's Hospital. On arriving at that institution it was found that the lady was still living, but in an unconscious condition. Her identity has not been established.

LORD ROSEBERY, it is said, is about to introduce a team of fast-trotting horses into England; horses which, in the language of the American turf or track, can cover a mile in "two-forty." Some rich Americans at present in this country have sent over to their own studs for their buggy or waggon teams, so that trotting in England is very likely to become fashionable during the ensuing season.

DEATH OF MR. N. SPENCER.

WE regret to announce the death of Mr. Nathaniel Spencer, barrister-at-law, Second Judge of the Bombay Small Causes Court, which took place yesterday morning, in his sixty-second year, at his bungalow, Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill. Mr. Spencer enjoyed uniformly good health, and was seldom absent from his duties. Two or three days before the commencement of the Small Causes Court vacation, on the 14th inst., he had what was believed to be a passing indisposition; and on Tuesday last he accompanied his wife and four daughters on board the steamship Damascus, by which they left for England that day. On Wednesday he was attended by Dr. Sidney Smith, who prescribed for him; but nothing serious was apprehended by either the doctor or the patient. Yesterday morning, however, Mr. Spencer became suddenly very ill, and about 6-30 a.m died of apoplexy, the same cause which carried off his younger brother, Mr. J. Spencer, Registrar of the Small Causes Court, in December, 1886. Mr. Nathaniel Spencer was born in Bombay on the 10th April, 1827, and was educated in Mr. A. B. Boswell's school, then located in the Fort. His father was Assistant Secretary to Government in the Military Department, who retired on pension after a public service of forty-five years, and died some years ago at his residence at Colaba. Mr. Nathaniel Spencer joined the service in December, 1849, as an assistant in the Judicial Department of the Bombay Secretariat; and was three years later appointed Clerk of the Court of Small Causes. By his natural intelligence and industry he became thoroughly conversant with the laws and procedure applicable to the Court, and was in December, 1861, considered qualified to be appointed acting third judge of the Court. In the following year he officiated as second judge; and was in June, 1863, confirmed in the appointment of third judge. For various periods he acted as second judge, reverting to his substantive appointment of third judge of the Court until February, 1873, in which month he was permanently appointed to the office of second judge. Having discharged the duties of the office continuously for two years, he left in October, 1875, on furlough to Europe for two years and four months. During his stay in England, he studied for the Bar at Lincoln's Inn, and for his proficiency in Roman Law gained a prize of £50. Having been called to the Bar in England Mr. Spencer returned to Bombay in February, 1878, and made the usual declaration before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bayley as an advocate of the Bombay High Court. He continued, however, to serve on the bench of the Small Causes Court; and during the absence of Mr. W. E. Hart, officiated as Chief Judge of the Court from May to November, 1879, again from May to November, 1883, from July to October, 1884, and lastly from December, 1886, to December, 1887. In the time of Sir James Fergusson as Governor, Mr. Spencer was, along with the late Sir Maxwell Melvill, Mr. R. M. Sayani, and others, appointed on the Khoja Commission to enquire into the laws and usages of the Khoja community regarding succession, the right of a son to enforce partition during the life-time of the father, &c. The Commission, after much labour, framed a bill which encountered general opposition, and was finally shelved by the Viceroy's Council. As a judge, Mr. Spencer was uniformly courteous to all members of the legal profession, among whom he was highly popular; and was very widely esteemed by the gentlemen practising as well as by the suitors who appeared before him. In private life he was greatly honoured and esteemed for his genteel disposition and unvarying kind-heartedness. He was a trustee of the estate of the late Mr. Ardasir Hormusjee Wadia. He leaves behind him a widow and four daughters, who proceeded to England on Tuesday last, and two other daughters, now in India, one of whom is a teacher to the children of Kathiawar princes, and the other to the children of the Thakore Saheb of Wadhwan.

THE FUNERAL.

The funeral cortege of the deceased gentleman left his residence at Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, precisely at 4 o'clock, and arrived at the Sewree Cemetery at half-past 5 o'clock, followed by the chief mourners, Messrs. F. A. Spencer, F. D. Spencer, and other nephews of the deceased, together with a large number of friends and members of the legal profession. The coffin, which was of polished teak, was borne to the grave on the shoulders of four Europeans furnished by the undertakers, Messrs. P. Hamilton and Co. The Rev. H. C. Squires, who officiated, read the burial service in a solemn and impressive manner. Amongst those present at the cemetery were Messrs. J. Warden, J. M. Slater, J. P. Gornforth, F. A. Little, C. B. Lynch, W. Roughton, R. S. Brown, N. Roberts, J. R. Duxbury, O'Connell, Payne, Craigie, O. Tomlinson, Captain Walsh, Rev. C. Gilder, and several other European gentlemen. Amongst the native gentlemen present were noticed Messrs. Dosabhoy Framjee, B. N. Kotwal, Dosabhoy Eduljee Guzdar, Manockjee Bomonjee Gora, Hormusjee Shapoorjee, R. M. Patel, Anundrao Basker, Framjee R. Joshi, Nusserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia, H. A. Wadia, Hormusjee Rustomjee Oomrigur, Bomanjee Sorabjee Mehta, and several others.

IT is stated that Mr. Byrne, who was deputed by the Government of India in 1884 to examine the accounts and procedure of work adopted by some of the offices in the Madras Presidency, is again to visit Madras on a similar mission.

IN the current number of the *Englishwoman's Review*, Miss Frances Power Cobbe refers to a recent discussion on the size of women's skulls and the weight of their brains, as compared with those of men. Miss Cobbe attaches little importance to the relative sizes of heads, and adduces in support of her unbelief the fact that Mrs. Somerville's head was the smallest she has ever seen. She also inquires who were the women on whose skulls Professor Romanes based his calculations? Miss Cobbe has some reason for asking the question. Some years ago when visiting the museum of the College of Surgeons, under the guidance of Professor Flower, she asked him to show her some of the best skulls of women in the collection. He replied that there were no good ones, as only the bodies of female paupers could be obtained for scientific purposes, those of women of the higher classes being unprocurable. Whereupon Miss Cobbe immediately asked the Professor if he would like to have her skull when she had done with it. The offer was eagerly accepted, and she added a codicil to her will bequeathing her skull to the College of Surgeons. The codicil has since been revoked, Miss Cobbe does not tell us why. If Professor Romanes was in the same position as the College of Surgeons with regard to female skulls, while at the same time he quoted the abnormal weight of brain of Thackeray, and gave the measurements of heads owned by men celebrated in letters and science, he has been guilty of some injustice to women's heads. But the smallness of Mrs. Somerville's head goes to show that there may be something in fineness of quality rather than in abundant quantity. Many stupid persons of both sexes have large heads. In some parts of England the term "big head" is used synonymously with blockhead and thickhead. The only way by which to arrive at correct conclusions seems to be that suggested by Miss Cobbe herself, that intellectual women should bequeath their skulls to the Royal College of Surgeons.

FOUR young ladies, who resorted to a matrimonial agency to obtain husbands, were the subjects of discussion at a meeting of creditors held at Exeter recently. The debtor was a young furniture dealer named Crocker, who, upon being pressed by his creditors, made a deed of assignment and then absconded. The trustee announced that in turning over the debtor's papers he discovered that the editor of a paper devoted to matrimonial advertisements had offered the defendant the choice of four young ladies, their ages varying from twenty to twenty-six, all said to be possessed of money; one of them being "very accomplished," and another "very refined." The debtor had selected a young lady residing at Oxford, and in response to his application she had advanced him 50*l*., and was ready to advance him a further 150*l*. when negotiations were stopped by the action of the creditors. Considerable amusement was created by this correspondence, and the debtor's action was referred to as a new method by which impecunious persons could raise money. The debtor did not appear at the meeting, and it was stated that a warrant was about to be issued for his apprehension.

RETIREMENT OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

YESTERDAY'S *Government Gazette* contains a notification of the retirement from the service of Deputy Surgeon-General Thomas Gillham Hewlett, C.I.E., M.R.C.S., who has filled the office of Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Bombay since 1881. Dr. Hewlett, who was born on the 2nd December, 1831, joined the Indian Medical Service as Assistant Surgeon on the Bombay Establishment on the 20th January, 1854, arriving in the country in the following February. After several years of general duty both with the Indian Army and Navy Dr. Hewlett became Acting Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Vaccination at Rajkot. From 1st May, 1863, to 30th June, 1865, he was acting Deputy Assay Master in the Bombay Mint; on the 13th December, 1864, appointed to do duties of Surgeon to the the Coroner of Bombay; Coroner of Bombay (temporary), 9th June, 1865; Consulting Officer of Health, Bombay, 1st July, 1865; Health Officer, 1st August, 1865. He acted as Municipal Commissioner of Bombay from 21st October to 7th December, 1872, reverting to the Health Officership on the 8th December, shortly after which he was appointed Sheriff of Bombay and Superintendent of the Common Jail. Being appointed Surgeon-Major in 1873, Dr. Hewlett resigned the Health Officership of Bombay. Whilst Surgeon to the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital he was a member of the Bombay Corporation and Town Council, and was also appointed a member of the Standing Medical Committee. During his services to the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital Dr. Hewlett did temporary duties as Deputy Surgeon-General. From April, 1881, he acted as Sanitary Commissioner, to which post he was permanently appointed in May, 1883. Dr. Hewlett was promoted to the rank of Deputy Surgeon-General in 1879, having been promoted Surgeon-Major in 1873. He saw war service on several occasions during the discharge of his various offices. In January, 1856, he served in the Red Sea on the Company's steam frigate Queen in defence of the Turkish ports, and was present at the attack and repulse of the Arab tribe, Asir, at Hodeida. He then served with a battery of Bombay Artillery with the Rajputana Field Force, and was the only medical officer present at the destruction of the fortified village of Rowa, on the 6th January, 1858. He was present at the siege and total demolition of the fort of Awa at the operations before Kotab, served in the trenches, and was present in the pursuit of the rebels into Gwalior. Dr. Hewlett retired on a pension of £950 with effect from the 13th instant.

Surgeon-Major Collin MacRury, who suceeds Dr. Hewlett as Sanitary Commissioner, was born in May 15, 1843, and joined the service in April, 1869. After acting as Civil Surgeon at Kotri, Karachi, and Shikarpur, respectively, Dr. MacRury did general duty for several years, was then Deputy Sanitary Commissioner of the Konkan District; on special duty under Brigader-General Phayre, and after being Deputy Sanitary Commissioner both in the Sind and the Central Registration District, acted as Sanitary Commissioner of Bombay during the absence of Dr. Hewlett.

MILITARY NEWS.

MAJOR J. GRANT, S.C., has been permitted to retire from the service on a pension of £250.

EXTENSION of leave has been granted to Surgeon A. F. Sargent for six months on medical certificate.

LIEUTENANT HAYDEN, of the West Riding Regiment, has been appointed Adjutant of the Simla Volunteers.

CAPTAIN F. STEVENSON, S.C., 19th Bombay Infantry, has been appointed to be Brigade-Major on the establishment in succession to Captain D. C. W. Harrison, who has been appointed to be Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.

A GUN of a heavy type, which was being tested on the 26th ult., at the proof butts on Woolwich Marshes, burst, blowing away a portion of the muzzle. It is understood that the weapon was one built upon a new principle, and of a construction totally different to the ordinary service gun.

THE BOMBAY SOCIAL PEST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that Government have issued final orders in connection with the social evil in Bombay, it is to be hoped the police will send the late residents of Cursetji Sooklaji Street back to their old abodes as soon as possible, and relieve us poor sufferers from the nuisance we have had to put up with for nearly a year.—Yours, &c.,

KHETWADI.

May 16.

SOME EDUCATIONAL APPOINTMENTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—If portions of my last letter had not been omitted in publication, "One who knows all" would have been spared the trouble of contradicting me or accusing me of want of knowledge. The projected transfer will require the Physics lecturer to teach Astronomy, and the Engineering lecturer to teach Physics: each gentleman is in his own element at his own college, and will only become a fish out of water when the contemplated change takes effect.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

May 16.

[*,* Portions of our correspondent's letter were omitted because they seemed to reflect on the qualifications of individual lecturers.—ED., *B. G.*]

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. & O. Co.'s s.s. Shannon, Capt. C. R. Edwards, will sail to-day for London with the Europe mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Rev and Mrs Goldwyer Lewis	Mr R T Peake
Mr and Mrs Parr and 2 children	Col and Mrs McGhee
General C B Knowles	Col R M Thomas
Miss Carpenter	Dr Hewlett
Master Hearn	Mr Moyle Sherer
Miss Ward	Mrs E Haydn and infant
Mrs C Daniell	Mr Forde
Miss Naden	Mr D Fraser
Mrs Chambers	Capt G Nirson.
Mrs Brooks	Dr DeSilva
Mr R N Mant	Lady Plowden
Mr C G W Macpherson, CS, CIE	Mrs Duncan and 2 children
Mrs Macpherson and child	Mr Foster
Mr and Mrs Jennings and two children	Mrs Pyrke
Mr and Mrs Dawson and child	Mr C E Ross
Mr A L Devon	Mrs Slidell and child
Mr Harrison	Mr H Johnstone
Mrs Richford and two infants	Mr R Waymouth
Mr Mouncher	Mr J Story
Mr Harding	Mr J Hackaday
	Mr T M Willington
	Mr Salt
	Mrs Wright and 2 children
	Mr J Gardiner
	Mrs G Dale
	Mr J Duffy

FOR BRINDISI.

Capt H R Webb	Mr Pedley
Mr A Huson	Mr H S Guinness
Mr and Mrs Dunkerley	Mr C M Prendergart
Mr and Mrs T F Bradbury	Mr H W Smith
Mr and Mrs G H Bayley	Surg-Major A M Steuart
Miss Taylor	Major F Porter
Mrs Hargrave	Mr J L Fendall
Major Firebrace	Mr John Home
Col T A Corballis	Mr Gerli
Capt H H Barnet	Mr M Ayatullap
Rev J Abbott	Mr Mahomed Hassan
Rt Rev the Bishop of Bombay	Mr M Sulleman
	Mr Knowles
Col Prideaux	Mrs Bigg Wither
Major G W Sawyer	Mr and Mrs J Knowles
Major and Mrs LeBreton	Mr A T Mitchell
Major T Hill, R E	Mr Erich
Mr C R MacCartie	Capt Dunlop
Mr and Mrs A Cotterell Tupp	Col C J Smith
	Capt Bunny
Col Figate, R E	Capt Appleton
Mr Porter	Mr B Lane
Mr N S Glazebrook	Mr A J Primrose
Mr and Mrs Stickland	Mr H N Swinnerton
Lieut G C Stockwell	Mr Braesecke
Mr Fachiri	Mr L A Wallace
Major Gompertz	Surg-n-Genl Henderson
Mr E Cliff rd	Capt Jud

From Aden to Plymouth—Mr Sealey and child.

The following passages have been engaged :—

The s.s. Assam, Capt. G. F. W. Browne, 22nd May, 1888.

FOR BRINDISI.

Hon'ble Justice West	Col Wise
Lieut W E Hill	Mr Shepherd

The s.s. Thames, Capt. W. A. Seaton, 29th May, 1888.

FOR LONDON.

Mr J N Gibbon	Mr R Hough
Miss E Gibbon	Mr and Mrs Wendon

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr T Bernard Hall	Mr Moore
Mr W A Thurman	Mr B Stranes
Mr J Fleming	Lieut Barradicle
Mr T A Ezeckiel	Dr Mullane
Mr Steiner	Mr Fraser
Mr Rowan	Mr Wannberg
Mr D R Dady	Mr H McMillan

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following are the Bombay season reports for the week ending the 15th May :—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 14th, 7 feet 4 inches against 8 feet 2 inches on the same date last year. Outturn of late spring crop 11 annas in the rupee; agricultural operations progressing. Agricultural stock in fair condition.

Shikarpur.—Harvesting of rabi crops finished cotton crops flourishing; preparations for kharif continue. Condition of agricultural stock and public health good.

Hyderabad.—Rabi crops in good condition; rabi harvesting nearly completed; kharif cultivation in progress. Agricultural stock healthy except in one taluka.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Kharif operations at tail of Nurwah commenced; wheat harvest completed.

Ahmedabad.—Rabi harvesting and cotton-picking completed; land being manured for kharif cultivation. Agricultural stock in good condition. Slight cholera in the city and in Dhandhuka and Viramgam Talukas.

Panch Mahals.—Agricultural condition and public health good. Cattle-disease in Dohad ceased.

Kaira.—Land being prepared for monsoon sowings; cotton-picking progressing. Agricultural stock in good condition.

Broach.—Heat great. Prices of food-grains normal. Cattle healthy. Slight cholera in city; severe in several villages of Jambusar and Amod Talukas.

Surat.—Preparation for next season crops in progress throughout the district. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Scarcity of fodder in Pardi Taluka. Cholera in Olpad, Chorasi, Jalalpor, Chikhli, Bulsar add Mandvi Talukas, Petha Mahal Valad and Surat city, 114 cases, 71 deaths.

Khandesh.—Thrashing of wheat almost completed. Condition of agricultural stock good, ploughing operations for the next season's kharif crop commenced,

Nasik.—Rain 65 cents in Dindori and 54 cents in Igatpuri. Harvesting completed; preparation for next sowing in progress; outturn of crops 10 to 11 annas in the rupee. Cattle healthy.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature rose from 2deg. cool on 9th to 1deg. warm on 12th and then remained steady till end of week. Vapour in air normal on 9th and 10th, afterwards excessive. Abnormal wind southerly on 12th, 13th and 15th: wind normal on all other days. Thunder and lightning on 12th and distant lightning on the 13th.

Thana.—Preparations for next season's rice crop progressing. Cholera in five talukas, cases 81, fatal 76. Condition of agricultural stock good. Want of fodder in two talukas. Second sort rice 22 pounds.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 14th May 1888).—Slight cholera in Pen, Panvel and Roha Talukas; cattle-disease in Roha and Mahad Talukas. Preparation of fields for monsoon crops continues. Rice, second sort, 26½ and turdal, second sort, 21-4-5 pounds per rupee.

Ratnagiri.—Preparation of lands for next cultivation in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition. Want of fodder felt in two talukas. Weather cloudy. Slight cattle-disease in parts of four talukas.

Poona.—Light showers of rain in Junnar, Indapur, Khed, Purandhar and Maval Talukas and in petha Baramati and Poona City; maximum 47 and minimum 3 cents in talukas Khed and Indapur respectively. Land is being prepared for the next season. Agricultural stock good. Public health fair. Bajri 33 and jowari 41 pounds in the district, and bajri 32 and jowari 35 pounds per rupee in Poona City.

Ahmednagar.—Ploughing in progress. Rain partial and very slight in Nagar and Shrigonda, Cholera in nine villages of Sangumner, attacks 59, deaths 28. Bajri 44, jowari 52 pounds,

Sholapur.—Lands are being prepared for the next season. Condition of the agricultural stock is generally good. Rain in Sholapur 93, Barsi 17, Madha 28, Karmala 2, Pandharpur 21, and Malsiras 18 cents.

Satara.—Heavy rain in Satara. Ploughing operation in progress. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Rain maximum, Bijapur 1 inch 50 cents, minimum, Indi 9 cents. Ploughing operations continue.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 80 cents. Sowing operations commenced in Belgaum Taluka; rice crop benefited by rain in Khanapur Taluka, elsewhere land being prepared for sowing. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Dharwar.—Rain throughout the district, varying from 14 cents in Mugud to 88 cents in Ranebennur. Harvesting of late crops and picking of cotton completed; scarcity of fodder in Navalgund and of drinking water in some villages of Gadag, Karajgi, Kod and Nargund. Cholera in Dharwar, Hubli, Navalgund and Kalghatgi Talukas, 63 cases fatal out of 118.

Kanara.—Ploughing and manuring land. Thunder storm on Sunday 13th; rainfall 1 inch 58 cents.

Rajkot.—Ploughing of land for kharif crops in progress. Agricultural stock in tolerably good condition. Scarcity of forage reported in some villages of Jetpur.

Wadhwan.—Weather hot. Fodder and water difficulty felt in some parts. Lands prepared for sowing.

Baroda.—Public health fair. 17 cents rain fell in Amreli Town. Cholera continues in Sinor, Choranda, Chandod and Baroda Talukas of the Baroda Division, Gandevi, Palsana, Kamrej and Navsari Talukas of Navsari Division, and in some places in Amreli Division. Slight cattle-disease in some places in Kadi and Navsari Divisions. Probable outturn of crops generally 8 to 12 annas. Condition of cattle generally fair. No scarcity of fodder. Prices steady. Bajri 24, wheat 19, and rice 23 pounds.

General Remarks.—Rain in parts of Nasik, Poona, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur, Belgaum, Dharwar, Kanara, and Baroda. Cotton-picking progressing in parts of Kaira. Harvesting late crops completed in Shikarpur, Upper Sind Frontier, Nasik and Dharwar; continues in Hyderabad and Khandesh. Ploughing for next season progressing in most districts. Fodder scarce in parts of Surat, Thana, Ratnagiri, Dharwar, and Kathiawar.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

May 18.—Departure of M. S. Shannon.
„ 19.—Rangoon Spring Races.
„ 20.—Pentecost.
Whit Monday.
„ 22.—Departure of M. S. Assam.
„ 23.—Town Council, 3 p.m.
„ 24.—The Queen-Empress' Birthday.
Pachmari Sky Races.
„ 26.—Pachmari Sky Races.
„ 29.—Departure of M. S. Thames.
„ 30.—Derby Day.
Town Council, 3 p.m.
June 4.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 5.—Simla Races.
„ 7.—Simla Races.
July 24.—Bangalore Races.
„ 26.—Bangalore Races.
„ 28.—Bangalore Races.
„ 31.—Bangalore Races.
Aug. 7.—Poona Sky Races.
„ 9.—Poona Sky Races.
„ 14.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 16.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 18.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 25.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 28.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 30.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
Sept. 1.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 20.—Poona Races.
„ 22.—Poona Races.
„ 25.—Poona Races.
„ 27.—Poona Races.
„ 29.—Poona Races.
Oct. 15.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 17.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 19.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 30.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
Nov. 1.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
„ 3.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
„ 6.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 8.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 10.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 17.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 20.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 22.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 24.—Hyderabad Races.
Dec. 22.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)
„ 26.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)
„ 29.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Whilst the inhabitants of our great cities suffer from the effects of overcrowding and all its attendant evils, both physical and moral, the more robust and energetic emigrant will in his turn be liable to suffer in his new home from the want of ready skill and the great medical resources of his native land always at command. The best advice a friend can give is for him to take a supply of these well known remedies as part of his outfit, for by attention to the easily understood and yet ample directions which accompany each box and pot, he will never be at fault when taken ill or under any adverse sanitary conditions of life.

THE KHOJAK RAILWAY.

THE Allahabad paper, in an article on the Khojak Railway, says :—

The actual planning and construction of the line presents many interesting features. Leaving Quetta we pass along a sparsely cultivated tract till we arrive near Gulistan. Up to this place the country presents the aspect of a plain more or less diversified by low hills and bounded by mountains more or less distant. It is intersected in all directions by dry nullahs, the result of old rainfall, and presents small difficulties for road or railway. The line up to Gulistan may be described as flat. From Gulistan to the old fort of Killa Abdulla the line skirts the wall of mountains through which we are presently to penetrate, and in the past four months this portion of the line has been laid, and the train takes the visitor without hitch into Killa Abdulla itself. The half-deserted little post has now the appearance of a thriving town. Kafilas stop here and discharge goods to go on by train, a daily service now running to and from Quetta. It is at this point that the Khwaja Pass begins. Starting at Killa Abdulla about 5,100 feet above the sea it rises in nine miles to 7,200, thus presenting very great difficulties to the construction of a railway. These difficulties indeed are so great that General Sir James Browne, after all the experience gained on the construction of the Sind-Pishin railway, estimated that it would cost no less than 350 lakhs to construct the thirty miles between Gulistan and Charman. What it actually will cost remains to be seen. Meanwhile two separate problems confront the Chief Engineer, Mr. F. L. O'Callaghan, who has been entrusted by Government with the design and execution of the works. The first is, of course, the main through railway which is to open the way to Kandahar, and which is nowhere to have a curve sharper than 800 feet in radius or an incline more severe than one in forty, so as to enable ordinary engines to ascend the ghat. The second is the supplementary problem of being prepared to throw troops and munitions, rails, rolling-stock and fuel over the summit, if the need should arise before it is possible to pierce the range.

Both these have been attacked. A temporary railway has now been laid up to the steepest part of the pass near where the tunnel of the main line enters the hill, and inclines rising at the steep angle of 45 degrees are being made to be worked by winding engines placed at the top of the hill. These inclines are perhaps the most impressive feature of the works at present, and being open to the light of day convey more idea of engineering skill than the mole-burrow through the hill, which nevertheless is a far more difficult and costly matter. Up the side of the mountain for about half a mile the rock has been planed down to a regular slope which seems terribly steep for anything of the nature of a railway, and on which the labourers, as an engineer described it, seem to stick like flies on a wall. At the top another piece of line is being laid out which leads to the descending incline, a similar but more difficult work than the other. All this is well forward, and will be completed on the arrival of the machinery to work the special trucks which are to run on the inclines. So that as regards this part of the business all that can be has been effected.

We return now to the foot of the actual pass which, nameless before, is now called Shelabagh. This is the terminus of the temporary line and the place where the railway that is to be enters the tunnel 2½ miles in length, which leads to Chaman on the other side of the water-shed. Coming up the temporary line the earth-works for the permanent railway may be seen winding in and out among the hills, now lost in a long detour necessary to gain the distance in which to attain the required elevation, now appearing high above on the mountain side. The location has, however, been so skilfully selected that singularly few heavy banks and viaducts appear in its course, and this absence of large works is a feature which to the experienced eye will speak volumes for the pains and skill employed in laying out the line. The tunnel has been taken through the thinnest portion of the chain, and is for a double line of rails. It is on an easy gradient for the greater part of its length. It will probably be through hard clay, slate and shale for its whole length unless the core of the hill should prove to be of other material which the geological formation of the country is said to render unlikely. Boring machinery worked by compressed air has come out from England, and will soon be erected. The tunnel is divided into three sections by shafts which are being rapidly sunk. When these reach their proper depth a heading will be driven from each of them to meet the similar headings advancing from the Shelabagh and the Chaman side, and when it is remembered that the entrances and the shaft are all invisible from each other, it will be evident that in the bowels of the earth is a matter of no small anxiety to the engineering staff. It may be added that English miners have been engaged to work the drilling machines, it having been discovered that British labour is best for hard work under rough conditions, even if five times as expensive, man for man, as that of the Indian coolie.

On the further side of the mountains the descent to the plains is much more abrupt than on the eastern or Indian side, and it is on this side that the heaviest earthworks and bridges are met with. The line here also has by all accounts been admirably aligned, not a useless piece of bank or cutting in the whole descent which works out to the same slope as the ascending, gradient of 1 in 40 across the seamed and scarred hillsides, through spurs and over nullahs, till it reaches the little fort of Chaman at the foot of the hills from which the level country stretches away to Kandahar, offering no further obstacles to the engineer.

For the carrying out of this great work there are five engineers in all on the spot under the orders of the Chief Engineer, Mr. F. C. O'Callaghan. They are living in tents at present, though temporary quarters are in process of erection. The life is one of heavy responsibility and constant exertion. A mistake in their work of a few feet in the levels, or the least error in the direction of the alignment, would involve the complete loss of lakhs of rupees. The lives of the workmen and of future passengers depend on their skill and precautions, and we must express our admiration for their skill, energy, and self-sacrifice, and for the loyalty with which their work is done for the Government of India. And yet on this very work the two senior officers in charge, men over 33 years of age, and of ten and eleven years' service, are worse off as regards pay, furlough, leave and pension than if they had entered the Staff Corps or the Indian Medical Service. They are both of them 1st Grade Assistant Engineers temporarily promoted to the fourth executive rank. It is little short of marvellous how well the Indian Government is served and how ill it repays the loyalty which serves it, at all events out of the Convenanted Civil Service. All Chief Engineers are always ready to express the obligations they are under to their staff for the successfull prosecution of great works. Mr. O'Callaghan would be the first to admit that a chief, however able, can do next to nothing without able assistants, and at the same time his own inability to do anything to remedy neglect of faithful service which almost amounts to breach of faith.

DISASTROUS floods have occurred along the banks of the Canton river. Several villages have been submerged, and a few hundred people drowned. Relief is being sent to the numerous sufferers from Canton and Hongkong.

THE *Japan Mail* states that an earthquake was felt in Yokohama, on the 5th April, about half-past two, which was of considerable duration. The oscillations were long and slow, the motions being of a rocking nature, quite unusual in their regularity.

A SHORT time ago the Canton authorities gave orders that all the forts, men-of-war, and the troops on the walls, whenever an unusually black cloud was seen, should fire guns, with a view of putting an end to the very rainy weather that has prevailed.

THE Rev. T. Bomford, of the Church Missionary Society, solicits subscriptions to a fund to enable him to restore the graves of the Englishmen who fell fighting before Mooltan in 1848 49. One hundred and eighty-six officers and men lost their lives, and were buried in the vicinity, but only seventy-three graves are known, and these require attention. Among others that have been found are those of Colonel Pattoun and Major Gordon, 60th Rifles; Captains Brooke, Bailey, Keith, Erskine, Hollingsworth, and Montezambert, and Lieutenants Cubill, Thompson, Graham, Plumer, and others. Mr. Bomford has taken great trouble in searching for and renovating the graves, and as his appeals have not been greatly responded to the expenditure has exceeded the sums collected.

THERE has very nearly been a second case of running *amuck* at Delhi. One of the pipers of the King's Own Scottish Borderers, on being spoken to somewhat sharply by the orderly corporal on barrack duty in regard to the untidiness of his bed, drew his claymore and rushed at the non-commissioned officer, who was obliged to beat a precipitate retreat. The piper then proceeded to clear the barracks of its other occupants in a similar manner, and, taking possession of the room, refused to give himself up. He did this later on, however, evidently repenting his rashness.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The ship Hilston, 1,998, tons, Capt J V Seabourne, will sail to-day for Dunkirk, with a general cargo.

The s s Ross-shire, 1,361 tons, Capt W Hewat, cleared outward yesterday for Batavia, in ballast.

The s s Westbourne, 1,227 tons, Capt R Bennington, arrived yesterday morning from Batoum, in ballast.

The s s Bushire, 539 tons, Capt J Skinner, arrived yesterday from Marmagao, with a general cargo and 98 deck passengers.

The s s Thibet, 1,671 tons, Capt G W Atkinson, cleared, yesterday afternoon, for Singapore and Hongkong which ports she sails for with a general cargo.

ARRIVAL OF I. M. S. CANNING.

Her Majesty's Indian Marine Ship Canning, Commander B. P. Creagh, arrived in Bombay yesterday with a native regiment, the 23rd Bombay L. I., from Rangoon. The Canning left Rangoon on the 6th May for Bombay, and for the greater part of the journey experienced very squally and monsoonish weather. Prior to May and since November last she had been conveying troops between Madras and Rangoon and she made two trips to Calcutta. The voyage passed without incident except the decorating with the Suakim medals; several of the crews, who, time-expired from the I. M. vessels at Rangoon, were being brought to Bombay to be paid off. The gallant 23rd which had given a very good account of itself in Burmah consisted of 686 men and the following officers:—Col-Gatacre, C. B., Commandant, Col Ebden, Captains. Kellie and Scallon, Lieutenants, Wilson and Conran and Surgeon Wailland. Surgeon-Major Henderson and Surgeon Briggs were passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—May 17.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Thibet	1671	G. W. Atkinson.	A	P. & O. Co.
„ Persia	2317	Hutchinson	B	W.&A. Graham & Co.
„ Shannon	2162	C. R. Edwards	C	P. & O. Co.
„ Britania	1991	J. Black	D	W.& A. Graham
„ Othello	1934	J. Atkins	E	F. Muir & Co.
„ Etolia	2108	W. Gill	F	Killick, Nixon & Co.
„ Strathmore.	1383	J. Macdonald	J	W.& A. Graham & Co.
„ Fastnet	1497	T. Darley	K	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ K. of S. George	1976	Thomas	L	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Rafford Hall	2580	Moffat	M	E. Bates & Co.
„ Sirocco	1341	J. Gill	N	Captain.
„ Highfield	1698	Simpson	O	J. Mackintosh.
„ Australasian	2343	A. Simpson	P	F. Muir & Co.
„ Clan Murray	1373	Worfalk	Q	....
„ European	1736	Mandeno	Ibis	E. Bates & Co.
„ Venetia	1609	Cole	Alongside.	P. & O. Co.
„ Brookfield	1559	Stabeli		J. Mackintosh & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
Ship. Colony	1694	Owens	1	W.& A. Graham & Co.
S.S. Greystoke	1377	P. W. Sherwood	3	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Niagara	2044	Meconachie	4	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Mameluke	1752	A. Newey	5	K. Nixon & Co.
„ C. Arbib	1646	H. Tarbig	6	Captain.
„ Florence	1576	White	7	Captain.
„ Thorndale	1970	Ethrington	8	The Bo. Co.
„ Lancaster	1117	J. T. Leggett	9	F. Muir & Co.
„ Carlton	1322	Story	10	Captain.
Ship Boadicea	1895	Davies	11	....
S.S. Flamboro	1261	H. Russell	12	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Katie	2116	Lund	13	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Elpis	1301	Frank	15	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Abeona	1405	Corner	16	
„ Ardbeg	..	....	18	J. Mackintosh & Co.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
17	Westbourne (s)	Bennington.	Batoum.
	Bushire (s)	Skinner	Marmagao.

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
17	Ross-shire (s)	Bennington.	Batavia.
	Thibet (s)	Atkinson	Singapore.

The following vessels entered to load yesterday:—
Steamer Elpis, for Belfast.
„ Westbourne, for Bordeaux.
Ship Ardbeg, for Dunkirk.

CALCUTTA.

May. ARRIVAL.
13 Simla s ....Major ....Moulmein, May 9.

DEPARTURES.

May 12.—Steamers Culna, Lalpoora, Wardha, Urania and Medea.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—May 16.

Capt C Leteban, Bo, 7th B Infy, on leave, from Mhow.

Col A J Filgate, Mad, Royal Engineers, on furlough, from Simla.

Lt H H Wurse, Bo, 2nd Hamps Regt, *en route* to Peshim, from Satara.

Col Corballis, Bo, 2nd R Dublin Fusiliers, on leave to England, from Nusserabad.

Lt-Col McGhee, Mad, 27th Regt N I, on leave to Europe, from Madras.

Lt-Col J Willoughby, Bo, 3rd Q O Bo Cavalry, on leave, to Poona.

DEPARTURES.—May 16.

Capt, C Leteban, Bo, 7th B I, on leave, to Mhow.

Col A J Filgate, Madras R E, on furlough, to England.

Lt-Col McGhee, Madras, 27th Regt M I, on leave, to England.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 16th May, 1888.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·797
Temperature of the Air	85·7
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·4
Dew Point	75·8
Relative humidity of Air	·727
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	2·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	89·8
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	81·0
General Directions of Wind.*	SW, SSW, SW, WSW, SW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	252

* From midnight to midnight.

An interesting incident took place in Berlin on the 22nd ult., says the correspondent of a London paper, when many thousands who were out for their Sunday holiday had assembled in front of the Palace. A lady in the crowd proposed to buy up all the violets which the vendors were selling there, and make a bouquet of them to send in to the Emperor as a greeting from his people. This was no sooner said than done. The Emperor was much moved by this hearty proof of sympathy, and wrote on a slip of paper "Does the Empress know about it? If not, I request her to go and speak to the lady." The Empress, however, had been informed of the circumstance, and sent for the lady who was a doctor's wife from Frankfort. Her Majesty, who was much moved, expressed her thanks, and said the Emperor was greatly pleased, and had pressed the flowers to his heart, saying he wished the people to receive his most hearty thanks for the proof of their love they had given him, and which had caused him so much gratification. With this answer the lady went out to the crowd. She held in her hand, as a precious memento, the slip of paper. It is difficult to describe the scene which took place, how she was surrounded and followed by thousands who wanted to hear the words over and over again, and displayed the greatest enthusiasm.

QUETTA POLO TOURNAMENT.

The Quetta Polo Tournament began on the 14th May. At the outset the weather was very unfavourable, as there was a duststorm and slight rain; but later in the evening it became perfect, and there was a large attendance. The polo ground is in splendid order: indeed, (says a correspondent) it is the best in India, being grassed and as fresh and level as a tennis-lawn.

Five teams have entered, and two ties were played off this evening. The first was between the Worcestershire Regiment and Quetta Station. The former were represented by Mr. Thomas, Captain Lenox-Conynghan, and Messrs. Randolph and Hardy; and the latter by Doctor Fullerton, Captain Whitehead, and Messrs. Harvey and Plowden.

The high wind interfered greatly with the game, which finally ended in a draw, each side scoring three goals. The umpires for a long time were doubtful of the last goal made, but finally gave it as a goal when it was too late to go on with play. This tie was to be played off yesterday.

The second game was between the King's Own Light Infantry and the Royal Artillery. For the former Captains Dorling and Cave and Messrs Vincent and Halliday played; while the latter were represented by Messrs. Murchison, Gordon, Radcliffe and DeBerry. The wind had subsided when these teams played and the game was a very good one, the gunners winning by two goals to one.

The 7th Bombay Cavalry drew a bye: their team consists of Major Jones, Captain Monteith, Mr. Wadeson and Dr. Stevenson.

BENGAL.

Stowaways.—Captain Southcott, commander of the B. S. British Isles, charged Barkey Conquor, and Lackey at the Calcutta Police Court with having surreptitously obtained passages on board that vessel from Liverpool. Complainant stated that accused had behaved very well on the passage out, and did what they could do willingly. Accused pleaded guilty, stating that they could not get any work at Liverpool, and thought that they could get a ship here. His Worship said that, taking into consideration the good character the Captain had given them, and their having behaved well on board, the sentence of the Court would be this time that they should undergo seven days' simple imprisonment each, and Inspector Raven was directed by his Worship to inform him in case the accused, on their release from prison, were unable to get a ship. Captain Southcott informed the Court that he had promised to give each of the accused Rs. 10, and he intended giving this money to them as soon as he got to the agents, so that the accused may be able to get board and lodgings for a few days, and not be taken up as vagrants. His Worship observed that his was a very liberal undertaking of the Captain who should deposit the money with the Shipping Master for the accused on their coming out of jail.—*Englishman.*

A New Steamer.—The Government have just completed, at the Kidderpore Dockyard, a new steamer, the Crocodile for the Eastern Bengal State Railway. The Crocodile with the Alligator, now running, is intended for the daily mail service, single-handed, between Goalundo and Dacca. She is 230 feet long, 28 feet beam, and 9 feet depth of hold, fitted with a flying or upper deck along her whole length. Her engines are English, of the double condensing type, and of 400 horse-power nominal, calculated to drive her 15 knots; she is also fitted with steam steering gear, and her forward windlass is worked by steam. She is a smart handy boat of fine lines, and admirably adapted for the purpose for which she is intended. To our thinking her accommodation is far too liberal for 1st and 2nd class passengers. These vessels carry on an average from 1,000 to 1,500 passengers daily for a nine to twelve hours' run, and of these, we doubt if the 1st and 2nd class together average 20, and yet four-fifths of the upper deck is set apart for their accommodation. Forward is the first-class saloon, with ladies' retiring-room and bath-room, with a commodious gentlemen's bath-room in the sponson below. Well abaft the engine-room hatch on the upper deck is the second-class saloon, similarly fitted, and the whole deck from this forward is allotted to the 1st and 2nd class passengers—the small portion of the upper deck abaft the 2nd class saloon and the main deck below being all that is reserved for the hundreds of the third class. For a short run of one day, the accommodation for first-class passengers, who do not average half-a-dozen, might answer for first and second, and the space from the engine-room hatch aft would then be available for the paying traffic. On the stocks on which the Crocodile was built, a decot Flat is now being constructed also for the E. B. S. Railway, and on the adjoining stocks, a small steamer is being built for the Godavery.—*Daily News.*

MADRAS.

An Enterprizing Brahman.—Mr. A. Gopalcharlu, an enterprizing Brahman, has, for some years past, been engaged in collecting funds for the erection of a Mandir in the Pettah, with which are to be connected a Library and an Orphanage. With this good object he has travelled all over North India, and has collected money from various officers, Rajahs and Zamindars. The works are progressing, and are to cost over ten or twelve thousand rupees. It is very creditable that single-handed he has been able to accomplish so much. The orphanage especially will be of great practical use to the native community. The Mysore Government have encouraged Mr. Gopalcharlu, who was formerly a student of the London Mission School, here under Mr. Walton. Subsequently he obtained Government emplyoment in the District Office; but gave it up to carry out his scheme.—*Bangalore Spectator.*

Madras Railway Prosecutions.—Nine persons were, in the first quarter of this year, charged by the Madras Railway authorities for committing offences against the Indian Penal Code and Company's Bye. laws. An East Indian, named D'Vaney, an underguard in the service of the same Company, was convicted of having travelled without a ticket from Ghooty to Nundalore by the 12-45 p.m. mail train, and absenting himself without leave, and sentenced to pay a fine of rupees four and the railway fare.—Jamal Mahomed Rowther, a cloth merchant, was fined Rs. 47 for submitting a false declaration of goods, and thereby defrauding the Company in the sum of rupees ten.—Palyan and Rungan, Railway porters, attached to the Bangalore Cantonment station, were sentenced to two and a half and six months' hard labour, respectively, for stealing two wet skins from a consignment of nineteen bags, *ex* Bangalore to Salt Cottaurs.—Two natives named Narrainsawmy and Moorgasen, for trespassing on the Avady station platform, were fined a rupee each.—Ramasawmy Naik, a bandyman, and Paumali, a railway porter, for extracting tobacco and omum seeds from consignments, the property of some merchants, were convicted and sentenced, the first to 15 days' rigorous imprisonment and the second to receive six lashes. The sum collected by fines amounted in all to Rs. 52—*Times.*

Municipal Funds and Education.—The Municipal Council of Madura regretted their inability to contribute towards the building of the American Mission High School. Thereupon the Director wrote:—"The Municipality have been disallowing the claim for the building grant all this time on the plea of want of funds, which can by no means be accepted; for including the sum of Rs. 2,264-1-8, the amount required of them as building grant, the net cost on education will amount to Rs. 11,970, which is considerably less than 15 per cent. of the estimated income from taxation, markets and rents. I would add here that the withholding of building grant by the Municipality has put the manager of the Mission High School to a great deal of inconvenience, as he is unable to go on with the work with the help of the Government grant alone that has already been sanctioned. I propose therefore to insert the whole amount in the Budget for 1888-89, and request that early orders be passed on the subject, directing the payment of the building grant to the American Mission High School without further delay. The question raised is one of great importance, for it involves the point whether the Government should compel payment of such claims. I certainly think they should, when funds are available, demand for refusal can be alleged. If this is not done, the demand upon Provincial Funds for building grants will, of necessity, extend beyond the classes of education for which Provincial Funds are directly responsible; such claims cannot equitably be refused if the disinclination of Municipal councillors to provide for them is permitted as a valid reason for refusal." The Government considering heavy claims upon the Municipality in connection with the water scheme, are not prepared to make the Council pay a building grant to the Amrican Mission High School against their wish.—*Ibid.*

"ROUGH ON CATARRH."

Corrects offensive odours at once. Complete cure of worst chronic cases; also unequalled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath.

"ROUGH ON PAINFUL AILMENTS."

Why suffer? Immediate relief and complete cure guaranteed. Ask for "Rough on Hæmorrhoids." Sure cure for any form of hæmorroids.

THE NILE FLOOD OF 1887.

Sir Colin Scott Moncrieff has prepared the following notes in reference to the Nile flood of 1887, which was not so high as that either of 1874 or 1878, but still may be classed as one of quite exceptional magnitude. Sir Colin says:—

When face to face with inundation we naturally looked for records of previous floods. It would have been invaluable to us to have known where were found the weakest points, what measures were found effective and what ineffective. But even of these two great floods within the last 13 years not an engineering record was forthcoming any more than if they had occurred in the reign of a Pharaoh.

It was an early flood, but the rise of the water at Assouan up to the 8th of August was nothing uncommon. It was when it reached the gauge of 17 pics on the 14th, higher than the *maximum* since the year 1879, that we had reason to expect an unusual flood, and the anxiety began to be general. To moderate the floods in Lower Egypt the basins of Esneh and Keneh were ordered to be opened on the 10th of August. The great Sohagieh Canal in Gergeh was opened on the 13th. On the 21st the gauge at Assouan began to fall, but this check in the flood, which is an event of yearly occurrence, only lasted a week. Again it rose, and attained its *maximum* of 17 pics 21 kirats on the 1st of September. Then came 12 days of gradual fall, four days of rise, and after that a steady fall. But it was not till the 22nd that the gauge had fallen to 17 pics, which might be considered the point of danger, 21 kirats or 47 certimetres below the *maximum.*

Usually it may be calculated that a rise or fall in the Nile at Assouan is felt at Cairo about 11 days after; but during the floods no such calculation is possible. The greater volume once attained travels with greater velocity; but as the river rises the basins of Upper Egypt begin to be filled, thereby reducing the discharge, while later on as the river falls the basins begin to empty back into the river, so that not unfrequently a second rise occurs at Cairo while the gauge at Assouan is steadily declining. Previous to 1884 we had in Cairo the great advantage of a daily Nile telegram from Khartoum and Berber to tell us of the progress of the floods 25 days before they reached Assouan (distance about 1,800 kilometres). That is, of course, now lost, and the furthest southern point from which we had news was Wady Halfa, whence the officer commanding the forces kindly sent us daily information. The flood took 2½ days to four days to travel from Wady Halfa to Assouan. But we had frequent interruptions to our telegrams. The posts placed on the embankments throughout Upper Egypt naturally fell when the embankment was carried away, and even when the latter stood the earth became sometimes so saturated with water as to be unable to hold up the posts.

By the 31st of August the basins of Esneh and Keneh were full, and began to be reduced, beginning with the upper ones. On the 3rd of September great pressure was felt in the Samhud basin of Keneh, and of necessity was partially opened into the next basin belonging to Girgeh Province, somewhat upsetting the calculations of the inspector in charge. The Abu Khadiga embankment of the great Koshesha basin, south of Wasta, had been left since 1885 with a breach, 30 metres, wide into the Nile, and the water from the river continued to flow into this up to the 26th of September, when the surface level in the river stood at 27·24. After that the flood, coming down the Bahr Yusuf and discharging from the basins, turned the scale, and the water began to flow back into the Nile through the breach.

Then began the problem of emptying the basins that from the whole valley of Upper Egypt in such a manner as not to aggravate the dangers of inundation in Lower Egypt.

On the 29th of September the Assouan gauge had fallen to 16 pics; it was then thought safe freely to empty the basins. The Sohag Canal head was closed on the 4th and 5th of October. On the 7th the water surface in the Koshesha basin above Lahoun bridge stood as high as 27·55, and on the long railway bridge near the Abu Kadiga dam at 27·36. In the river outside it stood at 26·83. The bank was then freely cut through south of Nasri bridge, and the water allowed to flow off as fast as it could. Major Ross, Inspector-General of Irrigation, and Captain Brown, in charge at Minieh, had so well calculated their dates that the emptying of the basins only for one day (October) 14-15) checked the steady subsidence of the flood at Roda, and did not raise the water surface at all.

But it was long before the water subsided. As late as the 20th of October the water surface above the barrage was 17 metres above sea level, which is well above the ordinary flood level, and the effects of this long flood were serious. Earthen embankments strong enough to bear a few days' extreme pressure became at last saturated with water, and succumbed. The water, too, slowly percolating through the soil, appeared frequently before the flood was ended in depressions at some distance from the river, where unwholesome swamps formed and destroyed the cotton crop.

As already remarked, it has been impossible to get any full accounts of former Nile floods. As far as we can learn, the food never before attained the level of 18 metres on the gauge above the barrage (recorded since 1846) without there being disastrous inundation.

In 1887 the flood rose to 18·31 on the barrage gauge, and no breach occurred throughout Lower Egypt. The result of this was that the flood, having found no vent for escape beyond its banks, assumed graver proportions as it advanced.

THE SUNDERBUND HOUSES OF REFUGE.

A search party, to visit the Houses of Refuge, left Calcutta on Monday, in the Port Commissioner's steamer Research, under the charge of Commander W. D. Waller. Mr. J. B. Le Patourel, a retired Branch Pilot, also goes with the expedition, and will doubtless render valuable aid, should it be required, having had a lengthened experience in connexion with these Houses and the sea face of the Sunderbunds. The party will, as usual, probably have to replenish the stores, or most of them, which are so ruthlessly stolen or destroyed by native wood cutters. Year after year, ropes and clothing are taken away, and the traphatches are left open, so that swarms of rats have free access to the biscuit tanks, and to the water tanks too. The Government have long looked in vain for any remedy, and the police seem powerless to cope with the evil, so that things must be left to the chance capture of some of these men, who thus rob the shipwrecked of the means of bare subsistance. The Research goes liberally supplied with a fresh stock of tinned provisions, biscuits, and stores to replenish the lockers.

The Deputy River Conservator, Lieutenant E. W. Petley, R. N., is to be congratulated on the improvements he has made in many matters connected with these Refuges. He has arranged the shoots and spouts so that not a drop of rain water is allowed to run waste from the house tops until after the tanks are filled to overflowing, so that in the event of the thieves,helping themselves, the chances are that there will always be water sufficient for the support of those who unfortunately have to resort to the Houses of Refuge. He has also provided means of carrying water if the castaways desire to move off towards distant villages, &c, by supplying the Houses with earthen bottles worked round for protection from breakage by coir sennet. Another addition which that gentleman has made cannot but be of great aid to those who seek the shelter of the Houses. At present, these Houses are only provided with a clumsy catamaran—three logs of wood lashed together—which takes eight or nine men to even move, but the Research takes down a pretty little punt, sculls and all complete, for each House—boats which one man can haul down to the water. These punts will be triced up under the Houses ready for immediate use, either for the sea face, or in the smooth water to leeward, if need be; they are so light and handy. It is to be hoped that, with all these extra appliances and facilities for making a move, castaways, (as pilots Ewin and Allan were in June, 1882), will not be obliged to remain cooped up, gradually starving to death and famished for want of water, for seven days in a Refuge House, crusting to a chance of succour coming, and without the means of getting away from their rat and tiger beleaguered prison—*Englishman.*

Floriline!—For the Teeth and Breath—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of 33, Farringdon-road, London.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
Indian Banks.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	7 pct.	347½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	895
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	745
Exchange Bank.					
Agra Bank	10,000	£	£	6 do.	115
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	80,000	100 $125	all	17½ do.	£49
National Bank of India	37,320	250		5 pct.	130

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	—	—	£160
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	—	£100	—	—	£161

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 10	1,100
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,060
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co.	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	2,025

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000 / 750	200 / 200	200 / 150	10 p.ct	200 / 154
Badham Pile & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	167
Bapty Co., Ld.	325		185	Rs. 14	48
Bombay Land & Buildg Co., Ld. (In Liqdn.)		500	100	2-3p.c	100
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c	800
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	100
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	...	94
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	Rs. 135	3,075
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	Rs. 33½	770
Bombay Municipal Bonds	—	—	—	5 p.c.	105
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500	—	510
Cooper, Madon & Co. Ld.	3,000	00	100	Rs. 10	67½
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	41
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	9¼
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		9
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	500	256	250	...	150
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	373
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	30	100	Rs. 10	97
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.ct	80
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	101xd
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	120
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p. s	17
Pearse and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 1	40
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1,000	R 19	352½
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	p.c.	118
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	9 p.c.	85
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	25	25	Rs. 2	8
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 100	1,290
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	200
Western India Flour Mills	000	125	125	nil	40
M. Mody & Co	1,000	200		D	160
Berars Oil Mills Co., Ld.	1,250	00	All	—	90

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,275
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	840
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	245
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	215
Breul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld	0	200	200	Rs. 16	110xd
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	125	125	Rs. 15	180
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	5?5
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	0	300	300	12	105
East India Press Co.	0	,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,190
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ld.	400	250	...	...	265
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 60	1,475
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	500
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	400
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	210	450	all	Rs. 45	350
Manmar Manfg. Co	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	200
Mercantile Press	1,500	150	125	Rs. 5	70
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	405
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	Rs. 60	545
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	82½
Prince of W. Press	600	500	100	Rs. 3	300
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 70	440xd
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	450
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,225
Sassoon Press Co.	800	500	500	25	500
Volkart Press Co.	605	1,000	1,000	P	630
South well stn.	1 000				30

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	1,308	1,000	1,000	...	1,375
Albert Edward Mills Co., Ld.		00	500	Rs. 25	450
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 4	170
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	335
Ahmedabad Ginning & M. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	..	—
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	585
Bellary S. & W. Mill, Ld.	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	520
Bombay Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	660	500	500	Rs. 20	350
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	870
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	..	150
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	500	500	Rs. 0	1,025
City of Bombay Mf'g. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 52	980
Colaba Land & Mill Co., Ld.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 30	775
Connaught Mills Co., Ld.	840	500	500	Rs. 25	660
Cocria S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	585
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,600	500	350	Rs. 500	505
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,050
Empress S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,415½	500	500	Rs. 2	760
Framjee Petit S. and Mf'g. Co., Ld.	,350	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	620
Gordon S. & Mf'g. Co. Ld.	9,700	150	150	..	180
Goolam Baba S. & W. Co., Limited	2,000	500	500	..	300
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limite		1,000	1,000	..	...
Guzerat S. & W. Co., Limited	420	1,000	1,000	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	772½xd
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	660
Hinganghat Mill Co., Limited.	700	575	500	Rs. 37½	720 / 625
Hyderabad Deccan S. & W. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	770
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,280
Imperial Cotton Mills Co., Limited	1,360	500	500	Rs. 25	575
Jamshed Mfg. Co., Limited	1,600	25	25	Rs. 15	310
James Greaves Mill Co., Limited	1,320	500	500	Rs. 25	675
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	600	500	50		420
Increased	1,483	25	25	Rs. 14	
Jubilee Mill Co., Ld.	466	1,000	200	—	
Jewraj Balloo S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,117½
Khandesh S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700
Khattow Makanjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	690
Lukhmidas Khimjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 6	970
Leopold S. Bleaching & Mfg. Co. Ld	3,500	0	100	Rs. 5	144
Madras United S. and W. Mills Co., Ld.	500½		1,000	Rs. 125	2,075xd
Mahaluxmi S. & W. Co. Ld.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	500
Mazagon S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 8	160
Morarjee Goculdas S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,510
Maneckjee Petit Mfg. Co., Limited	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,302½
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg. Co., Limited	1,300	10	100		10
Nawab of Baila S. W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250		...
New Great Eastern S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,[illegible]	1,000	Rs. 40	740
National S. & W. Co., of India, Limited	600	1,000	1,000	...	405
Oriental S. & W. Co., Limited	5,720		625	Rs. 25	550
People of India S. & Mfg. Co., Limited	1,000	50	250	Rs. 6½	110
Presidency Mills Co., Limited	743	1,000	1,000	...	1,000
Prince of Wales S. & Mfg. Co., Limited	2,189		125	...	72½
Queen S. & W. Co., Limited	799	1,000	1,000	Rs 80	1,050
Ripon Mfg. Co. Ld.	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,020
Sasson S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	...	1,500
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	500	500	...	300
Sholapore S. & W. Co Ld.		10	,000	Rs. 55	1,190
Soonderdas S. & W. Mill Co., Ld.	650	1,000	1,006	Rs. 30	600
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	...	260
Swadeshi Mills Co. Ld	4,000	500	500	...	405
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 20	400
Veramgaum S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	800	500	500	...	..
Western India S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	—	—	670

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	100 3-16
Four-and-a-half per cent.	106
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	107
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House R te	..
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872	..
Paris Municipal Loan	215
Port Trust Bonds	95½

CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL.

CALCUTTA, Saturday, May 12, 1888.

BANKS AND FINANCIAL COMPANIES.

STOCKS.	Paid Rs.	½ years Divd.	
Agra Pressing Co.	100	......	...
Agricultural Phosphates	100	y 10 p.ct	25
Alipore Coal Co.	100	5 p. ct.	103
Arakan Oil Co.	Rs. 9	......	Nml.
Bally Paper Mills Co.	£10	5 p. ct.	170
Barnagore Jute Factory	£10	y 5 p.ct.	91
Bengal Coal Co.,	1000	6 p. ct.	1,585
B. Baragunda Copper (preference A shares)	£15	......	16
Do. Deferred B Shares	£1	......	8½
Bengal Ice Manfg. Co.	100	nil.	89
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	£100	7½ p.ct.	1,600
Do. Silk Co., Ld.	100	y nil.	50
Do. Telephone Co.	100	$8 p. ct.	50
Bonded Warehouse	445	Rs 11p.sh	280
Bowreah Cotton Mills	100	3 p. ct.	65
Budge-Budge J. Mills	80	5	87
Burrakur Coal Co.	100	15 p. ct.	170
Calcutta Central Press	100	y 15 p.ct.	105
Calcutta Hydraulic	100	nil.	96
Do. Steam Co.	100	6 p. ct.	116
Do. Tramways Co.	£10	3 p. ct.	100
Camperdown P. Co., Ld.	100	8 p.ct.	115
Canal Press Co.	100	nil.	81
Carew & Co., Ld. (Sugar)	100	3 p. ct.	98
Cawnpur Cotton Mills Co.	100	5 p. ct.	105
Do. Woollen Mills	50	5 p. ct.	61
Chitpur Hydraulic P.	100	nil.	83
Crown Brewery Musuri	100	y 8 p. ct.	120
Crystal Ice Co., Ld.	100	nil.	110
Darjeeling Himalayan Ry. Co.	100	6 p. ct.	121
Do. & K. Hotel Co.	100	......	50
Deoghur Ry. Co., Ld.	100	2 p. ct.	92
Do. Mining Co., Ld.	10	......	
Dunbar Cotton Mills	100	nil.	45
Egerton Woollen Mills Co., Ld.	100	2 p. ct.	85
Empress Ind Cotton Co., Ld.	500	4 p. ct.	355
Equitable Coal Co., Ld.	250	3 p. ct.	232
Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing.	100	nil.	63
Gobra Tannery Co., Ld.	100	nil.	80
Goosery Cotton Mills	200	5 p. ct.	200
Gouripore Co., Ld.	100	4 p. ct.	121
Great Eastern Hotel	100	2 p. ct.	80
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld.	75	nil.	75
Howrah Docking Co.	500	Rs.5 p.sh.	110
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	100	6 p. ct.	112
India G. S. N. Co., Ld.	100	3 p. ct.	91
Kamerhatty Jute Mills	50	5 p. ct.	119
Kangra V. S. Co., Ld.	100	6 p. ct.	110
Kanknarrah C.	59	nil.	55
Lahore Tramway Co.	100	......	111
Landing & Shipping Co.	100	4 p. ct.	68
Lyell & Co., Ld., Allahabad	100	y 10 p. ct.	90
Morrison E. & Co., Naini Tal	100	......	60
Muir Mills Co., Cotton	200	7 p. ct.	286
Murree Brewery Co., Ld.	100	y 12 p. ct.	155
Naini Tal Brewery Co., Ld.	100	y 12 p. ct.	125
Nasmyth's Pat. Press	100	nil.	88
New Beerbhoom Coal	100	6 p. ct.	122
Orissa Coasting S. N.	75	nil.	50d
Planters Stores and Agency Co., Ld.	£10	4 p. ct.	£11
Rajmahal Stone Co.	100	y5 p. ct.	75
Ramkistopore Press	100	nil.	36
Raneegunge Coal Asn.	100	y5 p. ct.	60
Riverside Press Co.	100	nil.	60
R. Scott Thomson & Co.	500	2 p. ct.	245
Scindia Paper Mills Co.	£1	......	Nml.
Do. Vendors Shares	£1	......	Nml.
Seebpore Jute Manfg.	100	nil.	88
Strand Bank Press Co.	100	nil.	64
Tarkessur Railway Co.	100	4 p. ct.	120
Titaghur Paper Mills	100	5 p. ct.	120
Union Jute Co., Ld.	75	16 p. ct.	175
Watson's Patent Press	100	5 p. ct.	100

TEA COMPANIES' SHARES.

Adulpore Terai (Darij.)	100	nil. *a*	30
Amicable (Assam)	100	...	Lqdn.
Amluckie	100	8 p. ct. *a*	70
Arcuttipore (Cachar)	100	7 p. ct. *a*	70
Assam Company	£20	5 ad.-int.	530
Baintbarrie Tea Co., Ld.	100	nil *a*	100
Balasun (Darjeeling)	100	8 p. ct.	90
Bengal (Cachar)	100	2 p. ct. *a*	50
Do. contributory	80	2 p. ct. *a*	40
Bishnath (Assam)	200	13p. ct. *a*	200
Do. contributory	100	13p. ct. *a*	100
Borelli (Assam)	£10	5 p. ct.	165
Burkholah (Cachar)	100	3 p. ct.	40
Central (Cachar)	200	6 p. ct. *a*	129
Do. Terai (Darj.)	100	nil. *a*	32
Chandypore (Cachar)	100	nil. *a*	40
Cherra (Cachar)	£10	......	50
Chota Nagpore	100	nil. *a*	18
Chumta Tea Co.	100	2 p. ct. *a*	18
Cocheela (Cachar)	100	nil. *a*	22
Cuttecherra (Cachar)	100	nil. *a*	100
Darg. Tea & Cinchona	100	12 p. ct.	88
Dehing (Assam)	90	4 p. ct. *a*	45
Dehra Doon	100	4 p. ct. *a*	45
Dejoo (Assam)	£10	4½p. ct.	110
Dessai & Parbutia (Assam)	100	5ad.-int. *a*	69
Dhunsiri	100	nil. *a*	95
Doom Dooma, Ordinary	£10	6 p. ct.	136
Do. do. A	£10	8 p. ct. *a*	156
Do. do. B	£10	6 p. ct. *a*	168
Durrung (Assam)	100	6 p.ct.	54
Eastern Cachar	100	nil. *a*	30
East India Assam & Cachar	100	3 p. ct.	44
Endogram (Cachar)	£10	......	Nm
Gielle (Darjeeling)	100	6 p. ct.	69
Good Hope Tea Co.	100	38 p. ct.	190
Goomtee Tea	100	nil. *a*	93
Gowhatty (Assam)	100	......	Lqdn.
Grob (Assam)	100	nil. *a*	17
Gyabaree (Darjeeling)	97½	nil. *a*	45
Holta (Kangra)	100	5 p. ct. *a*	51
Hoolmaree (Assam)	100	15 p. ct.	108
Hoolungorie (Assam)	100	3 p. ct. *a*	50
Hopetown	100	6 p. ct. *c*	100
Do. contributory	100	5 p. ct. *c*	100
Hotewar (Chota Nagpore)	100	... ..	100
Hunwal (Assam)	210	3 p. ct *a*	100
Indian Terai	500	7 p. ct. *a*	450
Iringmara (Cachar)	100	5 ad int.	100
Jetinga Val (Cachar)	100	7½p. ct. *a*	65
Jhanzie Tea Assn., Ld.	£5	4ad.-int. *a*	92
Jinglam Darjeeling	100	nil. *a*	93
Jokai (Assam)	£10	5ad.-int. *a*	170
Kalacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. *a*	30
Kamptie Gwallie (Assam)	100	5 p. ct.	par
Khobong (Assam) A	100	10 p. ct. *a*	105
Do. do. B	100	4 p. ct. *a*	105
Kornafuli (Chittg.)	60	5 p. ct.	52
Kousanie	100	......	Nml.
Kunchunpore (Cachar)	100	nil. *a*	13
Kurseong & Darjeeling	250	4 p. ct. *a*	118
Do. contributory	200	4 p. ct. *a*	98
Kuttal (Cachar)	100	16 p. ct. *a*	210
Lakatoora (Sylhet)	100	3½p. ct. *a*	35
Leesh River (W. Dooars)	£10	4 p. ct. *a*	par.
Longview (Dar.)	100	3½p. ct. *a*	59
Loobah	100	12p. ct. *a*	120
Lower Assam	£7½	nil. *c*	5
Do. Darjeeling	100	nil. *c*	Nml.
Luckimpore, Assam	£10	6 p. ct.	60
Majagram (Cachar)	100	nil. *a*	20
Mesai Tea Co.	100	12 p. ct. *a*	101
Mim Tea Co.	100	12 p. ct.	83
Mohurgung Tea Co.	100	4 p. ct. *a*	40
Monacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. *a*	25
Do. contributory	90	nil. *a*	22
Moran, Assam	80	nil.	30d.
Mothola, Assam	100	8 p. ct.	110
Do. contributory	90	8ad. int.	100
Munjha (Darjg. Tea)	100	nil.	30
Mungledye, Assam Tea	£10	nil.	...
New Gola Ghat, Assam	£10	......	Lqdn.
New Mutual (Cachar)	30	18 p. ct. *a*	100
North Western Cachar	100	nil.	32
Phœnix of (Cachar)	85	3 p. ct. *c*	30
Pankabaree (Darjg.)	100	nil. *a*	56
Pashok (Darjeeling)	100	6 p. ct. *a*	94
Phoolbaree Tea C., Ld.	100	8 p. ct.	70
Puttareah (Sylhet)	100	nil. *c*	40
Rajabaree (Assam)	100	7 p. ct. *a*	70
Ring Tong (Darjg.)	100	nil. *a*	38
Rungamatee (Cachar)	100	4 p. ct.	25
Runglee Rungliot	100	15 p. ct.	115
Sapakati Tea Co.	100	7 p. ct. *a*	103
Second Mutual, Cachar	56	10 p. ct.	4-5d
Second Fallodhi	100	5 p. ct. *a*	40
Selim Tea Co., Ld.	100	nil.	30
Singbulli & Murmah	100	7 p. ct.	86
Singell (Darjeeling)	100	2p. ct. *a*	56
Singlo Tea Co.	100	......	100
Singtom Tea Co., Ld.	100	8 p. ct.	108
Soom (Darjeeling)	100	7 p. ct. *a*	80
Springside (Darjeeling)	100	7 p. ct.	65
Sungoo River (Chittg.)	100	nil. *a*	16
Teendarrea (Darjg.)	100	3 p. ct. *a*	40
Teesta Valley (Darjg.)	100	10 ad.int.	105
Ting Ling (Darjeeling)	100	5 ad. int.	106
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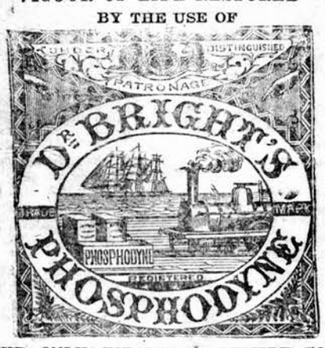
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CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I.

WESTERN INDIA: PAST AND PRESENT—Changes in Western India—Bombay not Founded Desperadoes—The Merchant of the Olden Time—His Wealth altogether Fabulous—Child and Oxeden—Matters now more Fairly Adjusted.

CHAPTER II.

CAVE TEMPLES OF WESTERN INDIA—Visitors in Past Times—Karli, Elephanta, &c.—Monk Manner of Life—Kylas—How Caves Disappear—Decay of Ancient Faiths.

CHAPTER III.

BOMBAY CASTLE—Area—Weighing Book—Dr. Wills, Amour—Captain Crabb—Dungeons—Big Bell.

CHAPTER IV.

MALABAR HILL—Walkeshwar—Lord of Sand—Old Temple—Stone of Regeneration—The Hill in 1842—Pilgrims in the Olden Time—Lady Falkland—View from Cape Bombaim.

CHAPTER V.

BOMBAY CATHEDRAL—Oxenden's Design—Child's Malversation—Opening Day, 1718—Skirting the Bangor—Associations—Tombs—Laus Deo.

CHAPTER VI.

AUNGIER'S CONVENTION—Facts of Land Question—Nature of Convention—Bombay a Seat of Commerce and Industrial Enterprise—Our Feudal Superiority—The Land of Bombay—Population at Different Times—Earth Hunger.

CHAPTER VII.

BOMBAY CIRCA, 1839—No Man's Land—Passage Out—Gastronomy in 1839—Europe Shops—Country Houses—Law, Justice and Police—Subjects of Conversation—Bombay Hunt and Races—Commercial Enterprise—Men of the Time.

CHAPTER VIII.

SIR CHARLES JAMES NAPIER, G.C.C.—Napier a Bombay Man—Portrait—Hard Riding—Wellington and Napier—The mother of the Devil—McMurdo of the Bloody Hand—Acquisition of Sind—Hard Times—Fame and Fortune—A Good Hater—His Contemporaries—Swearing at Large—Cardinal Points—Et Carolus.

CHAPTER IX.

A—Sterne—Abbé Raynal—Eliza's Tomb—Daniel Draper—Mrs. James Eliza's Letters—Donald Campbell of Barbreck—James Forbes' Account—A Ball in Apollo Street, 1772—The Destroying Angel of Belvidere—Ladies of the Period.

CHAPTER X.

HILL CLIMBING, EAST AND WEST—Ben Nevis—Kilts and Calves—Ben Lawers in Enclesia—View from Ben Nevis—A Boulder in Motion—Heat in India—Dodging the Sun, Khandalla Gorge.

CHAPTER XI.

BOMBAY HARBOUR—Sagargad—Kolaba Fort—Chaul—Francis Xavier—The Prongs—Old Woman's Island—Commodore James—Butcher's Island—Hog Island—Sion's Desolation—Bassein—The Bombay Islands.

CHAPTER XII.

ANGLO-INDIAN GHOSTS—Lord Brougham—Henry Salt—Warren Hastings—Probable Ghosts at Surat—The Dapoorie Ghost—Colonel Wallace's Ghost—Bombay Mint Ghost—Spirits from the Vasty Deep.

CHAPTER XIII.

ELEPHANTA—Cloaca Maximæ—Big Snake at Elephanta—Tiger at Mazagon—Who made Elephanta—Decay—Henry Salt—Gibbon and Robertson—Death of Genera Pimble.

CHAPTER XIV.

THOMAS CORYAT—Arrival at Surat—His Travels—Christmas, 161 Death—Biographical—Personal—Fame—Desire Travelling—Defects—Did he know Shakespeare Conclusion.

CHAPTER XV.

A FORGOTTEN GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY—Sir William Medows—The Bombay of 1789—Antecedents—Jovial Times at Parel—Harris and Medows—Seringapatam—Brothers in Arms.

CHAPTER XVI.

A COIN—The Rupee—Sir Richard Temple—India Sink Precious Metals—Gold Mines in India—Ancien Indian Coins—Forgeries—The Famine of 1876.

CHAPTER XVII.

HOW THE MUTINY WAS AVERTED IN BOMBAY—Forjett, Gunga Pursad, Lord Elphinstone Brownie o Blednoch—Mutineers Executed.

CHAPTER XVIII.

RAMLEH RECOLLECTIONS—Ramleh in 1850—Aboukir—Norman Macleod—M Briggs of Punch—Mohamed Ali—Mahimudey a Canal—The National Party.

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DR. DE ROOS' CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.

THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is here offered to the world; and the pleading results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, all corroborate the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone, new life has been imparted to numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of their mental and bodily powers—in thorough good health—who previously were confirmed hypochondriacs, had been given up by the faculty as incurable and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.

This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength to the most shattered constitutions. It not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting strength and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, whilst for dyspeptic persons it is unrivalled. Those who (from long residence in hot climates) suffer from langour and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indigo should provide themselves with this important article on health.

Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine, for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and through the organs of digestion renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lassitude and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the whole corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn of declining years, and in all cases, calmly and serenely protract the close of life. For females of all ages, as also for delicate children who cannot take cod-liver oil, the Guttæ Vitæ will be found a great boon—being far superior in its strengthening properties, and at the same time so pleasant to the palate that it can hardly be called a medicine. To married persons, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity for exertion. Price, 11s. and 33s. per bottle. The large size contains sufficient for four weeks.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURES, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are justly celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder and diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally.

These celebrated Pills are an infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone many thousands are annually restored to health and the agonies of gout and rheumatism may now be considered a voluntary affliction as no one need suffer these excruciating torments if they will only have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific; whilst for weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages 1s., 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s.

DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

Are the most wonderful Pills in the World for all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. They do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harrassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the Vegetable Kingdom, may be taken with the utmost safety by the most delicate of either sex.

Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them, and never leave home without them; an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two which, if allowed to run its course for a few days would probably prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

Every package of Dr. De Roos' preparations bears the British Government Stamp with the words—"WALTER DE ROOS, London," in White Letters on a Red Ground, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners, without which none can possibly be genuine. DR. DE ROOS world-famed medicines may be obtained of all the principal Merchants in India.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labels thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO., HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.

ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE CENEESES.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment on BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., preferring that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. Twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Esplanade Road Fort.

NOTICES.

Just Published. Post free for 12 one-anna stamps.

A NEW MEDICAL WORK ON MARRIAGE. By a Physician of many years practice. A practical guide to young men before entering the wedded state; with plain instructions for the speedy removal of all disqualifications and impediments which too often debar happiness therein; it also treats on the cause of premature decline, loss of manhood, nervous debility, lassitude, shyness, incapacity for study or business, distaste for society, and the numberless infirmities resulting from youthful errors or excesses of adult life, together with the highly successful and thoroughly safe mode of treatment, whereby sufferers may speedily be restored to health and happiness.—Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W. C.



ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes; 4s. 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

PROPRIETORS,
LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY,
LINCOLN, ENGLAND,
EXPORT AGENTS,

BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES and Co., Coleman-street, London.
NEWBERY and SONS, 37, Newgate-street, London.
BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon-street, London.
SANGER and SON, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY.

SMITH, STANISTREET and Co.; BATHGATE and Co., Calcutta.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

TREACHER and Co.; BOLTON and Co.

AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

BARBIÉ Co.; DE BEAUX and Co.; SCOTT MASCURINE and Co.

AGENTS FOR RANGOON.

THE RANGOON MEDICAL HALL.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

OVERWHELMING TESTIMONY ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOTTLE PROVING THIS TO BE THE GREATEST MEDICINE EVER DISCOVERED.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kind, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cure Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS Read the following:—

"North-street, Audenshaw (near Manchester), "January 10, 1882.

"It affords me great pleasure to add my testimony of the wonderful effects of your Blood Mixture, which has cured me of a very bad ulcerated foot and ankle. I had four wounds which prevented me following my occupation for four years, during which time I have been in five different infirmaries and under fifteen different doctors. I was at last induced to try your Blood Mixture, and after taking three small bottles I was able to go to work, and by the time I had taken nine or ten bottles I was completely cured. Make whatever use you like of this, for the benefit of other sufferers.—I am, yours respectfully, "JOHN WILLIAMS."

Sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. By ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

PROPRIETORS,
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY,
LINCOLN, ENGLAND,
TRADE MARK BLOODMIXTURE.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 16
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	„ 29	Half-yearly	„ 34
Quarterly	„ 16	Quarterly	„ 20
Monthly	„ 6	Monthly	„ 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

SINGLE COPY ..... As. 4

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5
Second do.	„ 2
Third do.	„ 2
Fourth and succeeding insertions	2 As.

Nine lines but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per line
Second do.	4½ „ „
Third and succeeding	2½ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for considerable time special contracts may be made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situation Wanted, or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings, a Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1-
Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one rupee, and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY EDITION

TO SUBSCRIBERS

In Bombay.		Up-country.	
Per Annum	Rs. 12	Per Annum	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	„ 6	Half-yearly	„ 7
Quarterly	„ 3	Quarterly	„ 3

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 1
Half-yearly	„ 0
Quarterly	„ 3

BOMBAY GAZETTE WEEKLY BUDGET.

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	„ 6
Quarterly	„ 3

CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittance, should be made payable to the "Proprietors" of the *Bombay Gazette*.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.'S CAMPAIGN WATCHES

Are now sold at the following greatly Reduced Prices :—

	Rs.
H. qly., Metal open-face keyless lever ...	16
„ Metal hunting keyless lever ...	17
„ Metal cut hunting keyless lever ..	18
„ Silver open-face keyless lever ...	28
„ Silver hunting keyless lever ...	29
„ Silver cut hunting keyless lever .	30

Guarantee One Year.

	Rs.
I. qly, Metal open-face keyless lever ...	20
„ Metal hunting keyless lever ...	21
„ Metal cut hunting keyless lever...	22
„ Fine silver open-face keyless lever.	35
„ Fine silver hunting keyless lever.	38
„ Fine Silver cut hunting keyless lever	40

Superior Works, Guarantee 3 Years.

Over 10 years have elapsed since we introduced our **Celebrated Keyless Campaign Watches,** and the unparallelled success they have obtained in India is shown by their rapidly increasing sale and by the numerous imitations which the popularity of a special and reputed article always brings forth. However, those imitations, in what number they may be found, are still all of them far inferior in every particular to our well-known CAMPAIGN WATCHES, which stand unrivalled in the market, and which we mean to improve still—if it is possible to improve what we might call already a perfection.



In Open-face Case, Rs. 16 & 20

All our Watches are made in our **Steam Factory** in **Switzerland,** carefully examined and tested there, and again in our **Establishment** at **Bombay** before leaving. Sold either in **small or middle size.**

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.,

BOMBAY, RAMPART ROW.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE



In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

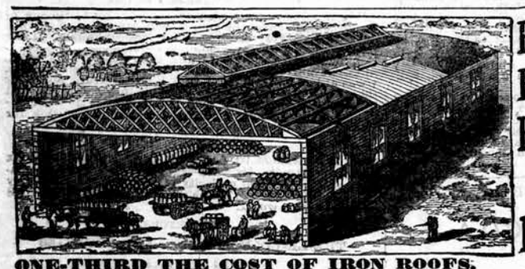


MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

N.B. ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
„ KEMP & Co., Bombay.



FELT ! FELT ! FELT ! for Roofing Go-downs, &c.



ONE-THIRD THE COST OF IRON ROOFS.
MUCH COOLER. LASTS FAR LONGER.
CONSTRUCTION MOST SIMPLE.
THOROUGHLY WATER-PROOF.
THIS FELT IS A PERFECT NON-CONDUCTOR OF HEAT.

M'TEAR & Co., Limited,
Roofing Felt Manufacturers, BELFAST, GREAT BRITAIN.
Manufacturers also of Felt for Coating Boilers, Steam Pipes, &c.

"MOLLISCORIUM"

For Softening, Preserving and Waterproofing
HARNESS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c.,
ALSO FOR OILING CARRIAGE AXLES.

HARNESS COMPOSITION,

For Nourishing the Leather and producing a Brilliant Polish.

BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

For Maintaining a Beautiful Black.

May be ordered through any House in the Trade, either here or in the United Kingdom.
VANNER & PREST, Manufacturers and Patentees, London.

KNAP'S PATENT IMPROVED

ROOT STEAM BOILER

WITH

KNAP'S PATENT INDESTRUCTIBLE METALLIC JOINTS.

Advantages:

PERFECT SAFETY from disastrous explosions.

DRY STEAM produced very quickly.

HIGH PRESSURES up to 300 lbs. per square inch safely obtained.

ABSENCE of PRIMING.

PERFECT CIRCULATION of the Water in Tubes, preventing the Accumulation of Scale.

THE JOINTS last as long as the Boiler, and are easily made and disconnected.



Advantages:

SIMPLICITY of construction.

DURABILITY.

FACILITY of Erection and Repairs.

ECONOMY in **FUEL.** Will burn wood or any combustible rubbish.

They have a **PERFECT JOINT—NO MORE PERISHABLE PACKINGS,** with their constant leakage and frequent need of replenishment.

FOR EXPORT TO THE COLONIES they are especially serviceable by reason of the small cubical contents of packages.

FOR TRANSPORT through mountainous districts they are unrivalled. The Largest Boiler can be packed so that no package exceeds 150 lbs.

KNAP'S PATENT INDESTRUCTIBLE METALLIC JOINTS admit of the unequal expansion of the Tubes, and thereby prevent any leakage of the Joints. We have the sole use of this Patent.

PENNEY & CO., LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

THE "WATERBURY"

Rs. 8-8. PERFECT TIME-KEEPER. **Rs. 8-8.**

WHAT THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS OF GREAT BRITAIN SAY OF THE "WATERBURY."

The WATCHMAKER (London) says :—"Guaranteed to give a maximum of results in time-keeping at a minimum of cost."
The MANCHESTER EXAMINER says :—"A splendid time-keeper."
The MANCHESTER COURIER says :—"They are admirable time-keepers."
The BIRMINGHAM POST says :—"Keeps accurate time, and is a good-looking and handy watch."
The GLASGOW HERALD says :—"A good time-keeper.'
The GLASGOW CITIZEN says :—"A good time-keeper.'
The LEEDS MERCURY says :—"Keeps excellent time."
The SHEFFIELD TELEGRAPH says :—"Never has a better article been produced for the money."
The NEWCASTLE CHRONICLE says :—"A real time-keeper."
The BRISTOL TIMES AND MIRROR says :—"Handsome in appearance, and a marvel of horological mechanism."
The BRISTOL OBSERVER says :—"A surprisingly good watch."
The NORTHERN EVENING EXPRESS says :—"A marvel of cheapness, and a good time-keeper."
The HALIFAX TIMES says :—"A real watch, of good appearance, and which will keep excellent time."

Rs. 8-8.

The EDINBURGH EXPRESS says :—"It keeps time wonderfully."
The PICTORIAL WORLD says :—Our own experience is that the watch is perfectly reliable."
The FREEMAN'S JOURNAL (Dublin) says :—"Serviceable to all. Altogether a capital article.
The DUBLIN EVENING TELEGRAPH says :—"Extremely good time-keepers."
The BELFAST NEWS LETTER says :—"An excellent time-keeper."
The BELFAST NORTHERN WHIG says :—"An excellent and reliable time-keeper."
The WEEKLY TIMES (London) says :—"The famous Waterbury—a favourite all over the world for accuracy and good appearance."

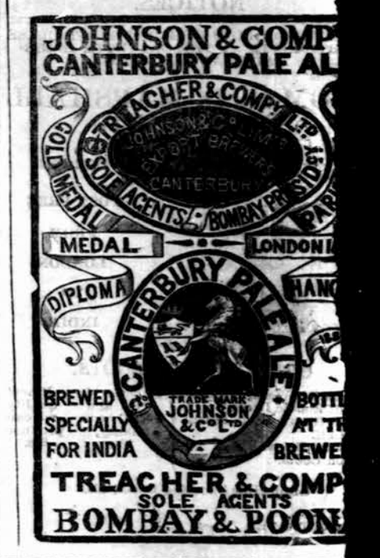
THE WATERBURY WATCH

IS A
KEYLESS (Stem-Winding)
DURABLE
RELIABLE
ACCURATE
TIME-KEEPER.

It runs 28 hours with one winding.
It regulates to a minute a month.
It rarely gets out of order.
It never costs more than One Rupee to repair.
Every Watch is guaranteed for TWO YEARS.

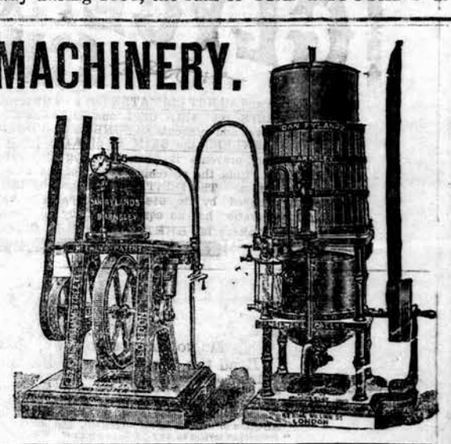
To obtain a Waterbury call at SOUNDY & Co., LD., or at the Office of the Company, 79, Medows Street, or send order by post to WATERBURY, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, or ALLAHABAD, a Watch will be sent by return post free.

The Company will pay the next of kin of any wearer of a WATERBURY WATCH, who may be killed (while a passenger) in an accident on any Indian Railway during 1888, the sum of ONE THOUSAND RUPEES.



SODA WATER MACHINERY.

(McEWEN'S PATENT.)
THE MOST ECONOMICAL and
BEST IN THE WORLD.
SAVES 30 per cent. in Materials.
50 per cent. in Power.
Occupies half the usual space, specially adapted for exportation.



McEWEN'S PATENT
RAPID PARAGON FILLER.
Only Filler which has obtained TWO GOLD MEDALS.
OVER 2,250 ALREADY SOLD
SOLE MAKER—
DAN RYLANDS,
Barnsley, England.
CATALOGUES FREE.

DR FLEMMING'S
QUININE & CAMPHOR
PILLS,

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INDIA
TO CURE
Indigestion: Give Appetite and Tone:
Ward off Fever.
Not an empirical medicine, but from the prescription of an eminent Physician.
Try them! Do not suffer unnecessarily!!!
SOLD IN BOTTLES, 1s. 1½d.
FULL PARTICULARS PUBLISHED FORTNIGHTLY IN THIS PAPER.
A SAFE, MILD, & TONIC
APERIENT.



W. G. BAGNALL, Ltd.
MANUFACTURER
OF
LIGHT RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS,
FOR TOWNS, ESTATES, PLANTATIONS, BRANCH LINES,
PRIVATE PASSENGER LINES FOR NATIVE PRINCES.



As a guarantee of quality, it may be mentioned that W. G. BAGNALL manufactures and supplies these to H.M. Government for use in India, the Soudan, the Suakim-Berber Railway, and in all parts of the world.

Being the ACTUAL MANUFACTURER, lowest prices and reliable and suitable work are ensured.



Mr. W. G. BAGNALL will be glad to enter into correspondence and send full particulars to gentlemen requiring these, or to Merchants and others able to influence business.



W. G. BAGNALL, LTD.
CASTLE ENGINE WORKS, STAFFORD, ENGLAND.

S. & H. HARRIS'S

HARNESS COMPOSITION (Waterproof) IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.	EBONITE BLACKING (Waterproof) FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.
SADDLE PASTE (Waterproof).	JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.
HARNESS LIQUID or Self-shining Jet.	POLISHING PASTE FOR CLEANING METALS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,
Manufactory: 57, MANSELL STREET, LONDON, E.

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY

Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.
"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."
PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.
The Prize Medal, Dublin Exhibition, 1865.
20, GREAT PICHFIELD STREET, LONDON, W.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")
FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.
LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.
Price Rs. 3.8 per Gallon.
PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
ENGELBERT & CO.,
BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.
AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.

Highest Award at International Inventions Exhibiti

RODGERS' PULLEYS

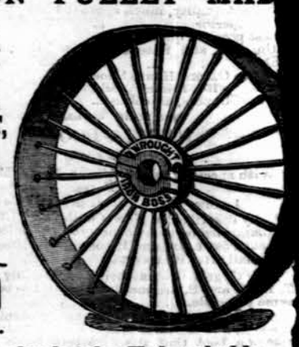
(REGISTERED).
Entirely Wrought-Iron RIM, ARMS, BOSS.
THE ONLY WROUGHT-IRON PULLEY MAD



Any Size up to 24 ft. diameter.

LIGHTEST, STRONGEST, SAFEST, AND BEST PULLEY IN THE WORLD.

60,000 IN USE.



The ONLY Pulley made which is absolutely Unbreakable.

SOLE MAKERS:
HUDSWELL, CLARKE & Co
RAILWAY FOUNDRY, LEEDS.

Used EXCLUSIVELY for driving the Electric Light at the Fisher Health, Inventions, and Colonial and Indian Exhibitions.



Saw Bench, Improved Patent. The very best Saw Bench in the Market.





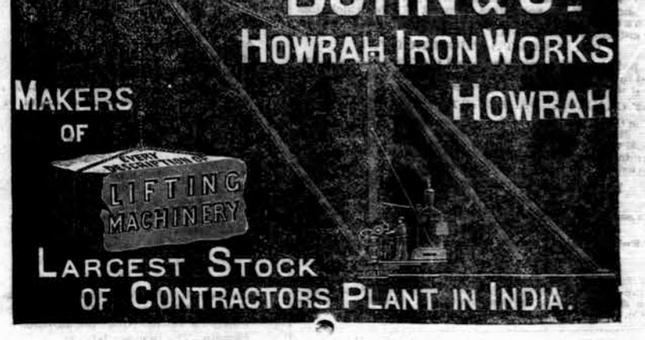
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and every disorder depending on either functional derangement of the Liver, or obstruction of the hepatic or biliary ducts, such as JAUNDICE, INDIGESTION, HEARTBURN, DYSPEPSIA, PAIN IN THE RIGHT SIDE AND SHOULDER, HABITUAL COSTIVENESS, some forms of DIARRHŒA, OFFENSIVE BREATH, BLOTCHES on the SKIN, DEPRESSION AFTER MEALS, DEPRESSION or SPIRITS, NERVOUS AND GENERAL DEBILITY, EMACIATION, WASTING, &c., &c., have their appropriate remedy in

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